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POETRY.

THE OLD SCHOOL HOUSE.

Hard by the broad and dusty street,
Where maples throw a cooling shade,
And frequent tread of playful feet,
A bare and beaten way was made;
The school house standeth, old and rude,
And there a score of years hath stood.

The windows curtainless and bare,
Are marred with many a broken pane,
Until the shrill autumnal air,
Or wintry blast, beat through again;
And the rude benches and the walls
Are rough with uncouth cuts and scrawls.

The rill that babbles sparkling by,
Has not a free unbroken flow;
Its floods, quaint, mimic mills supply,
And infant navies o'er it go;
And where it slumbers still and wide,
The boys in winter skate and slide.

And passing by the half-ope'd door,
You hear the teacher, loud and clear,
Pouring his precepts evermore
Into the young and listless ear.
Patience and hope his tolls attend,
And to his heart their sunshine lend.

A plain, contented man is he,
He burns no incense mean to fame;
'Tis his alike unmoved to be,
'Midst kindling flattery or blame:
A husbandman in rind's rich soil,
He deems it proud to delve and toil.

He loves to gaze on coming years,
And watch those buoyant spirits climb—
Frail creatures of his cares and fears—
High up the fame-paved mount of Time,
And thinks right hopefully to share
Their triumphs and their honors there.

Now at the golden wane of day,
O'erjoyed to hail their labors o'er,
The little legions wild for play,
Burst forth with frolic and uproar,
While down their mirth's Lotabrian tide,
All thoughts of books and lessons glide.

Dearer than all earth's kingly halls
Thou, rough old school house, art to me;
Thy time-browned sides and crumbling walls
Heard many a precious memory
Of that far past, when life was new,
Seasons were days, and dreams were true.

Not in high, pompous courts of State,
Proud freedom's land, thy hopes enshrine,
But where for life's great combat wait
Truth's armies, radiant and divine.
Time's mightiest destinies are wrought
Where thy young, potent soul is taught.

Miscellaneous.

A PROFESSIONAL SCAR.

BY AN OLD LAWYER.

Your kind letter, Henry, came duly to hand, and you will be surprised to learn that a careless question of yours will draw forth enough to cover a sheet: 'What caused the scar on my temple?'

It is a professional scar, Harry; one that I have carried ever since my earliest practice; and although I have now arrived at a tolerable old age, and have many, many intimate friends, it is a most singular fact that you are the first person that inquired into its origin. I can tell you all about it, but must avoid names and places, for the parties most interested in the incident are yet living, and *I* am under strong bonds of secrecy.

In the year ——, after passing through a long examination before grave judges and shrewd barristers, I was pronounced a proper qualified person to appear before juries and courts for others as well as myself, and at once proceeded to a large southern city, where, by a modest little sign over the door of a modest little office, I announced my readiness to commence the practice of law. For three months I waited, but alas! no business came, and I sat in my own office on a dreary night, at about eleven o'clock, in this very comfortable position; money was gone entirely; my board bill was to be paid in the morning, and my rent the day following; and I absolutely feared to go to my boarding house, and waited in what seemed the forlorn hope that something in the way of a fee might appear, either dropping from the skies, or suddenly appearing on my desk. Outside, no step was heard, and we I occasionally glanced thro' my window, the flame of the street-light moved by the wind, would seemingly move me homeward; but I would not go. A footstep sounded in my entry; a second and a third, and more; but so light that my heart-beating prevented my counting them, and then a little delicate knock. I expected to be instantly vis-a-vis with a young woman; the door opened, and I saw an old one.

I had only time to move toward a chair before she was in the centre of the room and speaking:

'I have not time to sit. Young man, you are a lawyer; are you good for anything?'

My insulted dignity was controlled by an effort, and *I* answered that I flattered myself that I possessed some talent for my profession, or I should not have chosen it.

'Well, well, no gas; can you draw a paper?'

Here again I ventured a remark, that it depended somewhat on its nature, but I saw from her impatient manner that she wanted no trifling. Before I finished the sentence, she interrupted me with a fierce, ness of manner exceeding her former rough one, saying:

'*I* want a will drawn; quick! hurriedly! but so strong that all the furies in h—l can't undo it! Can you do it?' and she fairly glared at me with impatience for my answer.

Now you know, Harry, that my legal education was obtained entirely in a surrogate's office, and you may presume that on law and forms of last wills and testaments *I* felt myself sufficiently posted up. I therefore assured her that I could draw a will which, although I could not warrant it to pass the ordeal she mentioned, would I was sure, be proof against all the lawyers in Christendom:

And now her manner changed from the fierce and bold to the anxious and hurried.

'Come, then, quick! quick! young man, and you shall pocket one thousand dollars for your night's work!' she exclaimed.

And, amazed and bewildered as I was, I found myself at the neighboring corner, stepping into a hack, before the startling but comfortable words, 'One thousand dollar for your night's work!' had ceased to ring in my ears. My conductress followed, and without orders we were rattled furiously along the street to the —— House, then the largest hotel in the city. My visions of one thousand bright dollars kept my tongue bridled, and *I* was led in silence up two flights of stairs into a suite of rooms comprising a parlor and two bed rooms. The parlor, however, was occupied by a bed, in which lay an old and evidently dying man. A servant who was with him, but he lef., upon a motion from the hand of my companion, who approached the bed and said:

'I have an attorney here, sir; shall he proceed?'

The old man's eyes brightened up, and, after glaring on me for a moment, he spoke:

'If you can draw a will, do it; quick, now, for I must save my breath.'

I turned to the table where I found paper, pen, ink and everything necessary; and by the light of two sperm candles in heavy silver candle sticks, I was was soon busily engaged in the will.

I will not trouble you with the details, nor, in fact, do I remember them; but it is enough to say that a large amount of property, real and personal, bonds, mortgages, etc., were left, in the words of the will, to 'my good and faithful housekeeper, Angeline ——, as a token of gratitude for her long, faithful, and meritorious services.' But the concluding words of the will I shall never forget; they were written from his own mouth, and made me shudder as *I* wrote them. There was something—yet devilish—in thus deliberately recording, in what purports to the last written wish, a curse upon your own offspring. And I felt, as I wrote it, an involuntary desire to tear the paper into fragments, and to rush from the room, but the thousand dollars were like so many anchors, and I staid and wrote:

'I leave my daughter Dora all the satisfaction she can obtain from my hearty curse. When rags ship her about in her only home, the street, and dogs share with her the refuse of the gutter, she may regret that she disobeyed him who once loved her, but who, dying, cursed her.'

There was something like a chuckle in the direction of old Angeline as the dying wretch dictated these fearful words; but I looked and saw the stern face as rigid as marble, I concluded that I must have been mistaken. I could not, however, divest myself of a certain feeling that all was wrong. A rich old man, accompanied by an old housekeeper, and dying in a strange city; her anxiety to have this will so strong; the curse on his daughter, and the large fee, all conspired to make me feel that I was being instrumental in the accomplishment of some villainous object. Again I meditated the destruction of the paper, and again my fee and my wants conquered. The will was finished, and I read over aloud, the old man groaning, and the old woman looking an occasional assent: but when I read the terrible curse a new actor appeared on the scene:

'Oh! tear it! tear it! Oh God you know not what you do!'

The plaintive tone of the voice touched my heart, even before my eyes beheld the owner; but when I saw her, heavens and earth! what an angel she was! The language is yet undiscovered, that is competent to give you a description of that face, the eyes dancing with excitement, yet liquid with tears; the mouth proud as Juno's, yet compressed with anguish. But why I attempt description? The most majestic, yet the sweetest countenance I ever beheld appealed to me, and not in vain, for while the old man, weak as he was, jumped from his bed screaming, 'Kill her! kill her!' *I* tore the will into fragments, and we both fell to the floor, he dead, and I stunned by the blow from the heavy candlestick wielded by the old hag, Angeline.

When my consciousness returned, I found myself in my own bed at my boarding house, my host and hostess my sole attendants. My mind was clear the moment I looked about me, and I knew I had been brought home, and was now confined from the effects of that blow. I resolved to help my own counsel, and to ascertain what I could of the subsequent proceedings of the night. Upon inquiry, I found that I had been brought home by a young gentleman in a carriage, who had left funds for the employment of a physician, and had also left a letter for me. I opened the letter as soon as I was alone, and found a fifty dollar bank note with these words:

'You did last night a deed worthy of more gratitude than our present means enable us to express. The property which so nearly belonged to the infamous hag who struck you, will soon be ours, and you shall then hear from us. May the same kindness which prompted you to tear the paper, seal your lips hereafter as to the painful scenes of last evening.

Gratefully yours,

DORA AND HER HUSBAND.'

