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EDITORS:
J. G. ROBINSON AND D. R. LOCKE.

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SHOWERS.

In a valley that I know—
Happy scene!
There are meadows sloping low,
There the fairest flowers blow,
All serene;
But the sweetest thing to see,
If you ask this drooping tree,
Or the harvest-hoping swain,
Is the rain.

Ah, the dwellers of the town,
How they sigh!
How ungratefully they frown
When the cloud-king shakes his crown,
And the pearls come pouring down
From the sky!
They descry no charm at all
Where the sparkling jewels fall,
And each moment of the shower
Seems an hour.

Yet there's something very sweet
In the sight,
When the crystal currents meet
In the dry and dusty street,
And they wrestle with the heat,
In their might!
While they seem to hold a talk,
With the stones along the walk,
And remind them of the rule,
To keep cool:

But in that quiet dell,
Ever fair,
Still the Lord doth all things well,
When his clouds with blessings swell,
And they break a brimming shell,
On the air:
There the shower hath its charms,
Sweet and welcome to the farms,
As they listen to its voice,
And rejoice!

From Ballou's History of Cuba

Stern Justice and Awful Punishment.

During the first year of Tacon's governorship in Cuba, a young Creole girl, named Miralda Estalez, kept a little dry store in the Calle de Mercaderes, and her shop was the resort of all the young men in the town who loved a choicely made and superior cigar. Miralda was only seventeen, with no mother or father living, and earned a humble though sufficient support by her industry in the manufacture we have named, and by the sale of her little store. She was a picture of ripened tropical beauty, with a finely rounded form, a lovely face, of soft, olive tint, and such that a Tuscarora might envy her. At times, there was a dash of languor in her dreamy eye, that would have warmed an anchorite; and then her cheerful jests were so delicate yet free, that she had unwittingly turned the heads, not to say hearts, of half the young merchants in the Calle de Mercaderes. But she dispensed her favors without partiality; none of the rich and gay exquisites of Havana could say they had ever received any particular acknowledgement from the fair young girl to their warm and constant attention. For this one she had a pleasant smile, for another a few words of pleasing gossip, and for a third a snatch of Spanish song; but to none did she give her confidence, except to young Pedro Mantanez, a fine looking boatman, who plied between the Punta and Moro Castle, on the opposite side of the harbor.

Pedro was a manly and courageous young fellow, rather above his class in intelligence, appearance and associations, and pulled his oars with a strong arm and light heart, and loved the beautiful Miralda with an ardor romantic in its fidelity and truth. He was a sort of leader among the boatmen in the harbor, for reason of his superior cultivation and intelligence, and his quick witted sagacity was often turned for the benefit of comrades.—Many were the noble deeds he had done in and about the harbor since a boy, for he had followed his calling of a waterman from boyhood, as his father had done before him. Miralda in turn ardently loved Pedro; and when he came at night and sat in the back part of the little shop, she had always a neat and fragrant cigar for his lips. Now and then, when she could steal away from her shop on some holiday, Pedro would hoist a tiny sail in the prow of his boat, and securing the little stern awning over Miralda's head, would steer into the gulf and coast along the romantic shore.

There was a famous rogue, well known at this time in Havana, named Count Almonte, who had frequently visited Miralda's shop, and conceived quite a passion for the girl, and indeed had grown to be one of her most liberal customers. With a cunning shrewdness and knowledge of human nature, the Count besieged the heart of his intended victim without his appearing to do so, and carried on his plan of operations for many weeks before the innocent girl even suspected a partiality for her, until one day she was surprised by a present from him of so rare and costly a nature as to lead her to suspect the donor's intention at once, and to promptly decline the proffered gift. Undismayed by this, still the Count continued his profuse patronage in the way to which Miralda could find no plausable pretext of complaint.

At last, seizing upon what he considered a favorable moment, Count Almonte declared his passion to Miralda, besought her to come and be the mistress of his broad and rich estates at Teno, near the city, and offered all the promises of wealth, favor, and fortune; but in vain. The pure minded girl scorned his offer, and bade him never more to insult her by entering his shop. Abashed, but not confounded, the Count retired, but only to weave a new snare, whereby he could entangle her, for he was not one to be easily thwarted.

One afternoon, not long after this, as the twilight was settling over the town, a file of soldiers halted just opposite the door of the little cigar shop, when a young man, wearing a Lieutenant's insignia, entered and asked the attendant if her name was Miralda Estelez, to which she timidly responded.

"Then you will please come with me,"

"By what authority" asked the trembling girl.

"First of the Governor General."

"Then I must obey you," she answered, and prepared to lift a thin at once.

"Stepping to the door with her, the young officer directed a short march on, and getting into a volante, told Miralda they would drive to the guard house. But to the surprise of the girl, she soon discovered that they were rapidly passing the city gates, and immediately afterwards were dashing off on the road to Cerito.—Then it was that she began to fear some trick had been played upon her; and these fears were soon confirmed by the volante turning down the long alley of palms that led to the estate of Count Almonte. It was in vain to expostulate now; she felt that she was in the power of the reckless nobleman, and the pretended officers and soldiers were his own people, who had adopted the disguise of the Spanish army uniform.

Count Almonte met her at the door, told her to fear no violence, that her wishes should be respected in all things save her personal liberty; that he trusted, in time, to persuade her to look more favorably upon him, and that on all things he was her slave. She replied coldly, haughtily to his words, and charged him with the cowardly trick by which he had gained control of her liberty. But she was left by herself, though watched by his orders in all times to prevent her escape.

She knew very well that the power and will of Count Almonte were too strong for any humble friend of hers to attempt to thwart, and yet she somehow felt a conscious strength in Pedro, and secretly cherished the idea that he would discover her place of confinement, and adopt some means to deliver her. The stiletto is the constant companion of the lower classes, and Miralda had been used to wear one even in her store against contingency; but she now regarded the tiny weapon with peculiar satisfaction, and slept with it in her bosom.

Small was the clue by which Pedro Mantanez discovered the trick of Count Almonte. First this was found out, then that circumstance, and these being put together they led to other results, until the indefaigable lover was at last fully satisfied, that he had discovered her place of confinement. Disguised as a friar of the order of San Felipe, he sought Count Almonte's gates at a favorable moment, met Miralda, cheered her with fresh hopes, and retired to arrange some plan for her delivery. There was time to think now; heretofore he had not permitted himself even an hour's sleep; but she was safe—that is, not in immediate danger—and he could breathe more freely. He knew not with whom to advise; he feared to speak to those above him in society, lest they might betray his purpose to the Count, and lose even liberty by some means be thus jeopardized. He could only consider with himself; he must be his own counsellor in this critical case.

At last, as if in despair, he started to his feet one day, and exclaimed to himself, "Why not go to head-quarters at once? why not see the Governor-General, and tell him the whole truth? Ah! see him! how is that to be effected? and then this Count Almonte is a nobleman! They say Tacon loves justice. We shall see. I will go to the Governor General; it cannot do any harm, if it does not do any good. I can but try." And Pedro did seek the Governor. True, he did not at once get an audience of him—no the first, nor the second, nor the third time; but he persevered, and was admitted at last. Here he told his story in a firm, manly voice, undisguisedly and open in all things, so that Tacon was pleased.

'And the girl?' asked the Governor General, over whose countenance, a dark cloud had gathered. 'Is she thy sister?'

'No, Excellenza, she is dearer still; she is my betrothed.'

The Governor bidding him come nearer, took a golden cross from his table, and handing it to the boatman, as he regarded him searchingly, said:

'Swear that what you have related to me is true, as you hope for heaven!'

'I swear!' said Pedro, kneeling and kissing the emblem with simple reverence.

The Governor turned to his table, wrote a few lines, and touching a bell, summoned a page from an adjoining room, whom he ordered to send the Captain of the Guard to him. Prompt as were all who had any connection with the Governor's household, the officer appeared at once, and received the written order, with directions to bring Count Almonte and a young girl named Miralda immediately before him. Pedro was sent to an anteroom, and the business of the day passed on as usual in the reception hall of the Governor.

Less than two hours had transpired when the Count and Miralda stood before Tacon. Neither knew the nature of the business which had summoned them there. Almonte half suspected the truth, and the poor girl argued to herself that her fate could not but be improved by the interference, let its nature be what it might.

'Count Almonte, you doubtless know why I have ordered you to appear here.'

'Excellenza, I fear that I have been indiscreet,' was the reply.

'You adopted the uniform of the guards for your own private purposes upon this young girl, did you not?'

'Excellenza, I cannot deny it.'

'Declare upon your honor, Count Almonte, whether she is unharmed whom you have thus kept a prisoner.'

'Excellenza, she is as pure as when she entered beneath my roof,' was the truthful reply.

The Governor turned, and whispered something to his page, then continued his questions to the Count, while for much some minutes upon paper. Pedro was now summoned to explain some matter, and as he entered the Governor General turned his back for the moment, as if to seek for some papers upon his table, while Miralda was pressed in the boatman's arms. It was but for a moment, and the next Pedro was bowing humbly before Tacon. A few moments more, and the Governor's page returned, accompanied by a monk of the church of Santa Clara, with the emblems of his office.

'Holy Father,' exclaimed Tacon, 'you will bind the hands of this Count Almonte and Miralda Estalez, together in the bonds of wedlock!'

'Excellenza!' said the Count in amazement.

'Not a word, Senor,—it is is your part to obey!'

'My nobility, Excellenza!'

'Is forfeited!' said Tacon.

'Count Almonte has too many evidences before his mind's eye of Tacon's mode of administering justice, and he doggedly yielded in silence. Poor Pedro, not daring to speak, was half crazed to see the prize he had so long coveted, thus about to be torn from him. In a few moments the ceremony was performed, the trembling and bewildered girl not daring to thwart the Governor's orders, and the priest declared them husband and wife. The captain of the guard was summoned and dispatched with some written order, and in a few subsequent moments, Count Almonte, completely subdued and broken spirited, was ordered to return to his plantation. Pedro and Miralda were directed to remain in an adjoining apartment to that which had been the scene of this singular procedure. Count Almonte mounted his horse, and with a single attendant soon passed out of the city gates. But hardly had he passed the corner of the Paseo, when a dozen muskets fired a volley upon him, and he fell a corpse upon the road.

His body was quietly removed, and the Captain of the guard, who had witnessed the execution, received orders, in due time and place, and mounting his horse, rode to the Governor's palace, entering the presence chamber just as Pedro and Miralda were once more summoned before the Governor.

'Excellenza,' said the officer, returning the order, 'it is executed!'

'Is the Count dead?'

'Excellenza, yes!'

'Proclaim, in the usual manner, the marriage of Count Almonte and Miralda Estalez, and also that she is his legal widow possessed of all his titles and estates. See that a proper officer attends her to the Count's estate, and enforces this decision.' Then turning to Pedro Mantanez, he said, 'No man or woman in this island is so humble, but they may claim justice of Tacon!'

WIFE WANTED.—Any gal what's got a bed, coffee pot, curls black eyes, and skillet, knows how to cut out breeches, can make a hunkin' shirt, and knows how to take care of children, can have my services till death parts both of us.—P.

Dr. Franklin used to say that rich widows were the only piece of second-hand goods that went off at prime cost.

The Baths of Damascus

Here was a blue mist, through which all we could discern were shaven heads, naked and dusky figures looming through the warm soapy atmosphere, with a grim and horrible effect. There was a hot, heavy oppressive smell, that quite disheartened one of us at least as to the prospect. I instinctively held my breath for fear of inhaling some plague, leprosy, or other loathsome disease peculiar to Oriental cities. While thinking seriously of darting out, paying the backshish, and considering the thing done, a gaunt figure emerged from the fog, and seized me with the grasp of a vice. He was the most frightful looking monster I ever beheld—a perfect living mummy; dark, lean and shriveled, with sharp pointed yellow teeth, and only one eye, the other having been dug out with some rough instrument, but that single eye was enough; it a trifle seemed to glare with triumph at the idea of a Christian subject. Another naked wretch seized hold of my friend, the English captain, and we were both dragged rapidly into an adjoining apartment.

I sincerely hope that the impression made upon my mind on entering this den of Satanic visions, will never be effaced by subsequent experience. It was quite sufficient to give me a general idea of the state of things to which a man may be reduced by one evil course of life. In truth, it was worthy to be ranked with Martin's illustrations of Milton. At one end was a seething caldron of hot water, in the shape of a dark marble vase, from which arose hot clouds of steam; the marble floor was wet and soapy, and of a smoking heat; the walls were reeking with a warm sweat; high overhead was a concave ceiling, pierced with round holes, in which were colored glasses, and through this the light poured down in streaks of every hue; a mist of hot vapor hung in the atmosphere, lit up by flashes of colored light, and gave the moving figures an appearance of wretches roasting in flames of fire and brimstone; and all around, in every direction, were bare bodies and limbs, and shaven heads glistening through the obscurity, and great naked monsters torturing them with drapers full of scalding water, or blinding rather from huge basins of suds; some scraping with razors a bald crown, some scrubbing down a leg or an arm, or rubbing off the skin from the backbone of a poor victim; some stretching out the limbs and trying to dislocate them, or scrubbing them down with hard brushes—all working with a fiendish zest, increased to a malicious grim of triumph, when a groan or involuntary yell of agony could be elicited.

We were again seized by the naked monsters before mentioned, and dragged into a room still further on, and of much smaller dimensions. There were only six or three victims in this branch of the establishment. It seemed to be the finishing up place, where people who chose to go through the whole operation were subjected to the final and most exquisite ordeals; but we, as a matter of favor, were permitted to suit ourselves by having the whole thing concentrated. It was of such a fiery temperature that for a few minutes it was a sufficient labor to struggle against suffocation. Soon the big drops of sweat rolled down from my forehead; I was covered with a flow of steam and sweat that quite blinded me. The captain vanished in a white mist, leaving a parting impression on my mind of a man gasping for life in a sea of soapsuds. I saw no more of him for a quarter of an hour. Meanime I was jerked out of my winding-sheet, by the enjoyed monster, and thrust down into a sitting posture, close by the vase of hot water. "Hold, for God's sake! What—It was too late. A perfect deluge of foaming lather came pouring down over my head and face, running into my eyes, ears and nostrils, and stopping up my mouth uryouu ait nogr ur speech. I have an indistinct recollection of a confusion of agonies through which I went for the next five minutes, but cannot depict them with anything like the force of reality.

From the crown of my head to the soles of my feet, I was enveloped in a bank of hot lather, which the horrid wretch who had me down was rubbing into my flesh with a small rake or some other instrument of torture. At last he reached my ears, and here he rubbed so effectually that the pain was too exquisite to be borne. 'Water, water!' I roared in the very extremity of agony, 'water, you villain! quick, or I'm blind for life!' 'Mooc,' suggested the captain from his bank of suds on the other side, 'call for mope, that's the Arabic, he'll understand it better than English!' 'Mooc!' I screamed in the madness of anguish; 'mooc! you rascal!' There was a guttural sound of assent from outside the coating of lather; it was impossible to see an inch; but I heard a dabbling as if in water, and thought I detected something like a fiendish inward laugh. Next moment my brain seemed to be scorched with a hissing flame of fire, and my body felt as if a thousand devils were tearing strips of skin off with red hot pincers.