My first act was to conceal the letter beneath my pillow; the second to call my host and tender him the amount of my board bill; to my astonishment he told me that my companion had paid it when he left the letter. It seems I raved a little about my inability to pay my host while *I* was unconscious, and thus the husband of Dora (for I had no doubt it was he who brought me home) and ascertained the fact and paid my bill. Added to this my wound was not severe enough to need any surgery more than was offered by my kind landlady; so when I had recovered, (which was soon,) I had only office rent to pay, and then resumed business with the larger part of fifty dollars in my treasury. I made cautious inquiries about the —— House as to the subsequent movements of my mysterious clients, but could only ascertain that the old couple arrived on that eventful night; the old man ordering a pleasant room in which he could die; that the young couple came by another conveyance, and had taken other rooms; that the old man's body was immediately boxed up and shipped for the north under charge of his man servant; that the old woman went off alone; and that finally the young man paid the whole bill, and left alro with his wife. To do my work thy host and his kind lady justice, I must say that they never even hinted at the matter, and I never had a question to answer; they probably took it for granted that I had been the victim of some broil, and avoided annoying me by any reference to it.

Thirty years of hard work rolled by. Harry, during which I acquired a family, fortune, name and gray hairs; but I never in all that time, saw or heard from my clients, with the exception of the letter, which we received some years after the occurrence which I have related, and, which contained two more fifty dollar bills, with the words:

'We are happy—may God bless you!

DORA.'

But in all that time, I have never forgotten that beautiful angelic face, nor the mute appeal which it made to my heart; the answer to which cost me the deep scar which is the object of your curiosity, and a cool thousand dollar fee less the amount received from the young folks.—Neither did *I*, in all that time, regret the course I took.

Some ten years ago, as you probably remember, I spent a winter in Havana. I boarded with a Spanish landlord, whose house was generally filled with American visitors. But, strange to say, I passed one week with him without a single American arrival; and I was actually resolving one day to leave for New Orleans, where I could find troops of friends, and rid myself of the ennui consequent upon my solitary position, when *I* heard my host calling me:

'Senor, Senor, los Americanos—Americanos.'

Looking from my window, I saw a fine, portly gentleman attending to his luggage, and answering the demands of the thousand and one leeches of porters who each claimed to have brought something for him. Thinking I might be of service to him, I went out, and with two or three dimes dispersed the villians who knowing me for an old stager submitted to my orders. The gentleman turned to thank me, but suddenly started back, then glanced at my temple and seeing the end of my candle-stick mark peeping out from beneath my hair, seized me by the hand exclaiming: 'We have met before, sir, how glad I am to see you!'

And then, without explanation, he drew me to the door-way in which stood a maiden in still but beautiful woman.

'See, Dora,' said he, 'is not this our old friend!'

At the word 'Dora,' I started, and there before me, such as I had seen her thirty years previous, still retaining many of her charms, but with the marks of time, notwithstanding, impressed upon her features.

You may well believe our re-union was most pleasant, and after dinner was over, and we were out enjoying he sea-breeze, the whole story was told me. I will not give you the details of it; it was long, but the main features of it were about what I had surmised. *Dora* was the only child of her wealthy father; her mother died when she was a mere child; old Angeline had remained with her father in the capacity of a house keeper, and had, while Dora was away at school, acquired, as is generally the case, complete influence over him. Dora was wooed and won by a poor clerk; the father would not listen to it; an elopement was the consequence; and the old man in his rage broke up housekeeding, and taking old Angeline with him, had started for the South. Dora followed him with her husband, although she knew he would not see her, and although he had always been harsh and unkind to her, yet she knew he was in the last stages of consumption, and she determined, if possible, to be with him when he died. At the time of his death they had been following him about a month from place to place, keeping concealed from him, and eluding even the keen eyes of Angeline. When Dora appeared in the room, it was only because the man servant, who had been with her father, and who, as you remember, left the room when I entered, had observed their arrival and had kindly gone to her and informed her that her father could not live an hour; she was entering the room to make one last effort at reconciliation, when my voice reading the fearful words of a father's curse called the outcry and denouement. Her husband, who followed her in, found the old man dead, Dora in a swoon, me senseless, and old Angeline in vain trying to put the many pieces of the will together, raving and cursing like a hobbled mule. He (the man-servant) put the old man's body into the bed, took Dora to her room, and while the servant kept guard over Angeline, he took me home in a carriage. The rest you know.

I have only to add that, whenever I wander north, either alone or with my wife and family, we always stop at the house of our kind friends. They have spent one winter with us at the south, and we expect them again the coming season. And the young gentleman who studied law under my instruction, and who now practices law with my name on the sign with his (as senior partner, although he does all the business); is Dora's son and from certain conscious looks and bright blushing on my pretty daughter's cheek when he calls, I imagine he may possibly be mine, too. But of this, Harry, rest assured—I shall not curse her if she marries him.

PURSUITS OF LITERARY MEN.—Longfellow, Perceival, Ware and Hitchcock are Professors. Kennedy, Fay, Hawthorne and Hallock are office holders. Cheever, Bethune, Lee, Shelton, Chapin, Griswold, Huntington, Pierpont, Giles and Hedge are Divines. Bryant, Greely, Prentice, Lester, Taylor, Leland, Matthews, Clark, Arthur, Saxe, Willis and Morris, are Editors. Read is an artist. Ik Marvel, Hoffman, Neal, Lunt, Hosmer, Smith, Ingersoll, Kimball and Dana are lawyers. Sprague is a clerk in a Boston Bank. Conrad is a Judge. Irving, Prescott and Bancroft are men of wealth, and have devoted themselves to Literature as a pursuit. Prof. Ingraham, the great blood and thunder Novelist, was formerly a professor of Painting, but is now, we believe, an Episcopal Minister at the South. Everett, Sumner and Palfry, are Statesmen. Fields is the American Moxon. Geo. Copway, the celebrated Indian Author, is an Editor and Lecturer. Paton is a Major in the Army. Allston was an Artist, Cooper a lieutenant in the navy. Lippard, Clark, Poe and Rockwell, were Editors. Judd was a diviner. Ward and Drake were physicians. Cotton was a Naval Chaplain, John Howard Payne, the author of "Home, Sweet Home," was in early life an actor and dramatic writer. He was for a number of years Consul at Tunis.

'How seldom it happens,' said one friend to another, 'editors are *bred* to the business. 'Very,' replied the other, 'and have you not remarked how seldom the business is *bred* to the editors.

Deal gently with those who stray. Draw back from fire and concussion. A kiss is worth a thousand kicks. A kind word is more valuable to the lost than a mine of gold.

The rose has its thorns, the diamond its spack, and the best men has his failings.

HORSE TRADING.

'Good morning, Mr. Jones.'

'Good morning, Mr. Johnson, glad to see you. How are all the folks in your part of the country this morning?'

'Very well, thank you, Mr. Jones; I hear you have a very nice span of good horses which you would like to sell. How is it?'

'*I* have,' replied Jones, 'and a likelier span can't be found any where.

'O, I presume not,' was the rather satirical response.

'Come in and see them Mr. Johnson—this way, sir, if you please,' and Jones opened the stable door where the horses were kept:

'Fine! very fine!' said Johnson. 'I suppose they are perfectly sound!' and he walked around the horses, and surveyed them for the twentieth time.

'Perfectly sound, I assure you,' said Jones.

'No heaves?'

'Not in the least.'

'Sprained.'

'No, sir.'

'Well, what is the least you can afford to sell them for?'

'Two hundred and fifty dollars.'

'Can't you take two hundred and forty five?'

'Can't, 'pon honor.'

'Well, then, I'll take them at two hundred and fifty.'

'Done.'

Johnson forked over the dust and took the horses.

'But he was not long in discovering that one of his superb greys was troubled with the string-halt, and the other with something else quite as bad. Johnson was in a towering possion, and wrote letter after letter to Jones, but received no answer; so one day he called over to see him.

'Mr. Jones these horses are not sound!' were the first words that passed his lips.

'I can't help that,' replied Jones.

'But you must help it, and that quickly, or I'll take the law of you!' exclaimed Johnson, passionately.

'How much will you settle for, Mr. Johnson?—come, talk away!' said Jones, for it was his turn to be angry.

'Fifty dollars,' snapped Johnson.

'I'll give you twenty five.'

'Shan't do it!

And home he went, chafing with rage, and was just starting over to Squire *B's* for a writ, when a man accosted him:

'Have you a pair of good horses which you would like to sell?'

'Yes sir, *I* have.'

'I believe I will look at them.'

'Walk this way, sir. There, sir, can you beat that?'

'Pretty well matched,' suggested the stranger. They are not entirely sound, are the?'

'Sound!' repeated Johnson, as if astonished at the question, 'yes, indeed, sir, they are sound in every respect.'

'I suppose, then, if I should buy them, you would not remember what you say now, but here are witnesses,' and the stranger looked keenly at Johnson.

They talked long and earnestly, but in spite of all Johnston's protestations, the stranger would not take the greys *then*.

In one week you shall hear from me,' said the stranger.

* * * *

'Box sixty-four,' said Johnson, at the Post Office. 'Jones hand-writing!' said he as he opened the letter which was handed to him; 'guess he has sent that fifty dollars along!'

But his illusion speedily vanished as he read:

'C——, Dec. 8, 18—.

Mr. S. Johnson—

Dear Sir—*I* regret exceedingly to have been forced to this; but as you told a particular friend of mine, Mr. N——, that your horses were perfectly sound, *I* shall not take the trouble to settle with you.—Mr. N. will not have them!

Yours, &c.,

DEXTER JONES.'

'Two wrongs' did not make 'a right' in this case exactly—although at least one of the parties to this 'fair business transaction' will probably have the verdict recorded against him—

'Served him *right*.'

The ladies of Maryville, Ky., recently presented a pair of pantaloons to Miss Lucy Stone in due form. Miss Lucy accepted the pants, but says she would have done so with a much better will if they only had a man in them.

The Census-takers found great difficulty in ascertaining the ages of the girls, a large majority of them being only sixteen. In one family in a neighboring county, there were found to be twelve girls between sixteen and eighteen years of age.

A quack doctor, in one of his handbills, says he will round bring living witnesses to prove the efficacy of his nos rum, which is more,' says he, 'than others in my line can do.'

"S[illegible] ten [illegible] bar, alcohol, [illegible] are no subjects of a [illegible] by heard one [illegible] science, by the following anecdote:

An affray case was on trial in the Circuit Court of Pike County, in which some six or eight peace-breakers were represented by almost as many lawyers, each of whom, in turn put the only witness for the State through the tortures of a tedious examination.

Nat ——, a well known Montgomery practitioner, was counsel for a big black fellow in the crowd, who answered to the name of Saltonstall. As to this defendant, the only proof which was elicited on the examination-in-chief of the witness for the prosecution, was that—to use the peculiar phraseology of the narrator—'while the rest on 'em was cussin' and clinchin' and pairin' off for a regler ry'al, Saltonstall jist kep sloshin' about.'

The Solicitor and Nat both construed this to mean that Saltonstall was only moving about drunk, among the combatants and the former did not press for an explanation.

Presently, however, it came Nat's turn to cross-examine for his client, and as he had received quite a handsome fee, he felt bound to make something of a demonstration. So, quoth he, with the air of the avenger of injured innocence:

'Come, witness, what had Mr. Saltonstall to do with this affair?'

'Saltonstall? Why, I've told you several times; the rest on 'em clinched and paired off, but Saltonstall, he jist kep sloshin' about,'

'Ah, my good fellow,' exclaimed Nat, quite testily, 'we want to know what that is. It isn't legal evidence in the shape you put it. Tell us what you mean by 'sloshin' about.'

'Well,' answered the witness, very deliberately, 'I'll try. You see, John Brewer and Sykes they clinched and fit.—That's in legle form, sin't it?'

'Oh yes!' said Nat, 'go on.'

'Abney and Blackman then pitched into one another, and Blackman bit off a piece of Abney's lip. That's legle, too, is it?'

'Proceed.'

'Simpson and Bill Stones and Murray was all together on the ground, a bitin,' gougin,' and kickin' one another; that's legle, too, is it?'

'Very I—but go on.'

'And Saltonstall made it his business to walk back wards and forwards through the crowd, with a big stick in his hand, and knock down every loose man in the crowd as fast as he come to 'em! That's what I call sloshin' about!'

Nat is of opinion, now, that, unless a prima facie case is made out by the prosecution, on the direct examination of their witnesses, it is quite as well for the defendant to waive his right to cross-examine.

It is easy in the world to live after the world's opinion; it is easy in solitude to live after our own; but the great man is he who in the midst of the crowd keeps with perfect correctness the independence of solitude.

Contentment abides with truth. You will generally suffer for wishing to appear other than what you are; whether it be richer, or greater, or more learned. The mask soon becomes an instrument of torture.

They, who when about to marry, seek their happiness in the mere gaiting of fortune, and personal beauty, evince a symptom of a heartless disposition, and their folly is often punished in their success.

Wealth, honor, and favor, may come upon a man by chance; nay they may be cast upon him without so much as looking after them; but virtue is the work of industry and labor; and certainly it is worth the while to purchase that good which brings all others along with it.

"MOTHER, can' *I* go and have my daguerreotype taken?" "No, my child, it isn't worth while." "Well, then, you might let me have a tooth pulled, I never go anywhere."

The man who "took a walk" the other day, brought it back again; but the next day he "took a ride," and has not been heard from.

Young physicians find it hard to get into business, but they will succeed if they only have "patients."

Mrs. Partington informs us that she intended the consort of the Female Cemetery last evening, and some of the songs were extricated with touching pathogeny, she declared the whole thing went off like a parkenham shot, the young ones sung like a pack of angels just out of paradise. She only regrets that during the showers of applause she forgot her parasol.

Sowing Rye.—Rye may be sown on as soon easily a period, The first crop of corn, for green provender, should be sown broadcast without delay, and so with the oats, at atleast a second crop of corn should be drilled in about the 20th of June for fodder, Carrots and Parsnips should be in by this time; and if the ground is well sub-soiled, they will stand considerable dry weather. The rutabaga turnip—which has become quite a valuable crop—should be drilled in about the 20th of July. Millet, as a crop, should attract more attention than heretofore, particularly as supplying subsistence for animals at a season when, in dry summers, the ordinary crop have partially failed. —*Germantown (Pa.) Telegraph.*

We do not pretend to be weatherwise, but those who do, say that animals, birds, and some other things, in their late movements, prognosticate a dry summer. This is likely to be the case, and the only reason we can give for it is, that one extreme usually follows another. The spring thus far has been very *cold* and *wet*—the summer consequently may be very *hot* and *dry*. This would prove highly calamitous to the laboring classes; for drained as the country already is of its products by the great demand of Europe the past six months, a long continued drought would add considerable to the present prices, which are already very exorbitant.

The corn of the south has suffered materially by late frosts, and in many instances has already been planted the second and third time. This looks bad for that quarter, which of late years has become a large grower of corn. A short crop in that quarter would materially affect the price throughout the country.

Yet whether we have a great drought the coming summer or not, the farmers ought to be well prepared for it. Let them remember the dry summer of 1854, and the great loss of them by the short animals that ensued. Hundreds and thousands of cattle were sacrificed to the butcher and otherwise the following winter, merely for want of fodder to carry them through till spring.

The best and most reliable substitute for grass and hay, which we can cultivate, is Indian corn in drills, sed cut just as the grain gets fit for roasting ears, or boiling for the table. Five to seven tons of dried fodder may easily be produced from an acre. Every farmer ought to raise at least three month's supply for his stock, of Indian corn fodder; and a four month's supply would be still safer. It is best to get it now as soon as possible. The stalks of the sweet varieties are much the most nutritious and palatable, although they do not produce so great a growth as some others—yet they are enough better to pay for this difference of production.

Next to Indian corn we would recommend growing oats, to be cut when the grain is in milk, and fed unthreshed. We consider that either the corn or oats thus raised, and fed with their grain on the stalks, equal—ton for ton—to the best of hay. The stalks should be cut up fine by a machine, previous to feeding. It is a matter of economy to use the hay and cornstalk cutter, even when the oats and corn are cut and fed green from the field in the summer.

Millet is somewhat cultivated south of us, though farmers generally at the north are unacquainted with it; but from the few experiments we have made with it as a substitute for hay, we would place it next after oats. It may be sown broadcast, and cultivated the same as oats, thro' to sow in drills six inches apart, is better. It will yield two to four tons per acre.

The fourth best substitute for a short crop of grass and hay, is roots, such as the sugar beet, carrot, parsnip and turnip, which we value in the order we have placed them. Potatoes, on account of the prevalence of the rot, are uncertain to be calculated upon. Cabbage and pumpkins are very good for partial feed during the autumn months.

HOME-MADE GUANO.—A writer in the New England Farmer says: "Some years ago, I thought I would try my luck in keeping a few hens. The house I keep them in is a rough concern. I put some cross sticks into the gable, both inside and outside then filled in with sawdust to make it warm. It is well lighted with glass windows, and well ventilated, and a small stream of water runs through it. The roosts will accommodate about a hundred hens, that being about the number I usually keep. Under the roost I throw three or four cart loads of dry muck, sticky dirt, &c., which I haul over two or three times a week with my manure hook. I bury their grain in it, and make them work for a living, which great exercise keeps them healthy. In the spring I turn a flock of hens into the pen, and I have a flock of hens made gamey. If there is anything imported that is better to make oats crops grow, I am ignorant.

Plymouth Advertiser.

Plymouth, Ohio, Saturday, June 17.

PLYMOUTH.

Strangers visiting our village assert that there is no other town in the state of Ohio, of equal size, that transacts so large an amount of business, yearly. A glance at our streets any day for the past two weeks would justify the assertion. Our square has been closely packed with teams loaded down with the rich produce of the beautiful country that surrounds us. Saturday, the 10th, we counted from our office window, *one hundred and three* wagons in our streets, at one time. There were over two hundred in town during the day. Monday and Tuesday following, the number was even greater. The stores of our merchants are thronged from morning till night, and our mechanics cannot get a sufficient number of hands to supply the demand for their work.

To the enterprise and energy of our business men, this gratifying state of affairs must be attributed. In places around us, this season, trade has been very dull, but in Plymouth it is greater than it has been for four years.

Satisfactory as this may be, we hope our citizens will not be content with it. A little more enterprise accompanied by a few dollars, in the right direction, would double our business and population, in a short time. There are several enterprises that would do a great deal for us, but none that would prove so beneficial, and be of such lasting good, as the Plank Road across the Prairie. Calculating, sagacious men who never err in such matters, have demonstrated its utility—have proved beyond a doubt that it must, if built, be of incalculable benefit to us, that it is the chief of the means we must employ to retain our present trade, and secure an increase in the future. Shall it be built? We hope our citizens will now that the project has been fairly started, display their accustomed energy, and prosecute this all-important work to a successful consummation.