For while I was entirely incapable of utterance, I could only writhe madly under the grasp of the live mummy, who held me down with one hand, while he confinted to pour the scalding flood over me with the other, till a momentary cessation of the torture enabled me to call for aid. 'Captain! oh heavens, captain! he's boiling me in earnest!' 'Cold water!' said the captain in Arabic; 'put some cold water on him!' There was a pause now, while the man went in search of cold water, during which time I sat simmering in a puddle of suds, afraid to stair lest my entire coat of skin should drop off. In a few minutes he returned, and, holding the bucket over my head, he poured down a stream of fresh water that sent a shock into my very core. It was a relief, however, as it eventually enabled me to open my eyes. When I did open them, the first object in view was the diabolical wretch, grinning horribly, and squinting with a malicious satisfaction at the result of his labors. I was red all over, a perfect boiled lobster in external appearance. 'Tahib!' said he, signifying, fool, isn't it? 'Tahib, hey?' And then he took a large bowl of suds a familiar looking instrument, a brush, which he has fastened on his hand, and seizing hold of me by the arm, commenced rubbing with all his might. To be cooled down in this manner with a hard brush, the wooden part of which now and then touched up some acute angle, was not productive of agreeable sensations, but it was a vast improvement on the hot water process.—Such exquisite delight did the villainous old mummy take in it, that he strained every muscle will zeal and snorting like a racer, his fiery eye glaring on me with a fiendish expression, and his long pointed teeth, glistening through the steam, as if nothing would have afforded him half so much satisfaction as to bite me. Stretching me on my back, he scrubbed away from head to foot, raking over the collar bones, ribs, and shin bones in a paroxysm of enthusiasm. This done, he reversed the position, and raked his way back, lingering with great relish on every spinal elevation, till he reached the back of my head, which event he signalised by bringing the end of the brush in sudden contact with it. He then pulled me into a sitting posture again, for by this time I was quite loose, and felt resigned to anything, and drawing the brush skillfully over the beaten track, gathered up several rolls of fine skin, each of which he exhibited to me with a grin of triumph, as a token of uncommon skill. 'Tahib, Howadji! Tahib?' Good; isn't your excel ency cleverly done, oh!

Having arrived at this stage of the proceedings, the indefatigable monster again covered me up a sea of lather, and while I was writhing in renewed agonies from streams of soap that kept running into my eyes, in spite of every effort to shut them off, he dashed a large dipperfull of hot water over me, following it by others in rapid succession, till, unable to endure the dreadful torturing, I sprang to my feet, seized the dipper, and shouted, 'Backshish!' at the top of my voice. The word acted like magic. I never have known it to be applied in vain throughout the East. It opens sacred places, corrupts sacred characters, gives inspiration to the lazy, and new life to the desponding; in short, it accomplishes wonders, no matter how miraculous. From that moment I was a happy man; rubbed down with lamb-like tenderness, smoothed over softly with warm sheets, dried up from head to foot; turbaned like a Pasha, slipped into my clogs, and supported through the various chambers into the grand saloon.

'An attendant now handed us chibouckes and coffee, which, together with the delightful sense of cleanliness and relief from all further suffering, produced a glow that was quite ecstatic. Covered up our necks in warm sheets, we lay back supported by pillows, sipped our coffee and smoked our chibouckes with a relish to which all the past pleasures of life seemed tasteless and flat. A thorough feeling of forgiveness, a quiet sense of happiness, and an utter indifference to the world and all its cares, pervaded the entire inner man, while the outer was wrapt in that state of physical beautitude which the Koran promises to the faithful followers of the Prophet in the seventh heaven.—*Ross Brown.*

THE SILENT WOMAN.—Madame Rignier, the wife of a law officer at Versailles, while talking in the presence of a numerous party, dropped some remarks which were out of place, though not important. Her husband reprimanded her before the whole company, saying:

"Silence, madame, you are a fool!"

She lived twenty or thirty years afterwards, and never uttered a word even to her children! A pretended theft was committed in her presence, in the hope of taking her by surprise, but without effect, and nothing could induce her to speak. When her consent was required for the marriage of any of her children she bowed her head and signed the contract.

How we may Escape Drouth.

To the Editor of the N. Y. Tribune:

SIR—The calamitous effects of our drouth are so evident as to occupy the attenuon of all classes. Retarded in our spring work, we fortold a scanty harvest; but the latter part of May and early summer were favorable that our hopes of plenty were justly incited, and so far as the hay crop is concerned, our expectations have been fully realized. Indian corn, however, our main dependence, as well as potatoes, roots, pastures, &c., are suffering immensely for want of moisture. If the drouth continues one week longer, these products must be reduced to not more than one half their average yield.

These are the facts as they present themselves to every examiner. Our country depends almost entirely upon her agriculture, and hence must suffer largely from the casualities of the climate. Were this unavoidable, we might convince ourselves that we ought to bear it philosophically. But when it is the effect of gross ignorance on the part of the cultivator, it merits the severest reprehension.

The points on which the farmer needs, and may easily obtain, instruction are very numerous, and we propose to notice only the point in question. It is not too bold an assertion to say that *no good, practical farmer* will allow his crops to suffer largely from drouth. The remedy is simple and natural. Subsoil plowing, accompanied by under draining of wet lands, and even without it on those which are sufficiently dry, is a sure protection against this famine-producing scourge.

A few moments reflection will convince any man that this must prove an infallible remedy, because we know that there is always the same amount of water in and about the surface of the earth. In the winter there is more in the soil than in summer, while in summer that which has been dried out of the soil exists in the atmosphere, being maintained in a vapory condition by the heat resident among its particles. Without this heat, it would immediately contract and become liquid water; and for this reason a cold pitcher robs heat from the vapor of a summer atmosphere and causes it to be deposited in a liquid form. The cold earth, at night, is thus supplied with dew.

On the same principle subsoiling prevents drouth. It opens the *subsoil* for a circulation of air. The subsoil, from its shaded position, is always cool, and hence, it takes heat from the moisture of the air permeating it. It acts the part of the cold pitcher, This is the simple, natural reasons for the whole action, and any farmer in the world may understand it. But this may be called *book-farming*, so I will give an example of its *practical* character.

I yesterday visited the farm of Professor Mapes. The whole country about Newark wears a peculiarly burnt-up appearance, and the dust on the roads was deep, even for New Jersey. I had previously asserted that I knew Mapes' farm to be exempt from the ravages of drouth, and truly I found my prediction fully realized. Not a singe plant seemed suffering for want of moisture, and, with their roots deeply located in the subsoil, they seemed fairly to snap their fingers at the cloudless sky, and rather to rail at old Sol for trying to interfere with their private affairs.

One crop of corn deserves especial notice from its absolute magnificence. Notwithstanding the fact that it is growing on the north western slope of a hill, and has not been visited by rain for weeks, yet it stands apparently regardless of all untoward circumstances; and, although, from its location and unfavorable season, one would think forty bushels per acre a large yield, it will without doubt, be nearer one hundred bushels per acre. Here is an instance where truly scientific knowledge has rendered its possessor entirely independent of the greatest drawback to ordinary success, and enabled him to raise good crops in a bad season.

If this is not practical farming, I would ask any inner follower of the grandfather system to tell us what is.

Let the devotee of national growth ask himself which will produce the greatest benefit to the country, doubling our commerce, or inducing every farmer to use the subsoil plow and draining tile.

GEO. E. WARING.

New York, Aug. 24, 1854.

A few nights ago, says a Paris paper, as one of our most distinguished authors, M. de Balzac, was lying awake in bed he saw a man enter his room cautiously, and attempt to pick the lock of his writing desk. The rogue was a little disconcerted at hearing a loud laugh from the occupant of the apartment whom he supposed asleep. "Why do you laugh, sir?" asked the thief. "I am laughing, my fellow," said M. de B, "to think what pains you are taking, and what risk you run, in hopes of finding money by night in a desk where the lawful owner can never find any by day." The thief "executed Flanders," at once.

Crops in England and France are good.

EVERY MAN MAKES HIS MARK.

Every man who comes into the world, makes some mark upon it ere he goes to his final rest. It may be a small one—hardly visible to the plodding pilgrim on life's highway—but nevertheless, in the future time it will attest some service done or some duty neglected.

Every man exercises some influence in the sphere which he occupies. No matter how low his degree—how obtuse his intellect—how vile his character, he must make his mark upon the times in which he lives, either for good or for ill. If for good, future ages will cherish that index of his existence as they would the autograph of some great conqueror on the world's battle-fields; if for ill, it stands out as a beacon and a warning upon the page of history. Washington made his mark in clear and distinct characters, when he aided in laying the foundation and establishing the character of the Republic, and a nation ponders over it now with reverential admiration.

Arnold made his mark in no less distinct characters, when he would have betrayed the liberties of the Colonies but our nation and the world point to it in all the future as a blot upon the escutcheon of Humanity, and a stamp upon the otherwise fair frontlet of American patriotism. There are two sorts of marks which different men make upon the world while mingling in its strifes and labors.

Even the babe who lingers but a day upon the borders of Time, ere it returns to the pearly strand makes its impress upon the world. While it lived, a ray of Divinity was lighted, and when it died, that ray burned on as it will continue to do for all time, gilding the rugged way of life with light, and surrounding the dark places with a holy influence. The smallest hand traces on the sands of Time autographs that waves and tempest can never wash away. Every man has an influence and he should at all times so to exercise the power inherent in and radiating from him, as that the world shall be wiser and better that he has lived, and that future generations, in searching the records of his life can say with one acclaim—"There was a man—an honest man; peace be with his name."

A tipsy man went into a Sunday-school and for a few moments listened very attentively to the questions propounded to the scholars, but, being anxious to show his knowledge of the scriptures by questions, he stood up, leaning on the front of the pew with both hands. 'Parson B——,' said he,' ask me some of them hard questions.' 'Uncle John,' said the parson, with a solemn face, and in a drawling tone, don't you know you are in the books of sin, and the depths of iniquity?' 'Yes'ir and in the gall of bitterness too. Ask me another ques-shun.'

The following scene was witnessed a long time ago, in some school room:

'First class in Natural Philosophy stand up. What's attraction?'

'Please sir, I know. It's the look that a blue eyed gal gives her lover.'

'Right! Now tell me what inertia is.'

'Inertia. sir is a desire to remain where you are—a feeling that a piece of calico experiences when leaning against a canary-colored vest.'

READING aloud with the teeth closed is a certain cure for stammering. It should be practised for two hours a day for three months. The recommendation of this says: "*Lean* speak with certainty of its utility."

CANADA.—The *Montreal Herald* one of the oldest papers in the British provinces, says: "If Canada ceases to be a colony, she will become a republic—whether as a member of the United States confederacy or not, must depend upon events over which she has no controul."

Mother—'Tommy, my son, run to the store, and get me some sugar.'

Five-year-old—'Excuse me, old lady, I was out on a terrific last night, and don't feel well this morning. Send the old man, and tell him to bring me a plug of Cognac, and a plug of tobacco.'

(Tommy stretches himself with a yawn, while Mother looks on admiringly.)

'Jones,' said a sympathising neighbor to a friend, 'what in the world put matrimony into your head?'

'Well, the fact is, I was getting shirts if'.

Let you be ever so pure, you cannot associate with bad companions without falling into bad habits. Evil spirits, like tobacco smoke, you cannot be long in its presence without carrying away a taint of it.

Nothing sets an wide a mark between a vulgar and a noble soul, as respect and reverential love of woman kind. A man that is always sneering at a woman is generally a base profligate or a cowardly hypocrite.

Fifteen thousand persons have fall victims to the cholera at Sebastopol, Mr. Ed.

Lies are hibliss swindles, which use the hands that wield them.

Plymouth Advertiser.

Plymouth, Ohio, Saturday, Sept. 16.

Sandwich Islands.

A proposal for annexing the Sandwich Islands has been received at Washington, and a Cabinet meeting has been held to take the matter into consideration. Letter-writers for the Eastern papers who have the faculty of penetrating council rooms, and getting at state secrets say that the terms are already agreed upon, and all that remains to be done is to get the consent of the Senate, and there is another feather added to the expansive tail of that very extensive bird, the American Eagle.

We have been looking for this some time, and hope the report may be true. We need the Islands, and must have them, sooner or later. Situated as they are, it is necessary that they should belong to us, for whatever nation gets them, controls in a measure, the commerce of the Pacific. Oregon and California are rapidly filling up, large commercial cities must be built on the Pacific coast, and now that Japan has been opened to the world, the Pacific will be covered with merchantmen. These Islands are about half way between Oregon and Japan, and will be the rendezvous for supplies and re-fitting, for the whalers and East India fleets. The trade between the Sandwich Islands and the Pacific States is already important;—what will it be when the indolent natives of these "gems of the sea" are supplanted by the enterprising, tireless American.

We want now, the Pacific Railroad. Let that be built, and it would take but a few years to make this the mightiest confederacy the sun ever rose upon.

Cuba and Canada within three years.

☞ New York Soft-Shells.—The Syracuse Soft-shell Convention has adjourned sine die. The following is the ticket nominated:

Governor—Horatio Seymour, Oneida County.

Lieut. Governor—Wm. H. Ludlow, of Suffolk county.

Canal Commissioner—John Clark, of Jefferson County.

State Prison Inspector—*W. R. Andrews*, of Livingston county.

The majority resolutions were adopted after a stormy debate, by a vote of 222 to 106. The resolutions adhere to the Baltimore platform of 1852; are opposed to any agitation calculated to promote sectional controversy; recall with pride the vote electing Franklin Pierce, and compliment the administration for ability, integrity and patriotic solicitude for the welfare of the people.

☞ Maine Election.—The final returns from Maine, show that the Anti-Nebraska party have swept the state. In one hundred and seven towns the vote for Governor stood as follows:

Morrill, Fusionist,	21,605
Reed, Whig.	4,694
Parris, Democrat,	10,245
Casey, Liberal,	1,377

The state Legislature and Congressional Delegation are largely Anti-Nebraska. The Maine papers attribute the result to the Know-Nothings.

☞ The Richland County Agricultural Society have decided to offer premiums on Babies! Think of that, Mothers! We like the idea of holding out inducements for the improvement of the human species. The premiums are as follows:

Best baby over two years and under three,	$5.00
Best, over one year and under two	3,00
Best under one year,	2,00

Committee—S. J. Kirkwood, J. P. Drennan, J. Lafferty.

We suggest one more premium:

Baby under five years that can sit five minutes in a stranger's lap, without poking his eye out, pulling his nose, or planting its feet in his bosom, $5,00

Drennan, should be selected from the committee to award this premium.

☞ Buyers will do well to read the new advertisements, this week. Fitch, Holbrook & Dee are still selling at cost. As their stock is large, and they are determined to dispose of it, bargains may be expected.

Day & Kirtland are receiving their Fall and Winter Goods. They pledge themselves to sell at 20 per cent. lower than ever before. Read advertisement.

Gen. Burgoyne has also received his new goods, and a splendid stock he has. The General's patrons, will have a large variety to select from.

Goods will be sold cheap in Plymouth.

Rain.