We give below a communication from one of our citizens, relative to the business of our place. As the author is thoroughly posted his statements may be relied upon as perfectly correct:

MESSRS. EDITORS:—

The little town of Plymouth, to be found a few miles South, or North of somewhere, is still at home, and receiving and entertaining callers. Being a looker on in the place, and having noticed for some days past, the arrival of a large number of teams from the country laden with produce, I have been induced to inquire of the merchants and business men what they were doing. The answer to which was as follows. During the week ending this (Friday 16th) evening, the grain purchased (wheat, corn and oats inclusive,) and delivered in the warehouse, has been 13,400 bushels; of Wool, the amount purchased has been 20,500 pounds and the amount of sales during the same time by seven goods merchants, one hardware, one Shoe & leather, one Drug, two Provision, three Merchant Tailors, and one book store, have been $10,478.* In the meantime every branch of business appears to be flourishing, and all are apparently doing well. The amount of wool purchased from the opening of the season up to this time has been 39,351 pounds.— We occasionally have some complaint of a want of currency. But so far as I am advised, no business man in the place has been obliged during the season to suspend his produce operations, for a single day, for lack of funds. If our business men (whose energy and industry are not to be outdone) continue to labor and toil as they have done, they will prevent the growth of grass in our streets, or the necessity of moving to the nearest Station on some road other than the Sandusky, Mansfield & Newark, the latter of which, although some who wished it, and others who sometimes speak without due reflection upon the influence of what they say, have predicted the failure of the company who own and control it. *We* doubt not their ability and willingness to meet all their engagements. B.

Plymouth, June 16, 1854.

*One of the goods firms was a little mulish, and declined reporting, which, if added to the above, would probably increase the quantity of wool some 2000 to 4000 lbs, and the amount of sales from $1000 to $1500.

☞ A "National Industrial Congress" which has been in session at Trenton, N. J., for a few days past has adopted resolutions repudiating Blackstone's doctrine, that individuals upon entering civil society must give up a portion of their natural rights—asserting that government has no rights in business—inviting the co-operation of all creeds and sects to alleviate the degraded condition of the toiling millions—advocating the right of the landless to a portion of the territory of the Union—declaring the monopoly of land by the few a sin against God, and a curse to humanity—protesting against land monopolies to railroad and other corporations, and reprimanding the U. S. Senate for not passing the Homestead bill.

☞ "THE KNOW NOTHINGS."—The secret organization known by the above name, seems to be rapidly increasing in numbers and influence. In all the eastern cities and large towns they control the elections completely—electing and defeating whoever they please. New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Hartford, and a number of other places have been astonished at late elections, by the power they have wielded at the polls. Candidates whose election were supposed to be beyond doubt, have been defeated, and men whose names had never been mentioned in connection with office, found themselves elevated to posts of honor and profit, how or by what means they knew not. A paper has just been started in Boston, under the title of "The Know Nothing and American Crusader" devoted to the interests of the order. We copy from it their platform:

Repeal of all Naturalization Laws.

None but Native Americans for office.

A pure American common school system free from the influence of Romanism.

Opposition, first and last, to the formation of military companies composed of foreigners.

The advocacy of a sound, healthy, and safe Nationality.

Hostility to all Papal influences, in whatever form and under whatever name.

American institutions and American sentiments

More stringent and effective Emigration Laws.

The amplest protection to Protestant interests.

The doctrices of the revered Washington and his compatriots.

The sending back of all Foreign Paupers landed on our shores.

The formation of Societies to protect all American interests.

Eternal enmity to all who attempt to carry out the principles of a foreign Church or State.

Our Country, our whole country, and nothing but our country.

And finally—American Laws and American Legislation, and death to all Foreign influences, whether in high places or low!

☞ CONDITION OF CUBA.—A letter from a New Yorker in Cuba says that having seen the principal parts of that island, and noted the fortifications and preparations for active war, he is satisfied that he is satisfied that the people of the United States have been systematically deceived by publications which have most grossly and intentionally misrepresented many things too obvious for mistake. There are twenty-four thousand regular troops on the island, and to these will soon be added three thousand negro troops, to be attached to each battalion as flank companies. The number of frigates, armed frigates, and "guarda costas," all well manned, on the coast and in the harbors is four times greater than is generally known here, and there are also a number of vessels which may easily be converted into vessels of war of from ten to twenty guns besides which four steamers and six ships of the line are now on the way to Cuba, in convoy of transports, with six thousand regular troops, one thousand of whom are artillerists. The writer adds:

"A register of the landholders and royalists, and those suspected, is in the hands of the Governor. All those who can be relied upon; and those suspected, are noted. In the hands of the former, arms will be placed in the event of invasion, and all suspected will be immediately arrested. The amunition and arms are carefully guarded, and arrangements are made in case of trouble to pass all public and private treasure into the Moro Castle. The foolish young fellows in the States who join the filibusters in expectation of plunder and easy conquest, will be disappointed.—and, instead of realizing these expectations, will find defeat, death or imprisonment. The native of the island supposed to be friendly to revolution, are a feeble race, ignorant of military matters, without organization, arms or concert—and will disappoint the expectations of their friends in the United States."

☞ According to all accounts, the administration are determined to have Cuba. We extract from the correspondence of the New York Evening Post:

Preparations for war with Spain, if she will not sell Cuba, go on steadily and firmly. Naval and military stores are being collected in great quantities at all convenient points. All the vessels of war at naval stations are undergoing a thorough inspection. All vessels of war are detained in port.

All idea of reducing the surplus in the treasury by reducing duties is given up. The surplus is already doubled.

Dallas and Cobb are to go to Madrid to bring back Cuba or war.

The Nullifiers in Congress say Cuba or war in three months.

The members of the Cabinet says this administration will have Cuba.

☞ His very exclusive High Mightiness the Emperor of Japan, has condescended to open his ports to the outside barbarians, in one year. So Commodore Perry's mission was not fruitless after all. Paixhan guns are excellent argument. Merely looking at a few of them did more towards opening this Japanese oyster, than all the diplomatic notes that ever were written.

☞ THE OLD BREWERY AND THE MISSION HOUSE, is the title of a book which we have been reading with great interest. It is descriptive of one of the worst places in New York—a place in habitual by the most diabolically wicked, ignorant and depraved set of human being in that large city—a place avoided by those seeking safety. It was commonly known as "The Five Points." The Ladies Mission of the Methodist Church undertook to redeem and regenerate this place, and well have they prospered. The book gives the history of this work, and abounds in many interesting anecdotes and sketches. Among them we mention the Pic Nic and Thanksgiving Supper of the Mission School, The Last of the Blennerhassetts and Maggie Regan. It is instructive, showing what may be done for the lowest, and how to do it, and also how to make life happy and useful. To those seeking instruction and entertainment by reading, we recommend the above work. To be had of Du Bois & Son.

☞ Our friend of the Mansfield Herald comes down very gracefully, this week, and acknowledges Gen. Lindsley to be "an honest man and true." Keep yourself better posted. Mr. Herald, and you won't fall into so many awkward errors.

LIBERIA.—The present population of Liberia, says Lieutenant Foote, in his recent work upon Africa, exceeds one hundred and fifty thousand inhabitants, of whom not more than one-twentieth are American colonists. The growth has been gradual and healthy. The government, from its successful administration of blacks alone, for more than six years, appears to be firmly established. The country is now in a condition to receive as many emigrants as the United States can send. To the colored man who regards the highest interest of his children, to young men of activity and enterprise, Liberia affords the strongest attractions. The following is his account of the present condition of Monrovia:

"Monrovia, the capital, is situated immediately in the rear of the bold promontory of Cape Mesurado, which rises to the altitude of 250 feet. The highest part of the town is eighty feet above the level of the sea. The place is laid out with as much regularity as the location will admit. Broadway is the main or principal street, running nearly at right angles with the sea. Besides this, there are twelve or fifteen more. The town contains not far from two thousand inhabitants. Many of the houses are substantially built of brick or stone, and several of them are handsomely furnished. The humidity of the climate has greatly impaired the wooden buildings. The State House, public stores, and the new academy, are solid, substantial buildings, appropriate to their uses. There are five churches, and these are well attended. The schools will compare favorably with the former district schools in this country, which is not saying much in their favor.

"The soil in the vicinity of the rocky peninsula of Mesurado is generally sandy, and comparatively unproductive, except where there are alluvial deposits along the margin of the streams or creeks. The lands on the banks of the rivers—of this St. Paul's for instance, four or five miles north of Monrovia—are very rich, of loamy clay soil, equaling in fertility the high lands of Brazil, or any other part of the world. Here more care is devoted to the culture of sugar, and increasing attention is given to agriculture. These lands readily sell from forty to fifty dollars per acre. A fork of this river flows in a southeasterly direction, and unites with the Mesurado. River at its mouth. This fork is called Stockton's Creek, in honor of Commodore Stockton. The largest rivers of Liberia are navigable only about 12 or 15 miles before coming to the rapids."

THE PRICE OF WOOL.—The price of wool is quoted much lower now than it has been sold for last year, and the report is indus riously circulated that the demand for wool and the price, will be much reduced this year. No one, however, can name any good reason for so great a reduction as is predicted. We believe, wool growers would do well to hold on a while before accepting the greatly reduced prices offered. The wool buyers are comparatively few in number, and can easily combine to circulate false reports in relation to the demand for wool.

Our manufactures need 71,000,000 pounds of wool to supply their machinery every year. Of this seventy one million pounds, only about fifty three million pounds are grown in this country.— Only three fourths of the wool manufactured in the country is grown here; and only about *one third* of the wool consumed in this country is grown here. The rest is imported in the shape of cloth or the raw material. There is a deficiency in the wool crop of the whole world.—The supply does not equal the demand, and it never has equalled it.

In the face of these facts no one can believe that there can be any very material reduction in the price of wool this season. There is no reason for it. On the contrary, there are some reasons in favor of an increase of price. We advise farmers not to be in a hurry to dispose of their stocks at the present low figures.

POLAND.—A grand mass meeting was to be held at Sheffield, England, on the 28th ult., in favor of the restoration of Poland to the map of Europe. Kossuth was to speak on the occasion.

THE SUMMARY OF FOREIGN NEWS.

The Pacific with Liverpool dates to the 31st ult., arrived June 11.

It is reported that the town of Kaffa has been bombarded and captured. The Turks were still in possession of Silistria, from which place the Russians had been repulsed with severe loss. Naples had officially declared her neutrality. The detached forts at Hangö had been destroyed by three steam frigates. The Russians lost heavily. The British had only three killed. On the 4th, 10 frigates cannonaded the batteries at Wittsland, and on the 20th approached Ekenas, but they were repulsed. A very hostile feeling is being felt at St. Petersburg against Austria, and it is rumored that the march of the Russians upon the frontier has commenced. 30,000 Turks were in possession of Kojova on the 17th. Odessa, at the last accounts was closely blockaded. One account from Silestria states that the Russians stormed one of its ramparts and announces the complete investment of the place by the Russians. The Greeks had got 150 Turkish soldiers within a church which they closed in upon and burned them up alive. The English and French Ambassador at Berlin and Vienna has notified the Austrian and Prussian governments that English and French troops will occupy Greece in order to preserve the throne of King Otho and the Bavarian dynasty. The same notification has been made to the Bavarian government It is said that in Warsaw prayers are read in all the churches for the success and continuance of the Greek insurrection. In Epirus all the villages which the Hellenes had coerced into insurrection had submitted to Fuad Effendi. Her Britannic Majesty's ambassador at Athens has advised his Majesty, King Otho to call on the assistance of the English and French troops. The King had returned for answer that if the promised any foreign troops were landed in Greece, he would head the insurgents to protect his independence. The King of Naples has published a decree embodying a declaration of neutrality. Spain had issued a decree for a forced loan. The financial embarrassments of the Government are very great. Trade throughout Russia is suffering intensely on account of the unsettled state of affairs.

Letters from St. Petersburg, dated May 20th state with confidence that a note had been received from Austria and Prussia, calling upon the Emperor in energetic language to evacuate the principalities upon the Danube with the shortest possible delay, and in case the same is not attended to, that means will be taken for an active participation in the war against Russia by those powers. But as the case stands at present, there is not the least probability that the Emperor will pay any attention to it.

Letters from Dalmatia May 19th state that three Russian Greek ships had taken refuge in that seaport. Thereupon the Austrian authorities became aware, of the arrival of these ships and their character when orders were given that they be searched and that the arms and munitions they contained be seized. The orders were executed to the letter and the ships are prohibited from leaving the port.

A private letter from Leeds of the 15th mentions a fact which shows that the Greeks had not only violated all international law by the insurrection they excited in the Turkish provinces but they had committed the most odious crimes.

The Arabia arrived the 18th, with three days later news. Corn had receded 2s, and Wheat 6d. Omer Pacha has had a conference with the allied Generals, and had marched 90,000 men for Sillistria. Austria has positively demanded of Russia the evacuation of the Principalities. Letters from Belgrade and Widdin state that Austrian troops descend the Danube every day in the direction of Orsova, on the frontier of Wallachia. A concentration of forces is in operation in Hungary and Transylvania. The Arabia's news are without special interest.

Gen. Sam Houston first entered Congress as a Representative from Tennessee, thirty years ago. He has since been Governor of Tennessee; then a fugitive from her borders: then an Indian chief; then a pioneer of Texas; then leader of her revolution; then President; then out of power and esteemed a dissipated, broken-down demagogue; then President again; a reformed man, and a temperance advocate; then and finally a senator of the United States, which position he has held for the last eight years.

☞ HONDURAS.—The Governor of Honduras has issued a proclamation against the alleged designs of a company of adventurers from the United States, composed of English, Germans and Americans, who intended to plant an American colony upon part of Mosquito territory, which they have seized, under a pretence of a sale from the Mosquito King to John Sebastian Renswick, a merchant of London. Such an attempt, it is alleged, threatens the dignity and rights, as well as the interests, of Honduras, and the Governor appeals to the sense of justice of the United States and all civilized nations against it.

Macaulay has been unanimously elected President of the Edinburgh Philosophical Institution, in place of the late Professor Wilson.

New Books.

THE following are a few of the New Books just received by A. H. DUBOIS & SON:

Satan's License; Mapleton; Dick Wilson; The Unjust Judge; Senator's Son; Life and Sayings of Mrs. Partington, by Shillaber; Carpet Bag of Fun; Autobiography of an Actress, by Mrs. Mowatt; The Lamplighter; Tempest and Sunshine, or Life in Kentucky, by Mrs. M. J. Holmes; Home Life of an Actor, by Yankee Hill; Russia as it is, by Curowski; Lewis or the Bedded Twig, by Cousin Cleo; Isaac T. Hopper, a true life, by L. Maria Child; Queechy, and the Wide Wide World, to vols. each; Mrs. Ben Darby, by A. Maria Collins; Travels in Peru, by Tschudi; Twelve years a slave; The White Slave; White slaves of England by Cobden; Thomas and Downing; Fruit Culturist; Putnam's Entertaining Miscellanies; Life on the Plains and at the Diggings; Life of Mrs. Queen of Secrets; The Old Brewery, or the Mission at the Five Points, in N. Y. June 17

Laws of Ohio.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

AN ACT

Supplementary to an act defining the mode of laying out and establishing State Roads, passed March 14th, 1853.

Sec. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:*

That whenever any part of a State Road, or free turnpike road, within any county of this State, shall become useless, or where a State Road or free turnpike road may remain unopened for two years after the time fixed for the same has been established, the commissioners of such county may, on application of twenty freeholders of the county, appoint three disinterested freeholders to view the same, and report whether such State Road, or free turnpike road is useless, or whether it would be of public advantage to have it opened; and if such freeholders shall report in favor of such vacation, then the county commissioners may order said State Road or free turnpike road to be vacated, and the same proceedings shall be had on such application as are directed by law to be had on application to vacate County Roads.

F. C. LEBLOND,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
ROBT. LEE,
President of the Senate, pro tem.

March 1st, 1854.

AN ACT

To amend an act entitled an act for the incorporation of Town-ships, passed March 14th, 1853.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

That when any township now is, or hereafter shall be without a Board of Trustees from any cause, it shall be the duty of the Justice of the Peace of said township, or some person duly appointed suitable persons, having the qualifications of electors in such township to fill the vacancies that have occurred, and may hereafter occur in the Board of Trustees; and the Justices of the Peace, who may discharge said duty, shall make out a certificate of such appointment, and file it with the Clerk of the proper township, who shall record the same. And the person or persons thus appointed shall take the same oath or affirmation required of like officers chosen at any annual election, and hold their offices until their successors shall be duly elected and qualified.

F. C. LEBLOND,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JA. MYERS,
President of the Senate,

March 6, 1854.

AN ACT

Providing for the election of Coroners and Sheriffs and defining the term of office.

Sec. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Ohio:*

That there shall be elected on the second Tuesday of October, biennially, by the qualified electors in each organized county in this State, a Sheriff and a Coroner for such county, who shall hold their offices for two years from the first Monday of November next succeeding their election, and until their successors shall be elected and qualified.

Sec 2. That the term of office of all Sheriffs and Coroners elected in the several counties of this State on the second Tuesday of October, in the year eighteen hundred and fifty two shall expire on the first Monday of November, in the year eighteen hundred and fifty-five, or at such time thereafter as their respective successors are elected and qualified.

F. C. LEBLOND,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAS. MYERS,
President of the Senate,

March 8, 1854.

AN ACT

Authorising loan auce Companies to increase the number of their directors.

Sec. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:*

That from and after the passage of this act it shall be lawful for any insurance company now incorporated within this State, at the will of the stockholders representing a majority of the stock, to increase the number of the directors, (all of whom shall be stockholders) to any number not exceeding twenty one.

Sec. 2. That the directors of said company shall have power to fix the number of directors composing a quorum or to transacting the business of said company as.