At last we have had rain. Thursday afternoon, a fine shower fell, and we venture to say no visitor could have been more welcome. It was pleasant to see the big drops come pattering to the earth, and the streets swimming with water, after the long and wearisome season of dryness.

The drought, we hope, is now at an end. It has continued so long a time that the damage to vegetation can scarcely be estimated; but plentiful showers coming now, will, in all probability prevent much mischief to next year's crop. The weather is very cool—uncomfortably so.

☞ At a special meeting of the officers of the Richland County Agricultural Society, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That in consequence of the partial failure of all field crops and fruit, the premiums on the articles presented shall be for the best and greatest yield without limitation of quantity.

The Herald says that the arrangements for the coming Fair are now thoroughly completed. The list of premiums is very large, amounting to over one thousand dollars!

☞ In another column will be found an advertisement of Dr. John Bull's Sarsaparilla. Wooster has it for sale.

☞ Counterfeit ten cent pieces are said to have been put in circulation in many of the Eastern cities. By placing them in your mouth they will break as easy as type. They are said to be manufactured of type metal, and galvanised over. They have the weight, size and appearance of the genuine, and are highly deceptive.

Gold from Virginia.—The Philadelphia Ledger has been shown a lump of gold gathered from the mines of the State Hill Company, at Louisa, Va., the proceeds of two week's labor, which is valued at $700—giving $300 profit for the two weeks. The prospects, it is said, are quite encouraging, both as regards the quantity and quality of the gold produced.

☞ Thirty pure short horned cattle, the property of the Clark County Importing Company, were sold at auction at Springfield, Ohio, on the 6th inst. A bull, two years old, brought $1000; one 18 months old, $3,500, and another, $1,900, besides others at prices ranging from $625, down to $300. Cows sold at $1,425; $1,300; $1000 down to $205 each.

☞ At a meeting of Free Bankers of Indiana on the 30th ult., it was unanimously resolved, that it is expedient for the several free banks of that State to establish an agency, each for itself, in the city of Indianapolis, at which all notes presented in sums not less than $500, shall be redeemed in Eastern exchange, at one half of one per cent. premium, and that such Banks refuse the notes of all Free Banks which decline to make this arrangements within fifteen days, except at a discount of not less than one per cent.

☞ The Democracy of Huron County met in Convention, at the Court House, in Norwalk, on Saturday, the 9th, and nominated the following ticket: For Probate Judge, Charles B. Stickney; For County Auditor, Hiram K. Steele; For County Clerk, Harrison Morrill; For Prosecutor, George H. Safford; For County Recorder, Saml. Ellinwood; For County Commissioner, Nicholas Watts; For Directors of Infirmary, Charles S. Brown, 3 years, Peter Bowers, 2 years.

☞ The Democracy of California are by the ears. The party is now divided, and there is no hope of an arrangement. It is conceded that the Whigs will carry the State, notwithstanding the Know Nothings are very strong in the large towns.

☞ Indiana Shinplasters.—Several pictures purporting to be issued by the Northern Indiana Railroad Company, dated at Logansport, Ind., have been put in circulation as money. A few days since one of these notes was sent to a banker in Logansport, who says it is the first one of the kind he ever saw. Of course, no one will be found to father such an emission. The Railroad knows nothing about it. Should not wonder if we had a run of these Railroad Regs in divers shapes.

☞ The organ of the Irish Catholics, published at Boston, speaks of the fact that 180 persons, mostly Irish, went out in the Chariot of Fame, which sailed from that port on the 25th ult., as indicating that they were disappointed with this country and were glad to go home again. It goes on to say that "that the persecution of old England is nothing compared with the treatment a large number of Irish receive in the New England States."

News Of the Day.

Mrs. Benton, wife of the great Missourian, died at Washington, Monday.

A Convention of the Railroad men of Ohio has been called at the suggestion of John Brough, Esq to be held at Columbus during the present month, to take into consideration the propriety of establishing a tariff of prices for freight and passage at a higher standard than at present used, and to discuss other matters of interest.

A storm swept over the Southern States on Friday, 8th Inst, and broke with terrific violence on Charleston, S. C, doing immense damage to the city and shipping. The telegraph reports vessels lost, houses prostrated, wharves submerged and washed away, and a general destruction of crops along the coast. It is feared that many vessels have been lost.

The Asiatic Cholera has completely desolated the village of Columbia, in Pa. From Thursday noon—when it broke out in consequence of two emigrant sick with the disease being left there—until Monday noon, *sixty seven* had died. On Monday 17 cases occurred, since then the Physicians from Philadelphia have some what arrested the awful mortality.

A telegraph from Washington, dated Monday evening, announces important dispatches as having been received from the American Commissioner at the Sandwich Islands, concerning the Treaty between the United States and those Islands. A Cabinet meeting was called to take immediate action upon the Treaty, which is understood to guarantee the annexation of the Island to this Union. So look out for Island States, and—look out that Slavery is not imported there before the first Senator or Representative is returned to Congress.

An interesting item of news by the last Steamer, as making the face of affairs over the water, is this: "Ex-Consul Sanders' Universal Liberty Letter to the President of the Swiss Confederation, was written in connexion with Ledru Rollin and the German, Italian and Spanish Chiefs of Revolution, who are all the while at work in London. A Polish Exile is putting it into Russian, and the other Chiefs are putting it into the various tongues for European distribution."

The East has been visited by very heavy heavy rain showers, followed by very cool weather.—Saturday evening a terrible storm of wind and rain swept over Philadelphia, destroying considerable property and shipping. The storm at Baltimore was also very severe.

Col. S. Watson Webb, who is now in England, writes to the New York Courier that the Crystal Palace before Christmas, wheat will have fallen from 65 to less than 45 shillings per quarter. The news by the Niagara look much like a beginning at this decline.

The Quebec Gazette says, quantities of grain in that neighborhood are quite unusual for the season, cold and wet weather have very much retarded agriculture during the present month.

It is stated that a gentleman is now in Washington from New Orleans, to get the appointment of special agent to Madrid. His object is to solicit the Queen to permit him to receive at New Orleans the remains of fifty Lopez filibusters, who were interred at Havana. Very pious man! As the Queen is a very pious, (!) woman, perhaps she will comply with the human request.

Col. Harney, U. S. A., was among the passengers by the Asia for Liverpool. It is his intention to visit the seat of war in Europe.

The Sault Canal Company have now 1700 men in their employment, and the work is rapidly advancing.

The whole number of deaths in St. Johns, N. B. during the prevalence of the cholera, is little short of 1500.

The Spiritualists of Boston are about forming a company with $40,000 capital, to establish a spiritual boarding house.

In Portland, Me., the drouth has rendered the pumps useless—drinking water is 75 cents a barrel, and all the beautiful elm trees are dying for want of water.

Mr. Peabody, the American banker at London, has published a circular letter, in which he denies the charge of toadying to English prejudices at his last Fourth of July dinner.

Hon. John Black, for many years a member of the U. S. Senate from Miss., and late of Ia., died in Winchester, Va., on the 29th ult.

The dispatch to the War Department from Gen. Clarke, Commander of the Western Military Department, fully confirms the recently published account of the massacre of Lt. Gratian, Sergt. Favor, Corp. McNulty, and twenty privates by the Sioux Indians, near Fort Larimie. The Fort is in danger, as it is held by only 43 men; two companies from Fort Riley have gone to their relief. May the bloody Sioux villains be dealt with severely; it is high time these cut-throats on our Western borders should be made to feel the avenging steel, and we hope General Clarke may have force enough to give them no quarters.

Of the new Canadian Ministry, we learn that the new Cabinet arrangements are nearly completed:

Sir Allen AcNab consents to adopt the entire programme of the late Ministry, to leave the Lower Canada section of the Ministry as it stands, and give the Upper Canada Liberals two seats in the Cabinet. This must be considered a complete triumph of the Liberals. The Crown is really in nominal power in Canada hereafter.

A young man named Short, clerk in a dry goods store in Cincinnati, and a young lawyer named Peacock, from Chicago, fought a duel in Kentucky, opposite the city, on last Monday. On the second round Short was mortally wounded in the left breast. They fought about a young girl, to whom Short was engaged.

The U. S. Express Company have found no clue to the robbery of their messenger, at Dayton, the other day.—They have notified the owners of the money that they are prepared to settle.

Telegraph Items.

New York, Sept. 11.—An arrival brings advices from Honduras to the 12th ult., stating that the business part of the town of Balize, comprising 100 buildings, had been destroyed by fire, involving a loss of $500,000.

The bark Cathalina Augusta, with the much-talked-of Lac muskets on board, sailed hence on Saturday, on the secret expedition which, as some ever, had been fitting out here under the auspices of Gen. Alvarez, to set against the government of Santa Anna. The steamer Franklin is expected to leave in a day or two on the same expedition.

St. Louis, Sept. 8.—A special express from Fort Leavenworth, states that on the 18th August, the Sioux Indians killed an ox belonging to an emigrant train close to Fort Laramie. The chief gave notice, and offered to give up the offender. Lieut. Fleming despatched second Lieut. Grattan with an interpreter. Sergeant Travor, Corporal McNulty, and twenty privates, a whole detachment were murdered. We have no reliable particulars. The chief is among the number killed. The Indians are extremely hostile, menacing the Fort, which is in a critical condition. Reinforcements have been sent to Fort Laramie.

Quebec, September 9.—It is reported that Sir Allen M'Nab consents to make a resolution of the clergy reserves, a government measure, which gives him the support of Upper Canada. The liberal party have made John Welsh leader in the House of Assembly. Hincks cannot retain power at present. Postmaster General Cameron retires from public life.

Detroit, Sept. 21.—Much excitement prevailed here to day, in consequence of an attempt to arrest a fugitive slave by three men from St. Louis, in the street, without the assistance of officers. A large crowd assembled and rescued the fugitive. The captors instantly attacked the crowd and broke the fugitive. One fired a pistol wounding a citizen. The three were then arrested and are now being examined before a Justice of the Peace and an excited crowd are gathered around the office.

New York, Sept. 12.—The Post reiterates the statements relative to the movements and intentions of the friends of Alvarez, and says that $30,000 have been furnished the parties in California. The names of the vessels purchased here are the steamer Franklin, formerly running between New York and New Orleans, and the bark Augusta; they have been altered and pierced for ten guns; the latter has already received an armament, and lies off the Battery. The Franklin has no men, coal or powder aboard. The crews are Americans. The object of the expedition is to capture the Santa Ana, a Mexican Government steamer, which is daily expected from New York, $7,000,000 specie on board. Several American gentlemen of high standing are known to be interested in Alvarez's attempt to revolutionize Mexico.

Worcester, Sept. 7.—The Mass. Republican State Convention is fully attended J. A. Andrew, of Bingham, was temporarily chosen Chairman.

Mr Charles Sumner was enthusiastically received on entering the Hall.

Amasa Walker and Sumner spoke

Henry Wilson is the chief candidate for Governor, and will probably be nominated. Tickets are also in circulation by Judge Hoar, and his father, Samuel Hoar. Several Democrats and Whigs are present, though the greater part are Free Soilers.

At the afternoon session Wilson was nominated, having 319 votes. Summer, of Great Barrington, was nominated for Lieutenant Governor.

Baltimore, Sept. 8.—New Orleans papers have been received up to Saturday.

The Howard Association had commenced taking care of fever patients

The Savannah Georgian give a melancholy picture of the health of that city. There is an immense number sick. Half the boarding houses are deserted by the proprietors, hotels are closing, and business is entirely suspended. From the 27 h ult. to the 4th inst., there had been 134 deaths—82 by yellow fever.

Charleston, Sept. 13.—The total deaths for the week, from Yellow Fever, are 67. At Savannah all the Hotels are closed and even the Drug Stores are closing. Strangers who are compelled to stop here, make their exit with the utmost speed. Nearly all the city physicians are dangerously ill.

Steamer Star of the South, from N. Y. for New Orleans, has put in here in distress.

Accounts from the interior of the State report immense damage done from the recent storm.

Washington, Sept. 14.—Judge Lane, of Indiana, is progressively recovering from Oregon Governorship.

The Union of this morning published a proclamation from the President, announcing the Queen's acceptance of the Reciprocity Treaty.

New York, Sept. 14.—Carthage Bank and also the Drovers', which suspended a short time since, it is said, will resume operation in a few days.

Queen Victoria has ratified the Fishery treaty, and orders have been sent to Canada for the immediate admission of our fishermen to the unrestricted freedom of the fisheries.

Further dispatches from Maine makes Morrill's election for Governor certain.—Not a single Democratic Senator has been elected.

Phila. Sept. 12—Hon. Joseph R. Chandler has been re-nominated as the Independent Whig candidate for Congress.

Several failures among the New York stock brokers are announced this morning in consequence of great rise in Erie.

Baltimore, Sept. 13.—The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows adjourned sine die yesterday afternoon, to meet on the 3d of Sept. 1855.

Foreign News.

ARRIVAL OF THE ST. LOUIS.

Corn Advanced—Wheat Declinett—Defeat of Selim Pasha Confirmed.

New York, Sep 11.

The St. Louis arrived this afternoon with four days later news. Cotton advanced ½; more doing. Flour Declined 1s. Pomola largely advanced. Maxwell's Circuit, dated 29th, quotes a decline on the week of 1s6d@2s on Flour; 9d on Wheat. Western Canal 29s6d 30s6d, Philadelphia and Balimore 31s@ 31s6d; Yellow Corn 36s@36d, mixed 33s6d@34s6d.

Omar Pash, with 25,000 men and 30 guns had entered Bucharest. The Crimera expedition would sail on the 20th inst; it was composed of 70,000 men mostly Turks. The fire at Varna consumed 500 houses; several Greeks concerned in the same have been shot. The Journal of Constantinople confirms the defeat in Asia of Selim Pacha. The Russians advances occupied Bagzid. Selim Pasha has been dismissed. Total loss of the two armies at the battle of Kars is 5,000; the Russians continue their retrograde movements; there is nothing to indicate the position they intend taking to meet the dangers of the frontier of Bessarabia. Dates from Jassa, say there are no signs of the Russians re-crossing the Pruth. The Turks are to evacuate Bucharest, and to occupy Gairgevo. Austrian troops are expected at Trajova the first week in September. Varna dates to the 20th state that the allies have not weighed anchor. Napoleon arrived at Paris on the 29th, but was to return to the Pyranes in a few days, after the transaction of important business. No news from France of importance; the White Sea is blockaded. No news of importance in Spanish affairs; the government had obtained a loan of 65,000,000 reals, secured by the revenues f Cuba. The damage done by the fire at Varna was estimated at half a million sterling, and the Allied troops were put to great strain by the destruction of part of their commissariat. Dates from Constantinople to the 17th August do not confirm the defeat of the Turks at Kars. Cholera was very bad at Bomersund—particularly among the French troops. It was stated at Copenhagen that Baraguay DeHilliers had offered to the King of Sweden 14,000,000 francs, for the first months and 7,000,000 for the succeeding months as a subsidy, to be paid in event of his joining the Western Powers. The British convoy had several audiences with the King.