F. C. LE BLOND,
Speaker of the house of Representatives.
JAMES MYERS,
President of the Senate,

March 8, 1854.

AN ACT

To establish alterations in State and County Roads.

Sec. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio.*

That all alterations of State and County Roads now made and established, shall hereafter form a part of such road as if so made at the time road was first between points at which the alteration intersects, shall be and remain vacated

F. C. LEBLOND,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAMES MYERS,
President of the Senate.

March 25, 1853.

AN ACT

Authorizing depositions to be taken in the State of Ohio, to be used in the courts of other States.

Sec. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Ohio:*

That any court to any civil action, cause, or matter, pending in any court, or before any Mayor or any other Judicial officer of a city, or town or corporate, or before any arbitrators, or referees of any other State, district or territory of the United States, may obtain a testimony of any witness residing in this State, to be used in such other State, district, or territory.

Sec. 2. Any officer or commissioner, authorized by any other State, district or territory of the United States, to take depositions in this State, shall have power at the instance of the party wishing to obtain the deposition of any witness, to cause such witness if he reside in the county where such officer or commissioner, process of summons, to appear before him, on reasonable notice, at a certain time and place therein specified.

Sec. 3. The officer or commissioner, before whom such witness shall appear, shall take down his testimony in writing, and shall certify and transmit same to the court or tribunal before which such civil action, cause, or matter is pendi g, in such manner as the practice of the court or tribunal may require.

Sec. 4. If an person shall refuse or neglect to attend at the time and place mentioned in the summons, or to answer any question, and shall not having a reasonable excuse for such refusal or neglect, or if on his attendance, he shall refuse to testify, or answer any question, and the officer or commissioner issuing such summons, is hereby authorised and empowered to compel such person, by attachment, to appear and testify, under such penalties as would be incurred, for a like offence, in the trial of a civil action before a justice of the peace, in this State, provided, that before any person summoned as a witness, shall be compelled to testify, he shall be entitled to demand them, his lawful fees for attendance.

Sec. 5. Any person who shall appear and testify, in manner aforesaid, shall be entitled to receive, from the party at whose instance he shall have been summoned, twenty cents for each day he shall give his attendance, and five cents per mile from his place of residence to and from the place of taking such deposition and any person, summoned as aforesaid, shall appear and not be called on to testify he shall receive for his attendance, the same compensation as he would be entitled to, by this act, for each days attendance.

Sec. 6. That if any person, on his oath or affirmation, duly administered by any officer or commissioner, as hereinbefore mentioned, shall wilfully and corruptly depose, affirm, or declare any matter to be false, knowing the same to be false, or shall, in his manner, deny any matter to be fact, knowing the same to be true, every person so offending shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the penitentiary of Ohio, and kept at hard labor, not more than ten nor less than three years.

Sec. 7. That if any person shall persuade, procure, or suborn any other person to commit wilful and corrupt perjury, in manner aforesaid, every person so offending shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in the Penitentiary of Ohio and kept at hard labor, not more than ten, nor less than three years.

Sec. 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

F. C. LEBLOND,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAS. MYERS,
President of the Senate.

March 25, 1854.

AN ACT

To provide for the distribution of Curwen's Revised Statutes of Ohio.

Sec. 1 *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,*

That the Secretary of State be and he is hereby authorised and direc ed to distribute, in the manner as the general laws are now by law distributed, the three volumes of Curwen's Revised Statutes of Ohi, in the following manner:

One copy to the County Auditor, one copy to the County Treasurer, one copy to the County Recorder, one copy to the Sheriff, one copy to the Prosecuting Attorney, one copy to the Probate Judge, one copy to each Clerk of the Common Pleas, of each county of this State

One copy to each of the Judges of the Supreme Court, and to each Judge of the several Courts of Common Pleas in this State

One copy to each State of this Union, with whom the laws are accustomed to exchange copies of their laws

One copy to each of the State officers at Columbus, and one copy to each of the Benevolent Institutions.

And the remaining copies to be preserved in the State Library for public use The copies herein ordered to be distributed to officers, shall be preserved by them, and delivered by them to their successors in office

F. C. LE BLOND,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAS. MYERS,
President of the Senate.

April 3, 1854.

AN ACT

Supplementary to an act to regulate the election, and of election, and the resignation of Justices of the peace" passed March 11, 1853.

Sec. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,*

That in all cases where the corporate limits of any city or incorporated village, are now, or hereafter may become co-extensive with the limits of any township in which such city or incorporated village is, or shall be situated, and in all cases in which the town-h p has been, or may become merged in any city or incorporated village, the corporal existence of such township, shall nevertheless continue for the purpose of electing therein, justices of the peace for such township.

Sec. 2. In all such cases, justices of the peace to the number now allowed, or which may be hereafter allowed in such town-hip, may be elected by the qualified voters thereof, at the times, and in the manner now or hereafter to be prescribed for the election of justices of the peace in other townships, and that in township wherein the office of township trustees has been abolished, all the rights, powers and duties, in connection with such office, devolving upon township trustees, in other townships, shall be devolved upon, and be performed by the city council of such city, and the trustees of such incorporated villages aforesaid.

F. C. LEBLOND,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
JAS. MYE S,
President of the Senate,

April 1st, 1854.

AN ACT

To amend an act entitled an act to amend an act entitled "an act to provide for the organization of cities and incorporated villages," passed March 11, 1853.

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio,

That the twentieth section of said act, and the same is hereby so amended as to read as follows; Sec. 42. It shall be the duty of the Governor, Auditor, and Secretary of State, or any two of them, at the time of ascertaining the ratio of representation, as required by the eleventh section of the said article of the constitution, also to ascertain what cities of the second class, are entitled to become cities of the first class, and what incorporated villages are entitled to become cities, and their proper class; and the Governor shall cause a statement thereof, to be prepared by the Secretary of State, which statement he shall cause to be published in some newspaper in the city of Columbus, and also in some newspaper printed in each of the cities and incorporated villages, the population of which shall have been so advanced, and a copy of said statement shall also be transmitted by the Secretary of State, to the next session of the General Assembly; Provided, however, that before said city or incorporated village shall be advanced, as herein provided, the trustees thereof, by resolution certified to the Secretary of State, shall accept of such advanced grade and therefrom any such city or incorporated village shall, at the next regular annual period for the election of municipal officers, proceed to organize, according to its new grade, by the election of officers properly belonging thereto, and on their election and qualification, the term of service of every former officer shall expire. And it shall be the duty of the Governor, Auditor and Secretary of State, to declare incorporated villages, cities of the second class, and cities of the second class cities of the first class, between decennial periods; Provided, that the application from any incorporated village or city, be accompanied by a resolution adopted by such village or city council asking to be declared a city of the first or second class as the case may be, shall be accompanied with satisfactory evidence, showing the population of such village or city to be large enough to entitle them to such advancement.

Sec. 2. That section twenty, of the act to which this is amendatory, be and the same is hereby repealed.

F. C. LeBLOND,
Speaker of the House of Representatives
JAMES MYERS,
President of the Senate.

March 25, 1854.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
Richland County, Ohio, June 14, 1854.

I certify that I have read and compared the above with the original copy, and find them correct.

JESSE WILLIAMS, Auditor.

MARRIED—On Monday evening, June 12th, at the residence of her father, by the Rev. Mr. Salmon, Dr. E. D. LOND and Miss LUCY STRONG, all of this place.

Notice.

The citizens of Fairfield are requested to meet at Steam Corners, Tuesday evening the 20th inst., to form a Temperance Club, and to select a delegate to the Columbus Convention to be held on the 28th. Rome Sentinel please copy.

RAILROAD HOUSE,

FAIRFIELD, HURON CO., O.

A. C. ALLEN, Proprietor.

THE above house is new and very pleasantly situated, and the proprietor will prepare no pains to make it all the public can require in such a house. Friends—strangers—all—Give us a call. June 17, 1854-3m

WARREN, O. October 20, 1853.

Mr. JAS. MCGREGOR, Dear Sir:—I am entirely out of Morgan's Worm Killer. It sells rapidly, and is fast driving the thousand-and-one Nostrums completely out of the market. Having tested it most thoroughly I am free to say that there is none now in use, that is preferable if equal to it. You will please send me immediately five dozen of it. My calls for it are daily. Many cases are being reported to me of cures being performed by this medicine, that have been given up by other physicians and three children have been saved by it, in this town within a month. Respectfully, J. HARRINGTON.

For sale in Plymouth, by H. M. WOOSTER.

To The Democrtic Electors of Richland County.

The Democratic voters of Richland county are requested to meet at their usual places of holding elections in the several townships of said county, on Saturday, the 1st day of July, 1854, then and there to ballot for candidates for the party at the ensuing election for the following offices.

One Congressman, one Probate Judge, one Clerk of the Court, one Auditor, one County Serveyor, two Commissioners, one Coroner, one Infirmary Director.

The Boards will be organised in the several townships by the appointment of two Judges and one Clerk, who after being duly sworn by a proper officer, shall receive and keep a poll of the ballots cast for nomination of the several candidates, and at the close of the election, *seal up the poll books*, and appoint two of their number to bring the same to Mansfield, on Monday, the 3rd day of July, who, in conjunction with the Democratic Central Committee, will meet at 1 o'clock, P.M., to open the poll books, count the votes and announce the persons, who, by receiving the greatest number of votes have been designated as candidates for the respective offices, and to transact other necessary business.

The Democratic Electors are also requested at the same time and place to elect by ballot, two Delegates from each township to attend the Congressional Congressional Convention at such time and place as may be agreed upon by the several Central Committees of the different counties for the purpose of nominating a Congressman who will be considered as instructed to carry out the Congressional Convention, the wish of the Democracy of the county expressed by a majority of their ballots at said primary elections.

It is expected that the poll book in all cases will be brought up by the proper officers *sealed*, as at our general elections, to obviate necessity of faithfully counting the polls against illegal voting must be apparent to all, and it is required to be strictly enforced. To entitle a person to vote at the primary elections, he must be a member of the Democratic party—a resident of the township in which he shall vote, and a qualified legal voter.

JOHN Y. GLESSNER, G. A. ALLEN,
D. H. YONG, ISAAC GASS,
JEHU MARKEY,

June 7, 1854. Dem. Central Comm.

Messrs. Editors:—Please announce DARNABAUGHMAN, Esq., as a candidate for Congress, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention of this Congressional District, and oblige MANY DEMOCRATS.

Messrs. Editors:—Please announce GEORGE HACKETT of Bloomingrove tp., as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democracy of Richland Co., and by so doing you will oblige the people.

TRUE DEMOCRACY.

Messrs. Editors:—Please announce the name of JOHN M. SMITH of Jefferson tp., as a candidate for the office of Auditor, subject to the decision of the Democratic Primary Elections, and oblige MANY DEMOCRATS.

Messrs. Editors:—Please announce in your paper the name of JAMES WALSH as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decisions of the Democratic Primary Elections and oblige

MANY DEMOCRATS.

Messrs. Editors:—Please announce the name of ISAAC W. LITLER, Esq., as a Candidate for Probate Judge, subject to the decision of his Democratic friends, at the coming Primary Meetings, and by so doing you will oblige a Reformer on YOUNG AMERICA.

Messrs. Editors:—Please announce the name of JAMES ARNOLD as a candidate for the office of Coroner, subject to the decisions of the Democratic Primary Elections, and oblige the DEMOCRACY.

Messrs Editors—Please announce Gen. WM D. LINDSLEY, as a candidate for re-election to Congress, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention, of this Congressional District and oblige (June 9) MANY DEMOCRATS.

Messrs. Editors—You will please announce the name of ELI WILKESON, as a Candidate for Clerk of the Common Pleas Court, subject to the will of the Democracy of Richland County, at the primary meeting, and much oblige

June 3, 1854. MANY DEMOCRATS.

Messrs. Editors—Announce in your paper that W. S. HIGGINS will be a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas, of Richland County, subject to the decisions of the Democratic Primary Elections, and oblige

may26 MANY DEMOCRATS.

Messrs. Editors—Please announce through your paper that JOHN HUNTER will be a candidate for re-election to the office of Probate Judge of Richland County, subject to the decisions of the Democratic Primary Elections, and oblige HIS DEMOCRATIC FRIENDS.

Messrs. Editors—Announce through your paper that JESSE WILLIAMS will be a candidate for re-election to the office of Auditor of Richland County, subject to the decisions of the Democratic Primary Elections.

MANY DEMOCRATS.

Messrs. Editors:—Please announce in your paper, that JOHN M. ALLEN, Esq., is a candidate for re-election to the office of Auditor of Richland County, subject to the decisions of the Democratic Primary Elections, and oblige THE MASSES.

PLAIN and fancy Cassimeres, cheap for cash dec30 DAY & KIRTLAND.

THE ADVERTISER.

TAXES.

So far as we know, the most exorbitant and oppressive assessor and tax-gatherer, is the large *Rat*. Our comprehensive assessment list—our State, County and Town taxes for all purposes, for satisfying the avaricious cravings of the blood-sucking politician, to the heavenly purpose of feeding and educating the poor—all taxes direct on person and on property, (that is and hat is to be,) and indirect on what we buy of foreign merchandise to eat and wear—all these we would most cheerfully pay, if they only included our *rat tax*. But this comes first and last, winter and summer, day and night—and pay we must. They assess it and take it from the house, from the barn, and from the poultry yard. Have it they will, they take it by stealth and undermine the house for it.

Now what shall be done? Shall this worse than stamp tax be endured? Or shall it be resisted and the 'grey coats' be exterminated? Ordinary diligence (or neglect) will not answer. More energy, if not extraordinary means, is required. Something is needed to urge and stimulate the war. Our suggestion is, that our 'corporation' offer a bounty upon rats, say three cents per head for all that are killed, and their heads (or tails) delivered to some authorised person. Bounties have been paid upon wolves and foxes, whose injuries were not to be compared in value to those of the rat. We knew this plan to work well in a certain county sent, and the "vermint were terribly thinned off." We have no doubt that the 3 cents would be three dimes saved in the article of chickens, to say nothing of other things.

Another suggestion is, that a certain reward be given to the one that captures the most in a certain time. Another is, that the boys get up a trapping match for rats, similar to the hunting matches for squirrels and birds, that sometimes prove hurtful. This plan might work well, joined with one or both of the preceeding.

Had we a Parisian glove-maker in our town, perhaps he would offer a price for rats *pelts* to be manufactured into ladies kid gloves, which would secure the end; but as we have not, we have made the above suggestions, thinking that something might be done by which the tax complained of, may be pretty effectually resisted.

Were property to be made, many would feel interested and perhaps call for a public meeting—here property is to be saved. Who moves?

☞ THE Ladies of Plymouth will prepare a Public Dinner on the approaching Fourth of July, the avails of which will be equally appropriated to benefit the Methodist, Presbyterian and Lutheran Churches in this place. The citizens of Plymouth and vicinity, are respectfully invited to attend, and join in celebrating the Anniversary of our National Independence. An address from a lady may be expected at that time. Further notice of the order of exercises will be given next week. The following ladies compose the Committee of Arrangement:

Mrs. Taylor, *Mrs.* Carley, Mrs. Austin, Mrs. Getting, Mrs. Sherman, *Mrs.* Bodley, Mrs. Croninger, Mrs. Brazies Mrs. Culp, Mrs. C. J. Culp, Mrs. Wooster, Mrs. Beekman, Miss Fenner, Miss Bodine

☞ The Lawyer sellers of Mansfield are having quite a hot time just now. Several of the gentry have been fined and imprisoned, and the effect upon the morals of the place seems to be decidedly good. A meeting was held the 7th inst., composed of the best citizens of the place, at which they pledged themselves to sustain the officers in enforcing the law. Resolutions were also passed commendatory of the Mayor, Probate Judge and Prosecuting Attorney, for the firmness and determination they have displayed in carrying out the provision of the law.

☞ A call for an Anti-Nebraska Convention of the people of Richland, irrespective of Party, to assemble in Mansfield, on the 4th of July, for the purpose of appointing six delegates to the Anti-Nebraska State Convention, at Columbus on the 13th of the same month, is now in circulation and being numerously signed.

☞ A barn belonging to the editor of the Free Press, Milan, was destroyed by fire, on the evening of the 3d inst. The calamity was occasioned by the carelessness or malice of a colored girl residing with the family. She was arrested on suspicion of having intentionally fired the building.

☞ A call appears in the Norwalk Reflector of last week, for a Mass Convention of the people of Huron county, irrespective of party, to be held in Norwalk, on the fourth day of July next, "to declare the sentiments for Freedom, to appoint delegates to the State Convention," etc.

NOTICE.

The citizens of the town of Plymouth are requested to meet at the Hall of the Sons of Temperance, on Thursday evening, June 22d, for the purpose of appointing a Committee of Vigilance and taking other measures to carry out an act of the Legislature, entitled "an act to suppress the sale of intoxicating drinks." A general attendance is requested.

MANY CITIZENS.

Plymouth, June 14, 1851.

Commercial Matters.

Plymouth Market.

PLYMOUTH, June 16.

Wheat—Red 1,75; White 1,90.
Clover Seed—$4,50.
Timothy seed—$1,50 according to quality.
Flax Seed—Good, at $1,12 ℔ bu.
Oats—at 33c.
Corn—In good demand at 50c.
Dried Fruit—Apples, 5 cts.; peaches—pared 6,25, unpared $1,25
Beans—Sales at 75 to $1,12
Butter—Sales at 10 cts. per roll.
Eggs—Readily sold at 7c.
Sole Leather—Sales at 25c.
Flour—$9,50 ℔ bbl., retail.
Fish—$5,00 half bbl, $3 per half.
Tallow—In good demand at 10 to 12c.
Hay—$6 per ton
Pork—Hams 8c, shoulders 6½; sides 4c.
Wool—From 28 to 40c, according to quality.

SANDUSKY MARKET.

Office of the Sandusky Register, June 16.

Wheat—2,00 was paid for white, 1,85 red.

Flour—Produce dealers are offering 8,75 and 9,00 by the drag load for good Ohio brands.

Oats—37c. Corn—sale at 57c.