A large portion of the French troops were said to have re embarked from Bomersund and it was intended to make a descent on the coast of Finland to the West of Helsingfors. The British convoy consisting of the heavy ships had sailed in that direction.

In the Swedish Diet the House has proposed to the King to take measures to prevent the Aland Islands from returning to Russian subjection.

The German papers announce the approaching conclusion of a treaty, offensive defensive with Austria and the Western Powers. The preliminaries are said to be settled. A despatch from Brussels announce the resignation of the Belgian Minister. Letters from Madrid, 24th, report that a Royal Degree had appeared suppressing the so-called Junias of Safety and armament, which had been formed in the Province.

Three Days Later from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE NIAGARA.

Heavy Decline in Breadstuffs—Queen Christina Expelled from Spain—Bonaparte Evacuated and Destroyed—Further Particulars of the Baltic.

Halifax, Sept. 14.—Steamer Niagara from Liverpool the 2d, arrived at 10 P. M.

Flour had declined three shillings for the week. Wheat 15 pence; and Corn 1 to 2 shillings. Harvest remarkably fair, and the tendency of prices for all kinds of breadstuffs strongly downward.

Bumersund has been abandoned by the allies, who have ala destroyed the fortifications, as well as those of Hango.

Queen Christina has been expelled from Spain, and all her property confiscated.

England—Weather continues extremely favorable and a large proportion of the crops have been secured.

France—The Emperor has left for the Camp Boulogne.

A report is circulated on the Paris Bouse that Sweden and Denmark were on the point of signing a treaty of alliance with the Western Powers.

Italy—Cholera is abating. Many assassinations have taken place. Seven more persons have been sentenced to death. At Parma a universal Jubilee, long contemplated by the Pope, will be held in November, and a general convocation of the Church will meet at Rome to settle the immaculate conception of the Virgin question.

Vienna, Aug. 21.—New proposals have been made by Russia, which will involve new negotiations.

Spain.—The Union Republican Club has been closed by order of the Government, and a detachment of National Guards ordered to arrest the members if they persisted in assembly.

Esparero had raised a loan of 2,000,000 reals on the Havana customs and Bank security.

Denmark.—M. Moralike has been appointed President of the Council of State.

Asiatic Turkey—The reports of the disaster to the Turks in Asia are confirmed. On the 7th of August a display of force by the Turks, brought on a general engagement, and a great battle was fought near Kars.

The Turks attacked the Russian camp and also drove in the right wing of the Russian army, but a general charge of the Russian cavalry swept them back with immense loss.

The Armistice of two days was agreed to. After the battle the Turks abandoned their camps which were occupied by the Russians. The Russians have a loss of 1000. Battle lasted five hours—40,000 men and 159 guns were engaged in it.

Selim Pasha is superceded by Mustapha. Said Pasha, the Viceroy of Egypt, was opposing the Sultan. Devert Pasha a successful Diplomatist, has been sent to the Principalities as Turkey's Commander.

Queen Christina had left Madrid for Portugal, with the sanction of the government, where she will embark for Italy or France.

Much of her wealth is invested in foreign securities.

ARRIVAL OF EMPIRE CITY.

New York, Sep. 12.

The Empire City left Aspinwall on the 2d and arrived this morning.

She brings California mails, 200 passengers and over $1,000,000 in gold.

Her advices are one day later from San Francisco, and contain much important news from China.

The Revolutionists are in possession of two large towns near Whannova, and were hourly expected to attack Canton.

A portion of the U. S. Surveying Squadron were moored in the Pataigas, designing to protect the American interests.

The *Mandarines* had stopped the exportation of rice.

Several Chine merchants have moved out of the city. A large body of Imperial troops were retained outside the walls.

The Mermaid, by which the above was brought to San Francisco, spoke the U. S. Steamship Supply among the Lon Choo Islands—13 days from Hong Kong, and short of provisions, with which she supplied her.

From Panama, dates are to the 2nd.

The railroad was progressing slowly, owing to heavy rains. A Bark had arrived from Jamaica with Coolies to work on the Road.

Our advices from Valparaiso are two weeks later. *Markets* were active with large arrivals. American goods scarce and wanted.

New Goods.

GEN. BURGOYNE,

HAS received and is now receiving the largest and most complete

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

of Goods ever brought to Plymouth, to which he invites the attention of Farmers and Citizens. He makes this promise:—to sell every article in his store, positively

15 PER CENT CHEAPER

Than ever sold here before, and 25 per cent. cheaper than the Jews and "Live Yankees" are selling in Mansfield, Shelby, Norwalk, or anywhere else in this part of the state. He will do as he says in every particular.

His stock is too large to enumerate—he will merely mention a few leading articles.

Tom Pants—Black, Drab, Ribbed and Fancy Cassimeres, with other material of every imaginable origin, fashion and price.

Tom Coats—Broadcloths, of all colors and qualities, Jeans, Tweeds, &c.

Vests—Silk, beautiful patterns, Satins, figured and plain Silk, with all the other fabrics used.

Harvard Cloth—In this department his stock is unrivalled. Hats he has the KNOW-NOTHING, WIDE-AWAKE, Lonestar, Spanish, beaver, ordinary silk and beaver of the full style. His Caps cannot be part of the following: Punch, Cloth, Silk, Oil Cloth, of every style and price.

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

His stock of Ready-Made Clothing is also unequalled, and will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

Winter Coats, from	$2,00	to $12,00!
" Pants, "	1,50	to 5,00!
" Vests, "	1,25	to 6,00!

Shirts in endless variety, the largest, best and cheapest assortment ever brought to town. Particular attention is requested to the beautiful styles of embroidered shirts. Undershirts, Drawers, Hosiery of all kinds, Gloves, Stocks, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders and General Furnishing Goods. Suits made to order, as usual, and a perfect fit warranted, every time, or the work taken back. Call and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the foregoing, you will never regret it.

Plymouth, Sept. 16, 1854.

TERRIBLE

EXCITEMENT!!

KNOW RAIN! KNOW WHEAT!

KNOW NOTHING!

But a Tremendous Downfall in High Prices!

WE are now, this very day, receiving direct from head-quarters, a splendid assortment of

New Goods

For the Fall and Winter Trade, which we can and will sell, from 25 cts on 1st, from 10 to 20 per cent. Cheaper than we can possibly be bought from any stock purchased last spring. Our stock consists in part of a large lot of Cloths of every description, Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Satinets, a choice lot, Sheeting's Grays, Tweeds, Jeans, Flannels, Linseys, Bleached Goods, Long Shawls, Black Silks, French and English Merinoes, Cobourgs, Alpacas, Delaines, new styles, Poplins and Ginghams, and 500 pieces good Prints, from 4c to 12½c per yard.

Also a good assortment of

Yankee Notions,

Groceries,

Crockery,

Hardware,

Saddlery,

Sole Leather,

Iron,

Nails,

Glass, &c.

All of which we pledge ourselves to sell for cash from 10 to 20 and 25 per cent less than any other firm dare sell, who have not made a purchase this fall. Our motto is, "short profits and cash in hand," or ready pay, which we consider cash. All who wish to test the veracity of this advertisement, will please call and examine for themselves, before purchasing elsewhere, for we will do you good. Save this percentage while you can.

DAY & KIRTLAND,

At the old stand of R. McDonough, Main-st., Plymouth Ohio. Sept. 16, 1854.

FITCH, HOLBROOK & DEE,

WILL SELL

GOODS

FOR

A FEW DAYS ONLY

AT

NEW YORK COST.

We offer our large stock of goods, consisting of everything usually found in a Dry Goods and Grocery Store at the original cost prices, in order to make room for our Fall Goods. sept 9.

FOR SALE

WILL be sold on Wednesday, Sept. 20th, to the lowest responsible bidder, the following "sawing mill" and "shingle" side walks ordered built by Ordinance, passed June 24th, 1854.

D. BAUGHMAN, Mayor.

M. P. Embry, Recorder. sep9-4.

HAVOC AMONG SHEEP.—For some time past several farmers in Southampton have missed sheep from their flocks, and in some instances fifteen or twenty have mysteriously disappeared at a time. On searching the woods, many of the losses have been found drawn among the brush, and covered with leaves, the blood of each having been sucked out through a single wound in the neck. It is believed the author of this havoc has at last been discovered, as a large carcass of a wild cat was seen in the neighborhood last week, by a person engaged in making surveys for a new county map. The animal is described as being spotted, with a body four to five feet in length, and a tail three feet in addition. Here is a chance for skill ful sportsmen.—*Springfield Rep.*

FALSEHOOD AND DISTRUST.—It is scarcely possible to imagine a more melancholy situation than that of a weak and helpless woman separated by falsehood from all true fellowship, either human or divine; for there is no fellowship in falsehood. The very soul of disunion might justly be said to be embodied in a lie. It is in fact, the breaking asunder of that great chain which binds together all spiritual influences; and she who is guilty of falsehood must necessarily be alone. Hence, if she she has no sympathy of feeling with the beautiful creation around her, of which it has truly been said that "nature never deceives." Alone, for is that higher world, where all her secret thoughts and acts are registered, its very light is truth. Alone, for she has voluntarily become a stranger, a suspected thing, an enemy to that one's friends in whose bosom she might have found shelter and repose.

It is a fact which cannot be too often repeated, that the closer intimacy, and the more important the trust, the greater is the individual injury, and consequently the violation of personal feeling when that trust is abused. This when the child is first made to understand that it has been deceived by its mother, the very life of its little soul seems for a moment to be quenched. When the father finds that his prodigal son has but returned to take advantage of affection and credulity, his wounded spirit sinks, and his weary heart is broken. But when the husband looks with earnest eyes into the countenance whose beauty was once his sunshine; when memory flies back and brings again the pledged vow, with all its treasures of truth, when he thinks of that fond heart which seemed to cling to him in all the guileless innocence of unsophisticated youth—all it is horrible "to be disarmed thence," by the dark venom of distrust, perpetually reminding him that the bright and sunny tide of early love, upon which he trusted all the riches of his soul is but a smiling and deceitful ocean whose gaze, by surface at once reflects the hues of heaven and conceals the depths of hell.

NARROW ESCAPE.—A company of thirty ladies and gentlemen from Albany, on a picnic last week in the woods among the Berkshire hills, were surrounded by the fire which had been consuming a distant part of the woods, and had approached them ten-deep. They hastened to avail themselves of the only avenue of escape which was left them—down the narrow gorge of a little brook, over rocks and precipices, through underbrush, and amid stifling smoke. Their progress was necessarily slow, and they expected every moment to see the flames meet in front of them, cutting off their last hope. The air grew dark. The roar of the fire was deafening. Burning trees fell near them and their clothing was repeatedly set on fire by sparks. Babes fainted and had to be carried, and their condition was becoming immeasurably more desperate, when suddenly the wind shifted and blew the smoke aside, and a few moments more they reached a place of safety. Not one was lost, and all escaped the trees and brush of the ravine were in a blaze, and their trusting place was lost in a deluge of fire.

SERMON IN RESTING.—For the members of this class there is but one legitimate path to emancipation, viz: marriage with a freeman. For male serfs, at all times, until recently, military service was the only avenue to freedom. Once under the rules, the soldier is free. The freedom of the Russian serf, is a military freedom, and the recruit may, in some sort, be said only to exchange one kind of slavery for another and a milder one; but when, on the completion of his term of service, or in consequence of wounds or ill health he receives his discharge, it is a free man that he returns to his home. In strict regard to truth, I must, however, here observe, that for a long time this road to citizenship led but few to its enjoyment. The soldier, after completing a period of twenty years' service, was accustomed to that mode of life, whilst, on the other hand, owing to his long disuse to the occupation to which he had been brought up, he saw so little prospect of earning a living that, in consequence, he accepted a second bounty, and recommenced his military career, to which he then clung till death or the hospital received him. Seven years ago, however, the Emperor Nicholas, shortened the term of service to eight years—a reduction which now usually restores to civil life many thousand free men, who were slaves until they donned the uniform.

A girl ten years old lost her way crossing a wood in Warwick, Orange county, New York, and was found after three days' search. The Middleton Whig says:

Although despairing, the search was continued by hundreds on Sabbath morning, and soon traces of the little wanderer were found. With renewed vigor they prosecuted their search, and about noon a joyful shout proclaimed that the lost lamb was found. Her uncle found her reclining between two rocks, with her head resting on a stone, in which place she had slept all night. She was awake, but very weak. She gave a brief account of her wanderings. The first night she slept in a bunch of laurel—the next under a rock. She had nothing to eat during the three days except three May apples and two strawberries. She said she was not frightened but once, and that was at a large snake who flattened his head when she saw it.

Duff's Mercantile College, Pittsburgh.

Duff's College

ESTABLISHED IN 1840.—Incorporated by the Legislature of Penna., with a perpetual charter.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—Hon. James Buchanan, Hon. Wm. Wilkins, Hon. Moses Hampton, Hon. W. H. Lowrie, Hon. Charles Naylor, Hon. Gen. J. K. Moreheed.

P. DUFF, Principal—author of Duff's Book Keeping, &c., Professor of Book-keeping and Commercial Sciences. S. H. DAUGHTY, Prof. of Penmanship. N. B. HATCH, Esq., member of the Pittsburgh Bar, Professor of Commercial Law. P. HAVNER, A. M., Professor of Mathematical and Classical Department, Professor of Mathematics, &c.

This institution enjoys the most extensive and perfectly organised commercial college in the United States. Four active assistants, are employed in the Book Keeping Department.

Duff's systems of Mercantile and Steamboat Book-Keeping are taught by the author—the only teacher of Book-Keeping in the Western States, formerly known as an extensive merchant and ship owner. His experience thus enables him to give an insight into real business, which other teachers have no means of imparting. His training for business comprehends upwards of 400 real time in ices transactions, 300 commercial computations.

A thorough course of business Penmanship. Daily Lectures on Commercial Law and Commercial science, the theory of profits, the art of making money, &c.

Duff's Book-Keeping, Harper's edition price $3.00, postage 21 cents, "the most perfect and comprehensive in the English Language."

Duff's Steamboat Book-Keeping, price $1. Postage 9 cent. "a perfect system for such Book and Accounts."

Duff's Commercial Calculations, price 50 cts

☞ Send for Circular by mail. aug 11—y1

THE GREAT REMEDY.

SOUTHERN REMEDY.

DR. JOHN BULL'S

SARSAPARILLA!!

THIS medicine when used according to direction will cure without fail

Scrofula or King's Evil, Cancer, Eruptions of the skin, erysipelas, tetter, chronic sore eyes, ringworm, ulcers, scald head, chilblains, pains in the bones or joints, old sores and ulcers, swelling of the glands syphilitic affections, mercurial affections, the effects of the X ray, diseases arising from the use of Mercury, loss of appetite, pain in the side and shoulders, general debility, lim ago, rheumatism, gravel, dropsy, jaundice, costiveness, bronchitis, weakness, sore throat, pulmonary affections, and all other diseases tending to produce consumption, liver complaint, dyspepsia indigestion and complaints of the stomach, and nervous headache, night sweats, rapidness, or impedimenta in the chest, dizziness, pains in the back and as a spring and summer drink, and general tonic for the system, and as a blood purifier it is unrivalled. It is superior to Rice Jack and Congress Water, exceeds Prickly Ash Bitters.

It is a remarkable fact that among the hundreds of eminent physicians who have used and prescribed which Duff's Extract, which is prepared, not one has condemned it, but all approved it as the most efficacious in the highest terms. *Many physicians express themselves strongly in the hope that it is destined to be the best Extract of Sarsaparilla that has ever been placed before the public. Although there are many Extracts, we feel a reluctance to having their merits appealed to in the recommendation of any particular preparation, considering they may approve of it in the highest degree, there are others who from a good feeling would be ready of a remedy which they know it capable of delivering north good in an afflicted community. As an evidence, read the following from old and reputable physicians of high standing in the community in which they live.*

Testimony

Testimony like the following renders superfluous all comments on the efficacy of Dull's Sarsaparilla. From Dr. L. P. Vandell, Professor of Chemistry in the Louisville Medical College, and Chemist for over the last ingredients compounding John Bull's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, and have no hesitation in saying that they form a safe compound, and one that promises well in chronic diseases to which it is specifically applicable.

Louisville, June 9, 1848. L. P. VANDELL, M.D.

What Dr. Foles, physician by appointment to the Louisville Marine Hospital, says of Bull's Sarsaparilla.

Louisville, March 29, 1848.

I have examined the prescription for the preparation of John Bull's Sarsaparilla, and I believe this compound to be an excellent one, and well calculated to produce an alterative impression on the system. I have used it in both public and private practice, and think it the best article of Sarsa. mills now in use.

M. FOLES, M. D.

President Physician Louisville Marine Hospital.

We earnestly invite all persons who are suffering with any of the ills that flesh is heir to, to call on Dr. John Bull's agent, and get a copy of Bull's Family Journal gratis and for the sake of humanity we hope that a single individual will not be found unwilling to try Bull' Sarsaparilla a TRIAL after reading and recollecting at the same time that it is impossible for the Doctor to put dish the tenth part of the number of certificates of astonishing cures performed by his Sarsaparilla. The amount of testimony voluntarily showered on Dr. Bull's Sarsaparilla, from well known and distinguished individuals, born in public and private life, has been perfectly overwhelming.

☞ **Principal Office**—81 Barclay street, New York, and No 1 Fifth street, Louisville, Ky.

☞ For particulars see free pamphlet. The above popular medicines have been received and are for sale by H. M. WOOSTER, Plymouth. sp16

DR. JOHN BULL'S AMERICAN

KING OF PAIN.

THIS is a powerful but truly magical remedy, only for all external diseases, sores, swellings, burns, &c., and for many internal afflictions is a certain cure, yet it is perfectly harmless, and incapable of producing the least injurious effects in the most delicate cases or the weakest constitution. It is entirely useless to follow the old and worn-out practice of publishing to the public thousands of certificates of wonders performed by this medicine. It costs but twenty-five cents to try it, and Dr. Bull stakes his well-earned reputation on the King of Pain doing all that is claimed for it, and more.

We would ask have you the Rheumatism or Gout; these are not pleasant companions, and we know that you would like to drive them away as soon as possible, then use

Bull's King of Pain.

Would you be cured almost immediately of Bowel Complaint, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Cholera-morbus, Cramp, Colic, Head Ache, Tooth or any other ache or pain, the remedy is King of Pain, and the cure certain.

Use the Great King of Pain.

Would you have your sores, swellings, cuts, burns, scalds, bruises, or any other wounds healed, we repeat it, use the

MAGICAL KING OF PAIN.

Would you be cured of scald head, stiff joints, sore throat, neuralgia, sore breast, lumbago, tetter or ring worm, salt rheum, bites of poisonous insects, chapped hands, or all other sores, either dry or running, we say again and again your remedy is Dr. John Bull's

KING OF PAIN.

Would you be cured of King's Evil, Cancer, Tumors, Eruptions, or any disease of the skin caused by impure blood, then use Dr. John Bull's Sarsaparilla, internally, and the King of Pain externally, nothing can be more certain than a speedy and effective cure. See free pamphlet. For sale by H. M. Wooster, Plymouth. sep16-y1w4-y

"Dress makes the man, the want of it, the fellow."

TRUSSES AND SUPPORTERS—For sale by H. M. WOOSTER. 26

Commercial Matters.

☞ In Plymouth and Sandusky markets there is no change from our last reports. In New York, Flour is selling at $8.75, 9.00, and 9.50, and $10.00 for extra. Wheat $1.75@1.8. Corn 81@82c. Oats, 59@55c. Rye $1.22@$1.23. Whiskey 41@42.

2000 lbs. Cheese

FROM THE BEST WESTERN RESERVE DAIRIES, on hand and for sale by

aug5 H. & W. ROGERS.

Mantillas & Shawls.

A RICH assortment of SUMMER SHAWLS, Silk, Crape and Barege, some beautiful Brochas; Mantillas of the latest spring styles, rich Mantilla Trimmings, Fringe, Silk Lace and Gimps, also beautiful assortment of Thread and Needlework, Edgings and Insertings, Undersleeves, Collars, etc. Hosiery and Gloves of all kinds, sizes and prices.

FITCH, HOLBROOK & DEE.

Next door to B. Hopkins', Dennan's Block, Plymouth, April 26 1854.

For Sale.

THE FARM formerly owned by G. A. Knight 1 mile north of New Haven, containing about 100 acres. The Barns, Tan Yard, and a number of Town Lots, with Buildings on part of them, formerly owned by Wm. V. B. Moore, Merritt Ward. Also one pair of horses, and 1 one horse spring wagon. Apply to

G. A. KNIGHT.

New Haven, Huron Co., Aug. 11, 1854

Goods at Cost!

METROPOLITAN!

Lawns,
Berege de Laines,
Tissues,

ANY of the above Goods, and many more, will be sold at COST, until the First of September next. Those who want bargains call and test the truth.

SPENCER & WRIGHT.

July 22, 1854.

Just Received

AT THE

Metropolitan Store,

OF

SPENCER & WRIGHT

A SELECTED ASSORTMENT OF ALL KINDS OF GOODS, which will make you LAUGH when you come to see the extra quality and very low prices. We are prepared to offer superior inducements to purchasers who want good goods, in the way of low prices. The stock consists in part of Prints, Lawns, Berages, De Laine, Summer Goods, Fancy Stripes, Checks, bleached, fine and heavy Sheetings.

HATS, CAPS and BONNETS—latest styles SILKS—striped and stripe and plain silks, Paramatas, Bleachers, Drills, a choice assortment of

GROCERIES

and CROCKERY, which almost every thing that you want can be found at the Metropolitan Store. We keep no time to say more at present, but come and look for yourselves. aug26

Unparalleled Bargains

IN

Plymouth Book, Stationery, Fancy VARIETY & WALL & WINDOW

PAPER STORE.

C. DUBOIS & SON have just received the *very cheapest and best assortment of Goods* in the South Side of the PUBLIC SQUARE in *Plymouth, the largest and best selected stock of Books, Stationery, Wall and Window Paper, and Fancy Notions, ever before offered in this market.* They have books in almost every department of *Literature, Law, Medicine, Science, &c, comprising the standard old* as well as the

New Publications of the Day.

School Books

variety, and of all kinds in general use

—STATIONERY—

In English and French Writing Papers, Note, of very fine quality, and of all sizes, to suit purchasers. Blank Books—Day Books, Justices' Dockets, ledgers, &c. *Wall Paper*—Fancy Goods, Fancy Goods, *Orders for Books not kept by us promptly attended to, and orders from Country Merchants here, (dealers,) will find it to their interest to call.*

Seymour & Barlett,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

OF EVERY KIND, BOTH

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC,

TIN, SHEETIRON, COPPER, AND COOKING, AND PARLOR STOVES,

Of every description.

CARPENTER'S, AND ALL KINDS OF MECHANICS' TOOLS, &c.

West corner of Public Square, PLYMOUTH.

We would particularly invite the attention of the public that they have and now are constantly receiving a large and general assortment of stoves specified above, and are determined to be out done in variety, quality nor in prices, and friends and customers, we would say you that we have two families to support, as our capital is small, and we sell at small gain or very short sums, and make quick sales and at a very small profit, we must have that have gone before us on this unlucky road. So if you have any complaints on us and see our stock, and if you see that you purchase what you want at five per cent more for cash than we do, go to Oban at Sam Mansfield or Norwalk, and save time and money, and find a better quality. We are grateful for your favors, and have had much of that disease in our family, but never know the Balsam to fail. We give this notice unsolicited, believing the remedy to be all it purports to be.—*Logansport (Ia.) Gazette.*

LIQUORS AT WHOLESALE.

R. WATSON,

139 CORNER OF LIBERTY & WATER STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

DEALER in Bacon Lard and Groceries of every kind, Old Rye Whisky, Cognac Brandy, Holland Gin, Jamaica Spirits, Wines and Cordials, Cherry Brandy, Ginger Brandy, Blandy.

☞ The attention of dealers in the above articles is respectfully solicited, as we confident in saying that we can furnish them in quality and price, equal to any establishment East or West. Orders promptly attended to. sep12-y

STOVES, STOVES.

POWERS & KINNEY,

HAVE received their fall and winter stock of Cooking and Parlor Stoves, for

WOOD OR COAL,

of every variety and size, which they offer for sale cheap.

Take the Lowest Kind of Prices.

Also, a large assortment of TIN WARE, which will be sold cheap. Call and see. 26

A GRAND ARRIVAL OF THE SEASON

At the Buffalo Store.

WILL you call and see our beautiful assortment of CHALLI, BAREGE, BAREGE DE LAINES, DE LAINES, SWISS MUSLINS, SILKS, &c.

FITCH, HOLBROOK & DEE.

Plymouth, April 20, 1854.

MONONGAHELA WHISKEY—Five years old. June 10 H. M. WOOSTER. 26

Hardware.

POWERS & KINNEY have on hand a large assortment of Hardware, Nails, Iron, Glass Sash, Carpenters Tools, etc., for sale low for cash. 26

NOTICE.

I WOULD respectfully request all who are indebted to me by Notes and Book Account, and now particularly those past due, to call and settle the same immediately, and thereby save costs, and oblige the subscriber.

July 27, 1855. S. H. STARR.

Fifth Arrival

AT

J. DEVENY, JR'S,

CLOTHING AND SHOE

EMPORIUM

THE subscriber has just returned from the Eastern cities, where he has selected his Fall stock, and he wishes to call the attention of his customers and patrons, that he is daily receipt of the FALL STYLES OF OVERCOATING, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, which he is prepared to make to order, in the neatest and shortest notice.

He is also receiving the Fall Styles of HATS, including "KNOW NOTHING," "WIDE AWAKE," "BEAVER," &c.

ALSO—A good assortment of Fine Embroidered Shirts, Silk Cuspenders and Drawers, Merino do, Gaiters and Shoes, Gloves, and in fact everything in the line of FURNISHING GOODS, from the cheapest to the best. Give me a call.

The cheapest place in town to buy BOOTS and SHOES is at JOHN DEVENY, JR.'s.

Plymouth, Aug. 12, '54. Odd Fellow's Block.

NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED AT

POWERS & KINNEY'S

CHEAP CASH STORE.

Corner Sandusky street and the Public Square.

THE attention of the public is called to the new stock of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS

now arriving daily from the Eastern cities, in addition to their large assortment of goods. Their goods have been purchased for cash, and are very anxious to sell so cheap, if not cheaper, than any of our neighbors. In the stock will be found every article and the greatest variety of Ladies' Dress Goods and Trimmings, and general assortment of Dry Goods.

GROCERIES

AND

HARDWARE,

of all kinds. Also a large and extensive assortment of

HATS, CATS, SHOES, CROCKERY,

and in fact everything that can be found in any store in this country, all of which will be sold at VERY LOWEST cash price. Those seeking to purchase will be paid for their trouble by calling at the Cheap Cash Store, and examine their stock, where they will be found cheaper by twenty-five per cent, than those stores that purchase goods on credit. It is unnecessary to explain the reason why we can sell goods so low as we purchase for cash. A word to the wise is sufficient. may27 POWERS & KINNEY.

New Arrangement!

FITCH HOLBROOK & DEE.

OF BUFFALO, N. Y.

Successors to T. W. CROWELL,

PLYMOUTH.

RE now opening the Spring trade at the old store, one of the largest and most attractive stocks of

Fancy and Staple Goods, Hats, Caps, Boots and Ready Made Clothing, &c.

ever offered in this market. As one of the firm will be in the eastern cities all the year, consequently we think, and with confidence assert, that we can sell to buyers goods as low as any house in the Western States, that are only in the market a small portion of the time. Believing the fairest system of sell ing goods is to have uniform prices, and less profits than can possibly be made by those who credit, we shall, as usual, endeavor to make it the interest of every one to buy on the above terms.

☞ Country produce taken in exchange, and will find him as usual, ready to serve them.

Plymouth, March 11, 1854.tf

GREAT BARGAINS

AT THE

GREAT EMPORIUM,

FROM this date until the first day of September next, will be sold at New York cost, Lawns, Berages, Tissues, Silks, Laines, Robe de Laize, Dress Patterns, Silk Tissues, Dotted and Figured Mulls, various styles of Summer Shawls, Silk and Satin Parasols, Bonnets, Ribbons, Under Sleeves, Chemizetts, Collars, &c.

All in want of such goods will do well to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. July 27 S. H. STARR.

Attention Builders and Others.

I HAVE on hand and for sale,

100 Boxes superior Window Glass, all sizes;

5 Tons of pure white lead, dry and ground in oil, put up in 1 and 2 lb. cans;

10,000 lights of Window Sash, all sizes,

500 lbs. Paris Green, and a large stock of Colors, consisting of

Chrome Green, Chrome Yellow, Imperial Green, American Vermillion, Chinese do.

Ultramarine Blue, Prussian Blue, Red Lead, Litharge, Venitian Red, Spanish Brown, &c.

Also Paint Brushes, Varnish Brushes, Brunzes, Gold and Silver Bronze, Japan, Furniture Varnish, Linseed Oil. The attention of Carpenters is invited to my stock. All Goods warranted as represented or no sale.

Plymouth, June 10-ally H. M. WOOSTER.

BUSHFIELD'S

Nerve and Bone Liniment,

MR. MCGUFFET—I feel it a duty I owe to mankind as well as to the proprietor of this valuable Liniment, to state what benefits I received from the use of one bottle of it. About six months ago I was taken with rheumatism in my right arm, which rendered me unable to use it until a few weeks ago. I had been using the treatment of physicians and tried many remedies, but never found any relief until I despair of ever having the use of my arm again. But I am happy to say that that feeling of despondency has been removed through the efficacy of "Bushfield's Nerve and Bone Liniment," I can honestly recommend it to those afflicted with rheumatism, and also for strains, bruises, &c.

If you think best you can use my name in making this statement public. R. L. LONG.

New Salem, O., April 8, 1854.

☞ For sale by Dr. Long Store of H. M. WOOSTER, Plymouth, at 25c per bottle.

MORGAN'S WORM KILLER.

WARREN, O., October 20, 1853.

MR. JAS. MCGUFFET—Dear Sir, I feel entirely out of Morgan's Worm Killer. It sells rapidly, and is fast driving the thousand-and-one Nostrums completely out of the Market. Having tested it most thoroughly I am free to say that there is none now in use, that is preferable to it, and I will be ready to order more immediately, five dozen of it. My calls for it are daily. Many cases are being reported to me of cures being effected by this medicine, that are really wonderful. The lives of three children have been saved by it, in this town, Wellington, Respectfully, S. HARRINGTON.

For sale in Plymouth, by H. M. Wooster

Pumps.

NOT for Dancing, but for supplying the whole world with good water. Chain Pumps, lay my whole, or sold in parts to suit purchasers, the department of water and sewerage.

SEYMOUR & BARTLETT.

HOORAUCH

FOR

HOORAUCH

MISSOURI is peopling Nebraska with Slaveocrats and Massachusetts with Freemen or Liberty-crats, and Turkey is whipping Russia and Russia is whipping Turkey, and Plymouth for the side that beats—and besides these two great affairs, there is a great excitement at this time at the BARBER'S SHOP, on account of the great inducements—a large and general assortment of goods on hand and receiving every day, which will be sold off from day to day in lots to suit purchasers, and at prices to suit purchasers. Yes, fellow-citizens, everyone knows that trades with HOORNBEEK or has ever patronized his goods, that they are cheap, and he would say just now that he has reduced the price in order to induce you to buy larger and call in new customers with a view to making room for another very large stock that he intends to buy in August next. Don't forget the place—Nearly at the Broad sign on the awning. July15

STEAM SAW MILL.

THE subscribers having purchased the Steam Saw Mill formerly owned by the e-idow Ogden, in Richmond township, Huron county, 3 miles west of New Haven, have refitted and refurnished, and are now fully prepared to do anything in their line, on the shortest notice, lumber constantly on hand and for sale.

Lumber sawed into any kind of stuffs either on shares or by the M, on the most reasonable terms, and much cheaper than can be purchased or sawed in this section of country.

A share of patronage is solicited.

SOUDER & Co.

New Haven, June 10, 1854-3m*

WESTERN EXCHANGE,

South-east corner of the Public Square

Plymouth, Ohio.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the traveling community, that he has taken the above House (formerly kept by H. Lininger) in Plymouth, and having thoroughly repaired it, is now well prepared to accommodate travelers and others. His table will always be supplied with the best the market affords. His stables (lately repaired) are under the care of attentive ostlers. sep22-3m JOHN SMITH.of

ATTENTION

CLERGYMEN & CHURCH MEMBERS, and the rest of mankind—

Infidelity—Its Causes, Aspects and Agencies.

Pulpit Cyclopedia—500 sketches and sketches of sermons.

Preachers' Manual.

Sermons Preached—Voices of the Dead, of the Day, of the Night.

Selections, or the Blessed Life Church Treasure.

The Blood, &c.

Thought for the Afflicted.

Remainism, not Christianity.

The Christian in trance.

Reason and Faith and Essays.

Eclipse of Faith.

Finney's Lectures on Revivals.

Abbott's Young Christian's series, &c.

The above are but a few of the excellent books for sale by A. C. DUBOIS & SON, which you should buy and read and aid in giving extensive circulation. July15

AMERICAN HOUSE

North of Public Square,

PLYMOUTH, OHIO.

G. W. JINKS, Proprietor.

In connection with this house is a fine *LIVERY STABLE*, where horses and carriages can be had at all times.

The above property is offered for sale cheap, and on long time, if desired, to a good and in good repair, and will be sold on most favorable terms. It is in a most excellent location for business, and the best in this town. Inquire of the subscriber, or at the house.

PLYMOUTH MILL,

ON THE RIVER, east of Plymouth

This mill was built exclusively for

CUSTOM WORK

and is ready at all times to grind wheat Buckwheat, corn, or rye clean. The people of Plymouth and the surrounding country, is respectfully solicited.

Your customs on hand,

and for sale at the Mill.

Plymouth, Oct. 29, 1853. S. P. WEBBER.

MASONIC LODGE

THE REGULAR communication of Plymouth Lodge, preceeding the full moon

E. S. SPENCER, W. M.

E. D. LORD, D. J. W. H. P. DAY, S. W.

D. BARGHMAN, Sec.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

REGULAR Meetings of Plymouth Division, No. 128, Sons of Temperance, are held every Saturday evening, in Temperance Hall.

GEO. CONNELL, W. P.

R. F. MCCONAHY, R. S. n9

I. O. O. F.

Plymouth Lodge No 90

meets every Thursday Evening at 7 o'clock.

M. P. WRIGHT, N. G.

J. T. ADAMS, Secretary. 8

J. W. BEEKMAN,

Attorney at Law & Solicitor in Chancery

WILL attend to all business entrusted to him in the counties of Richland, Huron, Erie, Ashland, Seneca and Crawford.

OFFICE—Over the Book Store of A. C. Dubois & Sons. Plymouth, Oct. 25.

ESTABLISHED IN 1837.

STARK COUNTY

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THOS. S. BONFIELD, President.

THOMAS GOODMAN, Sec'y.

Office of the Company, CANTON, Ohio.

☞ Policies issued on either the Mutual Cash Plan.

Apply to WM. CASE, Agent, Plymouth. 6

PURE CATAWBA WINE of Longworth's Vintage of 1851, on hand and sold by

June 10. H. M. WOOSTER.

VINEGAR—10 barrels Cider Vinegar, for sale

June 10 H. M. WOOSTER.

LAMPS—A fine assortment of Solar Lamps, suitable for Churches, Parlors and Stores.

June 10 H. M. WOOSTER.

FRENCH GLASS—Large sizes for Picture Frames, sold by H. M. WOOSTER.

THERMOMETER CHURN—A full supply of these justly celebrated Churns on hand, and for sale by WOOSTER.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS—Violins, Flutes, Fifes, Accordeons, Guitars, Banjos, &c, on hand and for sale by LIGHT & HOFMAN.

EXCELLENT Swedes Cable—some of it to be had yet at *D. HORNBEEK'S.*

A FRESH ARRIVAL, direct from New York—the first arrival of the season. march25 SPENCER & WRIGHT.

BURKE'S BAKING POWDERS—For sale by

GENERAL assortment of Saddlery and Hardware, at HOORNBEEK'S.

NOTICE.

THE BOOKS formerly belonging to WM. R. MOORE, are in the hands of G. A. KNIGHT, who is duly authorized to settle the same. G. A. KNIGHT. G. S. CURTISS, Receiver.

may27 WM. V. B. MOORE.

DR. D. BRAGG'S

AGUE BALSAM

For Fever and Ague, Remittent, Intermittent and Intermittent Fevers.

AND ALL THE VARIOUS FORMS OF

BILIOUS DISEASES

It contains neither Quinine, nor any form of mineral or vegetable poison, whatever. ASK for the AGUE BALSAM, and be indisputable nothing else.

GENERAL WESTERN AGENT,

H. M. WOOSTER, Plymouth, O

Sold in Plymouth, by H. M. WOOSTER; Shelby, George W. Moore; Waynesburg, Sims & Son; Bucyrus R. T. Johnston & Co.; New Washington, Wm. H. Pratt; Attica, Wm. Ringtinger; Clutfield, Webber & Cortright; Rome, Daniel Pfeifer; Monroeville, Joseph Dell; and by dealers in Medicine throughout the country. oc-1y25

Great Inducements

AT THE GREAT

EMPORIUM

OF

S. H. STARR,

ON THE NORTH SIDE OF BROADWAY.

Plymouth.

THE subscriber has just returned from New York, where he has selected a choice assortment of goods, and is now and will be daily receiving direct from the Importers and Manufacturers the largest and best selected stocks of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, HATS, CAPS, BONNETS,

&c., that has ever been brought to this place. *Having purchased at greatly reduced prices, I can and will sell As cheap as the cheapest for Cash,* or ready pay. His Goods are none of your poor second quality and old stuff, that can be bought for nothing, good for nothing in the end, but use of the best quality and latest styles, such as will give perfect satisfaction to the purchaser. Patrons in want of goods will find it to their advantage to examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere. ☞ Please remember that Dollars can be saved by purchasing at the GREAT EMPORIUM STORE, consequently the store is crowded daily with customers, seeking bargains, and none have been disappointed.

☞ Quick sales—small profits and short pay to the

S. H. STARR.

Plymouth, May 13.

BOERHAVE'S

Electro Chemical Aroma.

GENUINE HOLLAND BITTERS.

From LOUIS A. DISBAUX, Chemist and Pharmacutist in Rochester, the only Manufacturer.

A PURELY VEGETABLE COMPOUND, prepared on strictly scientific principles after the manner of the celebrated Hollandist Professor Boerhave. Because of its great success in most of the American States, its introduction into the United States was intended more especially for those of our Father Land scattered here and there over the face of this mighty country. Meeting with great success among them, I now offer it to the American public, satisfied that its truly medicinal virtues must be acknowledged. Bitters, as a tonic, are to be expressed from the use, for many diseases arising from disorders of the stomach, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Headache, Costiveness, Nervous Debility, Constipation of the Bowels Cramp, Colic, Diarrhea, Dysentery.

It is particularly recommended to those persons whose occupations may have been imposed by the continuous use of ardent spirits, or other forms of dissipation. Generally speaking, it is a tonic, but it acts directly in the seat of life, thrilling and quickening every nerve, taking up the drooping spirits, and in fact, raising one with such vigor and strength.

Near genuine without my Signature.

Sold by the proprietor, Pittsburgh, Aug. 24, 1853.

My Dear Pogo, Dr. Dear Sir—My sincere thanks are due the friend recommending your Holland Bitters. Having so fared for some time with headache, loss of appetite, mental depression, and the general debility of the system, I now feel, after using but one bottle, conscious of regaining health.

NICOLOUS SCHOETTE.

Sold by the proprietor.

Drug and Chemical Home, cor. Third and Smithfield streets, and Wylie-st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

For sale by H. M. WOOSTER, Plymouth.

D. BREWER,

MANUFACTURER OF

CARRIAGES, WAGONS, &c.,

MANSFIELD, OHIO.

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Plymouth and vicinity, that he is prepared to do everything pertaining to his business in good style, and on as reasonable terms, as can be done elsewhere. He has on hand, or can make to order,

Carriages, Buggies and Wagons,

to which he invites the attention of those wishing to purchase.

Black-smithing, Painting and Trimming, and all kinds of custom work, will be done at the shortest notice, in the best styles. D. BREWER.

Plymouth, October 22, 1854

J. MORFOOT,

DEALER IN

Saddles & Harness

SADDLER'S HARDWARE, &c.

J. MORFOOT would respectfully inform the citizens of Plymouth and the surrounding country, that he is now prepared to offer the public the best endeavors to merit a share of the patronage of the profession of a

Worthy Tailor.

He has now ready for the inspection of the public, a large assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, double faced

SPANISH HIDES,

an article to which he would ask the special attention of those wishing to purchase. Also,

COMMON SADDLES,

from $5 upward in great variety. His stock of HARNESS,

is large, and was made by the best workmen in the country, so approved and warranted.

He has Plated Harness, at 15 dollars, Coarse Harness from fifteen down to twenty-five dollars, and shall try to beat any so well made, and he warrants them perfect in every detail. SINGLE HARNESS

carefully finished, and double, from ten to eighteen dollars. Give him a call and examine his stock and workmen. His shop is located opposite the Exchange Hotel, where he will be pleased to see his friends in quantity or customers. Call and see

TO SHOEMAKERS.—Sole Leather are prepared to offer the best inducements to buyers, viz: Kip, Calf, Morocco, Kid, Lining and Binding Thread, Tacks, Lasts and Boot Trees, Shoe Knives, Rit and Fingers, which they are willing to buy at as from fifteen to twenty-five per cent less than those who are anything in this line. may15

PLYMOUTH, May 13, 1854.

Messrs Editors: Please stop the press to announce to your many anxious patrons, that the firm of STARR and CARR have purchased their extensive and elegant stock of Boots & Shoes in the village of New York—and have opened a stock in Plymouth, where they will not tax your patience at this time by undertaking to enumerate or describe the goods to be now prepared, but say to your subscribers to call and be convinced as I have been. Yours, truly,

H. M. WOOSTER.

Drugs and Medicines,

CHEMICALS, WINDOW GLASS, Linseed Oil, Nine Patent Medicines, &c.

PAINT WORK GOODS.

DR. H. AUSTIN,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office and Residence, Sandusky street, one door south of the Public Square.

LIGHT & HOFMAN

Which they will sell at the lowest price for cash. *Plymouth* may27

A. H. BEEBE
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
FANCY DRY GOODS,
AND YANKEE NOTIONS,
No. 97 Bank street, Cleveland Ohio.
N. Y. & BOSTON BILLS DUPLICATED.
april8-tf

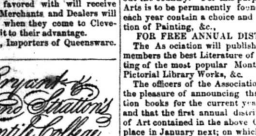
Bishop, Remington & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
WINES, AND LIQUORS,
No. 13 Merwin-st. Cleveland, Ohio, and No. 68 Water-st. New York.

ARE now receiving a new spring stock of Wines and Liquors, of their own importation, which they would call the attention of Dealers. They pledge themselves to sell on as liberal terms as can be offered elsewhere. Orders respectfully solicited. april-6m

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.
AT WHOLESALE.
No. 43 Bank street, Cleveland, Ohio.

WE would respectfully call the attention of the merchants of Richland, Huron and Crawford Counties, to our large stock of **CROCKERY & GLASS WARE,** which we offer exclusively at wholesale. Any orders we may be favored with will receive prompt attention. Merchants and Dealers will please give us a call when they come to Cleveland—we will make it to their advantage.

J. FOGG & CO., Importers of Queensware.
april8tf



Superior-st., Cleveland, Ohio.

DIRECTORS.
Hon. J. R. Giddings, M. C. Hon. C. G. Finney,
Hon. R. Griswold, Prez Lorin Andrews,
Hon. Samuel Hitchcock, Prof. Rodney Dennis,
Hon. H. D. Cleveland, Prof. R. Spencer,
Hon. B. F. Tweadale, F. P. Ladue,
W. F. Otis, Cyrus Prentiss,
W. J. Gordon, Henry Wick.

PRINCIPALS.
H. B. BRYANT, JAS. WASHINGTON LUSK,
A. D. WHIGHT STRATTON,
FACULTY.

H. B. Bryant, Professor of the Science of Accounts.
H. Dwight Stratton, Associate Professor in the several Departments.
Sarah L. Spencer, Instructress in the Ladies' Writing Department.
Hezekiah Stark weather and H. D. Clark, Lecturers on Commercial Law.
President Asa Mahan, Lecturer on Political Economy.
Benerette E. White, Lecturer on Commercial Geography.

TERMS.

For full course in Double Entry Book keeping Penmanship, &c., time unlimited, 40.00
For full course in Ladies' Department, 30.00
For separate course of instruction in Spencerian Penmanship, 5.00
For various styles in Ornamental Penmanship, as agreed upon.

The Principals of this Institution design making it one of the best seminaries in the United States for imparting a thorough and practical knowledge of the art vocative of the Counting Room, and business pursuits in general. Book keeping in all its departments, is used by the most accomplished modern Accountants, will be taught in a thorough and successful manner.

This department is under the personal superintendence of one of the best accountants in the United States. Mercantile College is the West possesses superior, if equal advantages for imparting a practical knowledge of Commercial Science.

Commercial Geography is an important and interesting branch, which has never until the present time been connected with Mercantile science.

The Spencerian system of Penmanship in all its forms, will be taught by the author P. R. Spencer and D. W. Lusk. No institution in America offers superior facilities to the for imparting a finest and systematic penmanship.

The Ladies' Department is entirely separate from the gentlemen's, and is fitted up in a most elegant and convenient style. Business men can be supplied with the most reliable Accountants by application at the office. The principals of this Institution can render efficient aid to the graduates in securing good situations.

Expense for a Circular by mail. april 8 ly

Mercantile College.
CLEVELAND.
E. G. FOLSOM, PRINCIPAL.
incorporated May 9, 1851.

FACULTY.

E G Folsom, A B, Principal, Teacher of Practical and Ornamental Penmanship.
F P Goodhue, Superintendent, Prof of the Theory and Practice of Book keeping, and Lecturer on Mercantile Science Several Lectures of Trade, Accounts Grey and Hollister, Assistants in Book keeping Department.
Geo Willey, Thos H Hay, and D B Palmer of the Cleveland Bar, Lecturers on Mercantile Law.
Rev. E. M. Tevis and J. C. Vaughan, Esq. Lecturer on Political Economy.
F B Spencer, Lecturer on the History of Commerce and the Art of Computation.

TERMS.

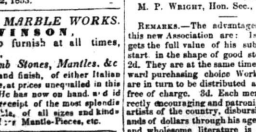
For the Merchant's Course, time unlimited, $40.00
The same to Ladies, 25.00
Twenty lessons in practical Penmanship, simply 5.00
For full course in Penmanship, &c. 20.00

The Principal of this Institution, from the study and experiences of the mercantile community has recently acquired some of the oldest men in the state as Instructors and Lecturers in the various departments of the College.

The Professor of the Science of Accounts, has had an experience of eight or ten years in a Commercial Affairs, alternating his time, partly as Teacher, in the Mercantile Colleges of Cincinnati, Pittsburgh and Cleveland and partly as an actual book keeper in the best business houses in the country. These qualifications, so desirable, as they are so seldom found in our mercantile schools will enable the college to impart more thorough knowledge of the real minutia of Practical and Theoretical Book keeping, than can be had anywhere else in any similar institution in the United States.

For further particulars see Circulars just issued and the regular catalogues. Send for them by mail.

Dentistry.



DR. LORD, would respectfully inform inform the inhabitants of Pittsburgh and the surrounding towns, that he is prepared to insert from one to a whole set of teeth, on Gold Plate, in the most improved manner. Particular attention paid to filling carious teeth, thereby arresting further decay. Office open from 9 to 6 o'clock.

Office—Over Hornbeck's Store.
Plymouth, Oct 2, 1853.

PLYMOUTH MARBLE WORKS.
B. VINSON,
IS prepared to furnish at all times, his manufactory of
Monuments, Tomb Stones, Mantles. &c
of the best style and finish, of either Italian or American Marble, at prices unequalled in this Western country. He has on hand, and is constantly in the receipt of the most splendid specimens of Marble, of all sizes and kinds of Fancy Mantle Pieces, etc.

I. E. WEBSTER,
DEALER IN
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.
North side of Public Square,
PLYMOUTH, OHIO.

I. E. WEBSTER, would inform the citizens of Plymouth and vicinity, that he has just received, in his time, at the shortest notice He will keep constantly on hand, a well-selected stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES,

and Provisions, comprising everything a family may need. He has fitted up in connection with the above business a

Oyster Saloon,

at which he would invite the attention of those fond of the bivalves. They will be served up in every style. His saloon is fitted up in suitable style for the ladies, gentlemen, &c.

Cigars of different varieties, constantly on hand.

Railroad House,
FAIRFIELD, HURON CO., O.
A. C. ALLEN, Proprietor.

THIS house has been lately refitted and refurnished, and the proprietor will spare no pains to make it all the public can require in a house of entertainment. Terms—Fifty Cents a day. June 17, 1854—y35tf

$100 To Poets!

THE Directors of the COSMOPOLITAN ART AND LIBRARY ASSOCIATION, lately organized in Sandusky City, O., for the encouragement and general diffusion of Literature and Art, offer a Prize of One Hundred Dollars for the best Ode to Power's World-Renowned GREEK SLAVE, which with many other valuable works of art to be distributed among the members of the above Association.

The Odes, which should not exceed fifty lines in length, must be handed in previous to the 1st of October, at which time a committee of literary gentlemen of New York, whose names will appear, will decide upon the merits and award the prize to the successful competitor.

Poets in sending in their productions will please give the first stanza of their ode, together with their real name and address, in a separate sealed envelope. Communications should be addressed post paid, to C. L. DEBRY,
Actuary C. A. & L. A.
Care Knickerbocker Office, 548 Broadway, N. Y.
aug12 or 3 Water-st., Sandusky.

THE COSMOPOLITAN
ART & LITERARY ASSOCIATION.

THIS new Association is designed to encourage and popularise the Fine Arts, and disseminate pure and elegant Literature throughout the country. For this purpose a Gallery of Arts is to be permanently founded, which will each year contain a choice and valuable collection of Painting, Sculpture, &c.

FOR FREE ANNUAL DISTRIBUTION.

The As ociation will publish and issue to its members the best literature of the day, consisting of the most popular Monthly Magazines, Pictorial Library Works, &c.

The stock of the Association for 1854 have the pleasure of announcing that the subscription books for the current year are now open, and that the first number of the Gallery of Art contained in the above Gallery will take place in January next; on which occasion there will be distributed among the members of the Associati n, free of charge, several hundred superb Works of Art, among which there will be the original and world-renowned statue of Hiram Powers' THE GREEK SLAVE,

purchased at an expense of over $5,000! Also, a large and very choice selection of magnificent OIL PAINTINGS, consisting of the best productions of celebrated American and Foreign Artists, among which are the works of Read, Kensett, Gignoux, Griswold, Frankenstein, and other eminent American Artists, which, with the constant additions made through the agent now in Europe, will render this by far the most complete Gallery of Art in the United States.

The LITERATURE published for dissemination among the members of the Association in 1854, will consist of the following popular monthly Magazines, viz: The Knickerbocker, New York Monthly, Harper's, Putnam's, Graham's, and Godey's Lady Book, together with the following Quarterly Reviews, reprinted in New York, viz: Westminster, London Quarterly, North British and Edinburgh Review. All of which are three dollar magazines. This Association's objects are all. Any person on the payment of $1 becomes a member, and receives for one year either of the above magazines or Reviews, or one year, and also a FREE TICKET in the annual distribution of Paintings, Statuary &c. All persons who take five memberships are entitled to any five of the Magazines or year and six tickets to the distribution.

The wide spread fame of the above periodicals render it needless to say anything in their praise, as it is universally conceded that as for every purpose they are far in advance of any other in the world. The publisher's price of each of which are invariably $3 a year, but by becoming a member of this association, in addition to all the two-fold benefit of three dollars worth of sterling literature and a ticket in the distribution of a valuable work of art, one of the choice works of art in the country, even superior to that of the old American Art Union.

The Fine Arts are to be encouraged in members by small, each month, from New York and Philadelphia.

The net proceeds derived by this Association from the sale of memberships will be devoted expressly to the purchase of Works of Art for the ensuing year.

The Gallery of the Association will be located at Sandusky City, Ohio, where superb Granite Buildings are being erected or it, and will soon be open to visitors.

Eastern and Western offices for subscriptions will be located in New York and Sandusky

Persons intending to del f membership should state the month with which they wish their magazines to commence, and also their postoffice address in full, so the proper work, certificate of membership, together with the magazine desired, will be forwarded to any part of the country.

The increasing interest felt in the advancement of the Fine Arts, warrants the belief that the Association will, with the powerful aid of Literature, become at once

UNIVERSALLY POPULAR,

as it not only cultivates a taste among the Fine Arts, but disseminates sterling literature throughout the land, thereby adapting itself to the present wants and tastes of the American people, enabling both rich and poor to enjoy the most pleasant and attractive, by the aid of Sculpture, Paintings, and the best reading matter which the wide range of American and Foreign literature affords.

The Managers have determined that all which energy and industry can do, combined with liberal and liberal expenditure, shall be done, in order to extend the usefulness of the Association, and to augment its power in spreading the true interests of Art in the United States.

The new Gallery Rooms in Sandusky are being rapidly completed, in which the choice collection now forming in New York will be exhibited

New volumes of the magazines commence in July, presenting an excellent opportunity for joining a member. Each member is entitled to two volumes a year, and can commence with any number or month of he magazines, or any year last. Books are now open to receive names. Office of the Association in the Knickerbocker Office, No 548 Broadway, New York and at No. 3 Water st., Sandusky Address street office.

C. L. DEBRY,
Actuary C. A. & L. A.

M. P. Wright, Hon. Sec., Plymouth, Ohio.

REMARKS.—The advantages and benefits of this new Association are: 1st. Every person gets the full value of his subscription at the start in the shape of good sterling literature. 2d. They are at the same time contributing toward purchasing choice Works of Art, which are in turn to be distributed among themselves free of charge. 3d. Each member is indirectly encouraging and patronizing the arts and artists of the country, disbursing many thousands of dollars through his agency. 4th. Good and wholesome literature is at the same time disseminated throughout the country at a price within the reach of all.

The above, with many other peculiar advantages, are derived by becoming a member of this Association. The inducements are decidedly far superior to those of the Old American Art Union, in which memberships were $5, and a steel engraving, while this Association is in $3 a membership and fresh monthly literature to the amount of three dollars are guaranteed to every member.

N. B. The magazines are forwarded every month to members, commencing at the time of their subscription is received, or with whatever number they may chose to commence with.

Sandusky, Aug. 12, 1854.

Produce Dealers.

POWERS & KINNEY, are prepared at all times to pay the highest prices in cash, for Wheat, Corn, Oats, Rye, Timothy, Flax and Clover Seeds. 23

SPEAKING OF WOMAN'S SPHERE—Ladies how can you so easily elevate yourselves, or by calling in at Seely & Case's and getting a pair of *Isaiah Gaiters.* June 10.

SUGAR—Loaf, crushed and refined, for sale by April22 H. & W. ROGERS.

Breadstuffs
ADVANCING

NOW are all kinds of Leather, yet Anderson is selling Blank Books cheaper than ever. A large stock of every kind in use has just been received.

A fine lot of Paper, Envelopes, and all kinds of stationery, at the Book Store, Jackson opening, which can be furnished to the trade or to consume a set very low rates.

A large quantity of Sheet Music always on hand for sale at cheap rates.

Musical Instruments, such as Violins, Flutes, Guitars, Accordeons, &c., selling off at cost to close business.

All kinds of Printing stock, such as Ink, Papers, Cards, &c., which cannot be beat for quality and prices, now at the Book Store. Any orders from abroad will meet with prompt attention.

GEO. J. ANDERSON.
Sandusky, Ohio, July 1st, 1854.

Hardware at Wholesale & Retail.
Corner of Water-st., and Columbus-st. Sandusky.

THE subscriber has just received his spring and summer supply of goods, and invites the attention of merchants, Railroad companies and contractors on public works, to his extensive stock of **American and Foreign Hardware,** which he offers himself at all times to furnish everything as low as any establishment west of Buffalo. His stock consists in part as follows:

Nail Spikes, Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Axes, Chains, Crow-bars, Shovels, Saws, Joiners, Tools, Drawer Tools, Spike Mauls, Chisels, Hand Axes, Augers, Hammers, Files, Brazes and Bitts, Trimmings, Mattocks, Pick Axes, Drills, Levels, Butts, Screws, Wrenches, &c., all of which will be sold low for cash or approved credit April-tf

SAWS.—Hand Cross Cut Saws; Pit Saws; Mill Saws; Muley Saws; Circular Saws, from 6 to 40 inches for sale cheap.
april-tf W. V. MOSS, Sandusky.

MOSS, Sandusky, has 50 dozen axes of various patterns, for sale cheap. april-tf

75 DOZ. Ames' Shovels, and 25 doz. Rowland's for sale at very low prices.
april-tf W. V. MOSS.

LEATHER BELTING.—2,000 feet Belting of all widths, from 2 to 12 inches wide, for sale at manufacturer's prices. W. V. MOSS.

WHEELBARROWS—300 Railroad Wheelbarrows on hand, and for sale. Railroad Contractors are invited to call.
april-tf W. V. MOSS.

COIL CHAINS.—All sizes from 3-16 inch, for sale cheap. W. V. MOSS.

LARGE lot of Steel Springs on hand, and for sale cheap.
april tf W. V. MOSS, Sandusky

NUTS AND WASHERS.—A large supply on hand, and for sale cheap.
april tf W. V. MOSS, Sandusky.

JUST RECEIVED—300 Kegs Nails, and 100 kegs wrought spikes, for sale at Cleveland and Pittsburgh prices.
april W. V. MOSS, Sandusky.

BLACKSMITH TOOLS, Anvils, Vices and Bellows, a fine assortment, for sale cheap.
april tf W. V. MOSS Sandusky.

HARDWARE OF ALL KINDS.
UHL & DARLING,

Register Building, (Camp's Block) Sandusky, O

WOULD invite the attention of those in want of any article in the Hardware line to their extensive stock of heavy and shelf Hardware, Cutlery, Mechanic's Tools, &c., which is in part as stated below:

Anvils, Vices, Axes, Hatchets, Pocket-knives, Crow Bars, Chains Knives and Forks, Hames, Shovels, Tinners, Files, Mattocks and Hoes, Shears and Scissors, Hammers, mason's and Brace and Bits, sledge, Nail Hammers, Rules, Cut, wrought and floor Drawing-knives, saws, Spades, Spikes, Hinges, Planes, Glass, Spike Mauls, Cooper & Joiner's tools, Smith's Bellows, Hinges, Spoons, Japan Ware Steels and Blacksmiths' Tools, Cast Steel, Curry combs, Razor-strops, Screws, Locks and Latches, Screws, Steelyards, Pump Fixtures, &c.

Including Reel's Galvanic Chain, Pine, Poplar and Zinc Tubing, Wood and Iron Curbs.
Sandusky, Jan. 31, 1854. 17tf

SALE & GIBBS,
Water-st. Sandusky, Ohio.
DEALERS IN

Stoves, Agricultural Implements, etc.

NOW on hand a large and complete assortment, consisting in part of Starbuck and Eagle Ploughs, the best in use, the draft being three less than any other; Hard and Post Cornshellers, from ten to thirty dollars; Straw, Hay and Straw Cutters, Geddes Butterfly Churns, from 12 to 40 quart; Iron teeth, Dairy Furnace Kettle, Cauldrons, Brass and Copper Kettles, Thermometers, Cylinder Churns and every implement the farmer uses.

They would call particular attention to their new styles of BATHS, consisting of Shower Hot Pits and Long Bathing tubs ranging from 3 to 15 dollars. Also Water Cooler and Filters of all sizes, Refrigerators and Meat Safes.

They have on hand a large assortment of Stoves for Dwellings and Stores, Tray and Albany Cook and Parlor Stoves in great variety, Tea Ware, etc. The attention of farmers invited. April 1—6m

St. Lawrence Hotel
(LATE EXCHANGE HOTEL)
Water-st., Sandusky, Ohio.

HAS recently been fitted up in the most neat and elegant style for the reception of the traveling public. No expense has been spared by the proprietor to render it an agreeable place of rest, and to every attention. An Omnibus is always in waiting at the cars and steamers to convey patrons to and from the House, and all may be assured of the utmost attention to their wants and comfort. R. E. COLT,
aprl8f Proprietor.

TEDEHAM PORTER. ANDREW LYTLE.

Porter & Lytle,
(LATE S. PORTER AND CO.,)
Wholesale Grocers,
And Commission Merchants,
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,
COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS, WATER-ST.
Sandusky, Ohio.

CONSTANTLY on hand very large stocks of the above named articles, to which they invite the attention of Country Dealers. They pledge themselves to sell on as good terms as can be obtained either at Buffalo or Cleveland prompt filled. June 7-h8

GILT & ROSEWOOD FRAMES.

THE undersigned is prepared to furnish frames for engraving, either Gilt or Rosewood, made to order of any size, and has also on hand a large lot of gilt frames ready made, fitted with glass, suitable for photographic cases, &c., size 12 by 15 inches. The assortment of colored lithographs and Steel Engravings kept constantly in store. The above can be packed safely and cheaply for express to any place. GEO. J. ANDERSON.
Sandusky, Ohio, July 1st, 1854.

CARPENTER TOOLS of Sheffield Manufacture; the best in market, and for sale cheap. W. V. MOSS, Sandusky.

THE Hydropathic Encyclopedia by Dr. Trall—In 2 vols, for sale by A. C. DuBois & Son

BARNES' NOTES on the New Testament, sold on Tuesday, Jan. and Daniel, constantly on hand and for sale by A. C DuBois & Son.

PLATED AND GILT GOODS—From a Finger Ring to a nice Watch.
LIGHT & HOFMAN.

J. W. WETHERELL. JOSIA AIKEN.

J. W. Wetherell & Co.
WHOLESALE GROCERS
And Commission Merchants,

Opposite Mad River and Lake Erie R. R. Depot,
SANDUSKY, OHIO.

HAVE removed their entire stock of goods to the above old location, where they are now receiving one of the LARGEST and best stocks of GROCERIES ever offered in this City, and they hereby pledge themselves to make it an object for COUNTRY MERCHANTS and DEALERS generally to purchase their Groceries at this market, instead of going to Buffalo, Cleveland, or Cincinnati. None of these places possess advantages which are not now offered here, and they but ask that buyers will look at their stock and examine their prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Thanking their former customers for their patronage, they confidently expect, under the above conditions not only a continuance of the same, but a large increase in their trade.
June 10-n834tf

At Wholesale.
R. J. GIBBS & Co.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, Axles, Springs,
Nuts, Washers, Spikes, &c.
Bethel Store, Water-st., Sandusky, O.

JUST RECEIVED, at the Iron Warehouse,
500 kegs assorted Nails, warranted;
300 boxes 8 Glass;
100 tons Iron;
200 bars Large Round Shafting Iron;
100 Wheelbarrows;
50 Warehouse Trucks;
50 Lake Shovels;

To the

Having made extensive arrangements with manufacturers of the above, we can offer our customers everything in our line equal to any establishment in Northern Ohio. Our Nails are made from Swedes iron, and are superior to any in the market. Our Iron is made to order, from the best Hanging Rock iron and every bar warranted

Machinists.

We can furnish all sizes English Shafting Iron, as 1 1-2 size, weighing 9 lbs. per foot, for less than Eastern prices and just as good fit. Shafting pinions and all sizes Common Screw Cutting Lathes.

Office stock of Iron, Nails, Steel, Glass, &c., in large, and constantly increasing stock, which we have been forced to increase demand of the patrons of our establishment.
July 22, 1854. R. J. GIBBS & Co.

Crockery,
China and Glassware
At Wholesale and Retail.

H. MERRILL, has just opened in WEST'S NEW BUILDING, Water-st., SANDUSKY, O., a very extensive stock of Crockery, China and Glassware, Lamps, Table Cutlery, German Silver, Japanned Tin, Britania and Japanned Ware, Co king Glasses, Looking Glass Plates, &c. To Me chants and Country Dealers he can offer greater inducements than either Cleveland, Buffalo or Cincinnati. He would invite them to call. June 10-n34-3m

J. M. Frisbie,
Daguerreian Artist,

Reber's Block, north Veranda Hotel, entrance between Lytle's and Water-st. SANDUSKY, O.

PICTURES taken either in oil or in group of a good quality. Also, Ambrotypes or cloudy weather, put up in a variety of cases. His rooms are fitted up with both skylight and side lights. Strangers visiting Sandusky are invited to call and examine specimens.
June 10-n34-1y

AYER'S PILLS.

A NEW and singularly successful remedy for the cure of all those diseases, Costiveness, Indigestion, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Fever, Gout, Gravel, Dropsy, Pleurisy, Palpitation, Tumors, Tinctures, Pains in the Breast, Body, Back and Limbs, Female complaints, &c. &c. Indeed, in all cases where the disease in which a Purgative Medicine is required, it is now recommended to the public with confidence, that it will not disappoint the expectation, nor cause any more pain than is absolutely necessary, when taken according to the directions, which a Purgative Medicine is not more or less of a nuisance, and that the sickness and suffering might be prevented, is a harmless but effectual Cathartic, it were more freely used. The Proprietor feels that while he is active habit of the body prevails, besides it seems generally to prevent the first, or chief illness, which might have been avoided by the timely and judicious use of a good purgative. This alone is sufficient to reverse symptoms, and ultimate derangements. They will be found to be a most valuable family medicine, and terrible diseases which load the churchyards all over the land, are traced to the family physician, who, from a delicacy to the public health, and the Pill has been perfected with the minutiae of all to meet that demand. An extensive trial of its virtues by physicians professors and patients has shown results surpassing anything hitherto known of any medicine. There has been no effected beyond belief, were their substantiated by persons of such character as to leave no room for doubt or question of natural. Among the eminent gentlemen to whom we are indebted for these facts, we find Valentine Mott, the distinguished surgeon of New York, the Rev. Hayes Professor of Chemistry at the Boston, and Geologist for the state of Massachusetts, Dr. L. Moore M. D., eminent physician and physician of the city of Lowell, who has long need them in his extensive practice. Dr. Ephraim Ward, Professor of Chemistry in New York City, C. A Dewitt M. D., and surgeon of the U S Marine Hospital, Chelsea, Mass.

Did space permit, we could give many hundred such testimonies, but we prefer to let the Pills speak for themselves, and we feel even more convincing than the certificate of those who have taken them shown in their effects upon trial.

These Pills, the result of long investigation and study are offered to the public as the best and most complete medicine, which the present state of medical science can afford. They are compounded of the drugs themselves, but of such combination as to produce the best results, and extracted by chemical process in a state of purity, and concentration which is not to be attained by any other the best results. This system of composition for medicines has been in use for the last twelve years, and Ayer's Pills have become a most efficient remedy than has hitherto been obtained by any medical preparation, and is perfectly safe. Given, while by the old mode of composition, every medicine is burdened with more or less of a pernicious nature, and consequently, the dose, individual virtue only that is desired for the curative effect is given. All the inert and obnoxious qualities of the medicines employed are left behind, the curative virtues only being retained. But this is self evident, the effects should prove as they have proved, more powerful remedies, and the Pills a safer, more powerful and efficacious medicine than any other medicine known to the world.

As a frequently excoriated system, no doubt should be taken under the counsel of an attending physician, and by the regular practitioner, as the use of Pills without knowing its composition, I would advise no person from using a Pill, but Ayer's Pills. Pills are made to the whole body of practitioners in the U. S. and the American Continent. If however, a medicine can be any use it also has not received them, they will be

"OF THE PATENT MEDICINES that are offered, how few would be taken if the composition were known? Their life consists in their mystery. I have no mystery, no secret, no nostrum, no composition is held open to all men, and all who are competent to judge on the subject freely acknowledge their convictions of their intrinsic merits. The Cherry Pectoral was pronounced by eminent men to be a most valuable medicine before its effects were known. Many eminent Physicians have declared the same thing of my Pills, and even more emphatically, and are willing to cert fy that their anticipations were more than realized in their effects upon trial.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal secrets to purify the blood and eliminate from healthy action, whatever is the obstruction of the stomach, bowels, liver, and other organs of the body, restoring their regular action, and thus, not by correcting, wherever they exist, shch derangements as are the first origin of disease.

Being sugar wrapped they are pleasant to take, and are free from injurious drugs, and may be safely used by any lady.

For adhesiveness, see the wrapper on the Box.

PREPARED BY
James C. Ayer,
PRACTICAL & ANALYTICAL CHEMIST,
LOWELL, MASS.

Price 25 cts. per Box, Five Boxes for $1,00.

Sold by J. S. Robins, Cincinnati, O. H. M. WOOSTER, Plymouth, O. G. A. KNIGHT, New Haven, Dr. F. Gibson, Huron, O. F. & T. S. Wooster, Norwalk, and by druggists everywhere.

SILVER WARE—Spoons, Knives, Forks, Spectacles, Thimbles, and—just call and see them. aprl22 LIGHT & HOFMAN.

MOTHERS—Would you preserve your tender offspring? Then give the little beauties a nice bottle of Seely & Case's strengthening cordial. Call at Seely and Case's store and get a nice pair of Cash. aprl 18

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PITTSBURGH STEAM
MARBLE WORKS,

219, 221 & 223, *Liberty-st., Pittsburgh,*

MONUMENTS, Tombs, Grave Stones, &c., manufactured by steam. Also, Marble Mantles—a large assortment of the most beautiful kind, made of the finest marble of foreign and domestic marble, always on hand and manufactured to order by machinery, at $15 to $100 each. sept30-54

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FURNACE BUILDERS.

Stock of all sizes. Also on hand and made to order, Laurel Hill Stones—always on hand, prices below Cash. Also, best quality, warranted to bolt freely, at the lowest price; Mill Spindles, Mill Irons, Cast Iron Proof-staffs, Mill-Gearing, Corn and Cob Grinders, Leather Belting, Copper Rivets, always on hand; also Flag Belting, a superior article for Elevators, at half price of leather; Mill and Light Castings, Patent Rushes and Metal Eye Pieces for the runner, Picks, screen-wire, &c., always on hand, at W. W. WALLACE'S,
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LULL'S PATENT French Burr or Stone Smut Mill, used in over 600 of the best mills in the West. They run light, clean well and fast, and will last a life time. When they become dull the edge can be renewed by cracking the Burr. The following certificate is from one of the large flouring mills in the West, and for further particulars refer to our hand bills.

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W. W. WALLACE—Dear Sir—We have now in use in our mill two of your Burr Smut Machines, and they worx to our entire satisfaction; they are durable and not liable to get out of order, and we consider them the best machines now in use.

WILMARTH & NOBLE.

All orders promptly attended to.
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Steam Boilers and Engines.

STEAM BOILERS for all purposes, made on 30 short notice, of the best Juniata Iron, and at prices lower than can be sold in any of the Lake Cities. Also, steam Engines for saw and flouring Mills, generally on hand and made to order. Orders filled with despatch at
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WOULD call the attention of Country Merchants to this immense stock of BOOTS, SHOES, BATS, CAPS and LEATHER, consisting of over Four Thousand Cases Boots and Shoes, of every variety and style for Ladies, Gentlemen's, Misses' and Boys' and Children's FALL AND WINTER WEAR, direct from the the Eastern Manufacturers, having been purchased at the lowest cash prices, principally for cash, with great care in the selection of quality and sizes adapted to the western trade. We can offer superior inducements to the purchaser. We are determined not to be undersold by any Eastern or Western House. Buyers will find it to their advantage to call and examine our extensive stock before purchasing. sept2 1m

ALLEGHENY HOTEL,
(Formerly the Railroad Hotel,)
P. MCANANY, Proprietor,
OPPOSITE the Ohio and Pennsylvania Rail Road Station, on Federal-street, Allegheny.
Fare $1 per day. sept2.1y

Joseph Plummer,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
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No. 111 WOOD-ST., (Between Fifth and Diamond Alley,) PITTSBURGH, is now receiving one of the largest and most choice stocks that ever come to Pittsburgh, consisting of Mens' Boots, Shoes and Brogans; Womens' and Misses Boots, Shoes and Slippers; Childrens' Shoes and Shoes; also, Mens' and Boys' Wool, Fur, Mogar and Kossuth Hats—a complete assortment.

My stock having been purchased directly from the New England manufacturers at cash rates, merchants will find it to their advantage to call and examine before making their purchases, as I am fully determined to sell as low as any of the Philadelphia and New York Houses.

Pittsburgh, sept2, 1854.6m.

THOS. LITTLE, SR. THOS. LITTLE, JR
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WHOLESALE GROCERS,
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Sole Proprietor of Morgan's Worm Killer and Cough Syrup, and agent for Dr. Fred's Pulmonic Balsam. ed25-1y

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Corner of Penn and St. Clair sts., Pittsburgh, Pa. This is a first class house, convenient to the Railroad Depots, the steamboat landing, and business part of the city, charges moderate. Travelers will find this one of the most comfortable Hotels in Pittsburgh. ed25-1y

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Sixteen years practice in Pittsburgh enables Dr Brown to offer assurances of a speedy cure to all who may place themselves in his care.

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JAMES W. WOODWELL,
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WAREROOMS 97 & 99 THIRD-ST.,
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J. W. WOODWELL respectfully informs the citizens of this place and vicinity that he has completed his Fall and Winter stock of furniture, which is now ready for inspection, and offered for sale in this city, which will be sold at prices as low as any Eastern House. He is now prepared to offer to purchasers well seasoned materials, best workmanship, and newest designs; and from the extent of his experience, and the improvements he has made, to produce warranted Furniture at the lowest price. He has adopted the principle of identifying his interest with that of his customers, quality and price, and keeps always on hand the greatest variety of every description of furniture, from the cheapest and plainest to the most elegant and costly, that a house, or any part of one, may be furnished from his stock, or manufactured expressly to order. The following is a portion of the articles in the stock, for richness of style and finish, cannot be surpassed in any of the Eastern cities:

Loose and Tufted Hair Cloth Sofas; 50 Sofas, in plush and hair cloth; 50 dozen Mahogany chairs; 20 dozen Walnut do; 50 dozen Mahogany Rocking do; 50 dozen Fancy do; 10 Walnut Wardrobes; 10 Cherry do; 50 Plain Bureaus; 70 Dining and Breakfast Tables; 12 Secretaries and Bookcases; 10 Extension do; 30 Plain Dressing do; 20 Plain Bureaus; 40 Mahogany Bedstead; 30 Walnut do; 50 Cottage do; 500 Cherry and Poplar Bedstead; 50 Wardrobes; 10 Walnut Bureaus