Lumber—Clear sells at $28 per M, 2d clear $20, and common at $12a18 per M.; shingles at $3;50a4,00 ℔ M for first quality. Lath $2,75 ℔ M.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, June 15.

Flour—Sales at $8,00@8,50 for common to straight State., 8,50a9,00 for mixed fancy Michigan and common to good Ohio.

Grain—Corn 78a80 for unsound, 82 for yellow.

ESTABLISHED IN 1837.

STARK COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THOS. S. SCHOFIELD, President.
THOMAS GOODMAN, Sec'y.

Office of the Company, CANTON, Ohio.

☞ Policies issued on either the Mutual Cash Plan.

Apply to WM. CASE, Agent, Plymouth. 6

DR. H. AUSTIN.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

Plymouth, Ohio.

Office and Residence on Plymouth-st, a few doors south of the Public Square.

I. O. O. F.

Plymouth Lodge, No 93, meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock

C. S. SPENCER, N. G.
G. T. MYERS, Secretary. 3

J. W. BEEKMAN,

Attorney at Law & Solicitor in Chancery

WILL attend to all business entrusted to him, in the Counties of Richland, Huron, Erie, Ashland, Seneca and Crawford.

OFFICE—Over the Book Store of A. C. Dubois & Sons. Plymouth, Oct. 25.

DR. G T MYERS,

Homœopathic Physician

& Surgeon,

Sandusky St.

PLYMOUTH, O.

Office and Residence two doors north of the American House.

DR. JAS. HENDERSON,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Plymouth, O.

Will attend with promptitude, to all professional business entrusted to his care.

Office over Du Bois' Book Store, back of J. W. Beekman's Law Office.

WM. W. DRENNAN,

INSURANCE AGENT

Oct. 25, 1853. Plymouth, O.

HIRAM ROGERS. WELLS ROGERS.

H. & W. ROGERS

Dealers in Provisions, Groceries, Fish,

OYSTERS, &c., &c.

ODD FELLOWS' BLOCK, PLYMOUTH.

Pure Liquors for Medical Purposes.

D. HORNBEEK,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, &c

Will pay cash for Wheat, Wool, Pelts, Seed Clover, Timothy, Flax, Potatoes, Oats, Corn.

Dentistry.

DR. LORD, would respectfully inform inform the inhabitants of Plymouth and the surrounding towns, that he has permanently located himself in this place, where he will attend to all the various branches in the most improved style. He has taken particular pains to inform himself in all the various branches. His work will be done as cheap as can be afforded anywhere. Call and see for yourselves. Work warranted to give satisfaction or no charges made. Office over S. H. Stern's Store, Plymouth, Oct. 25, 1853.

FLOUR.

CULP & CRONINGER, keep constantly on hand, for sale, Flour made at the Plymouth Mill, expressly for family use, and put up in sacks and half-sacks. This Flour is made of the best white wheat, and is considered superior to any ever offered in this market

GENUINE ARTICLE—White & Son's Axe for sale at (dec30) DAY & K ETLAND.

SUGARS—Loaf, crushed and refined, for sale by H. & W. ROGERS.

Water Lime,

FRESH GROUND, for sale by

POWERS & KINNEY.

MONONGAHELA WHISKEY—Five years old. June 16 H. M. WOSTER.

☞ MAKING OF WOMAN'S SPHERE—Ladies how can you so easily elevate yourselves, as by calling at Seely & Case's and getting a pair of Ladies' Gaiters! June 10.

Ashes.

GOOD House Ashes wanted by
April 15 D. HOORNBEEK.

WANTED.

FOR one or two years, $1,500 on reliable security, for which not less than nine per cent interest will be paid semi-annually. Enquire of

MESSER BARKER.

Plymouth, June 10, 1854 3 *

STRAY.

STRAYED from the residence of the subscriber, residing in Richmond township, Huron county, three miles west of New Haven, 1 cow 7 years old, light red color, small white star on her forehead, small white ring on one hip, common sized horns with points sawed off; on the right side of her hog two teats partially grown together. ALSO—1 heifer 2 years old, dark red face, nearly all white, small horns, some white on the belly. MICHAEL SOUDER.

June 10,1852-3t* New Haven.

STEAM SAW MILL.

THE subscribers having purchased the Steam Saw Mill formerly owned by the widow Ogden, in Richmond township, Huron county, 3 miles west of New Haven, have refitted and rebuilt it, and are now fully prepared to do anything in their line, on the shortest notice. Lumber constantly on hand and for sale.

Lumber sawed into any kind of stuff either on shares or by the M., on the most reasonable terms, and much cheaper than can be purchased or sawed in this section of country.

A share of patronage is solicited.

SOUDER & Co.

New Haven, June 10, 1854-3m*

POTTERY.

ROBERT MORFOOT still continues the manufacturing of CROCKS at his old stand west of the Railroad Bridge, opposite the great Depot. His material for making ware is equal, if it does not exceed any other in the state. For earthenware, he will stand a hard fire, sufficient to melt sand and flint which are the component parts of the glazing, making it impervious to water, or to any kind of liquids. All his ware will stand cleansing with boiling water. His customers and the people of the surrounding country will do well to try his improvements, before buying the Zanesville stone ware, at high rates that is scarcely worth carrying home. Plymouth, June 10, 1855-n34

H. M. WOOSTER,

DEALER IN

Drugs, Medicines

CHEMICALS, WHITE LEAD,

Linseed Oil, Zinc Paint, Cigars,

Window Glass etc., etc.

PLYMOUTH, OHIO.

AMERICAN HOUSE

North of Public Square,

PLYMOUTH, OHIO.

G. W. JINKS, Proprietor.

☞ In connection with this house is a fine *LIVERY STABLE*, where horses and carriages can be had at all times.

☞ The above property is offered for sale. The house is now, barn and sheds commodious and in good repair, and will be sold on most favorable terms. It is in a most excellent location and any one desirous of going in to the business will find this an opportunity rarely offered.

FARMERS recollect when you come to town to market your Wool, that Seely & Case can furnish you with everything you want for yourself, and family, at their No. 14 stone Block all the way down to the smallest Infant's shoes. We say recollect this, and don't be drawn on by any of the "sharpers about the town." June10

HOTH! HO!

A GREAT LOT of Hornbeck's New Goods came last Friday, and he has been getting piles of them every day this week, and he is selling so cheap, and giving such liberal prices for produce, that one-half of all creation goes there to buy goods, and if his neighbors don't look out the rest of mankind will be inquiring the road to the FARMERS' STORE, in Plymouth.

Plymouth, June 10.

Unparalleled Bargains

AT THE

Plymouth Book, Stationery, Fancy

VARIETY & WALL & WINDOW

Paper Store.

A. DU BOIS & SON *have just received direct from the East, at their Book Store, on the* SOUTH SIDE OF THE PUBLIC SQUARE *in Plymouth, the largest and best selected stock of Books, Stationery, Wall and Window Paper and Yanker Notions, ever before offered in this market.* They have Books in almost every department of *Literature, Biography, History, Science, &c, comprising the standard old as well as the*

New Publications of the Day.

Blank Books of every description and quality, and of all kinds in general use.

—STATIONERY—

American, English and French Writing Papers, Envelopes, &c, of very fine assortment, and in quality to suit purchasers. *Blank Books*—Ledgers, Day Books, Justices' Books, half and full bound, *Memorandums, Diaries, &c.* Wall

Window & Wall Paper

in immense quantities, comprising the newest and most beautiful patterns *for Parlors, Bedrooms, Bed Rooms, Kitchens, &c*, in quality and at prices to suit the market, and which housekeepers who look over our assortment will have, to say they must be convinced of the superiority *of paper over whitewash* in every respect for walls. TOYS—*In almost endless variety, from the cheapest to the best.* Pocket Books, of all sorts *Fancy articles, suitable for presents to the "big children," whether ladies or gentlemen, all of which they will sell as low if not lower than any other establishment in Northern Ohio.*

New Books & New Goods

constantly being received. We invite all to call and examine our stock, *as we charge nothing for showing goods*, and are always happy to see our friends and customers. ☞ *Cash, Rags, or Produce taken in exchange for Goods.*

☞ *Orders for Books not kept by us promptly attended to, also all orders from Country Merchants and others.* (June 10) A. DU BOIS & SON

Attention Builders and Others.

HAVE on hand and for sale,
100 Boxes superior Window Glass, all sizes.
65 Barrels of pure white lead, dry and ground
2 tons Zinc Paint, Snow-white,
10,000 lights of Window Sash, all sizes,
500 lbs Paris Green, and a large stock of Colors, consisting of
Chrome Green, Chrome Yellow, Imperial Green, American Vermilion, Chinese do.
Ultramarine Blue, Prussian Blue, Red Lead, Litharge, Venitian Red, Spanish Brown, &c.
Also Brushes of every kind, Varnish Brushes, Gold and Silver Leaf, Coach Varnish, Furniture Varnish, Linseed Oil. The attention of Cash Buyers is invited to my stock. All Goods warranted to give satisfaction or no sale.

Plymouth, June 10-n34y H. M. WOOSTER.

PURE CATAWBA WINE of Longworth's Vintage of 1851, on hand and sold by.
June 10. H. M. WOOSTER.

VINEGAR—10 barrels Cider Vinegar, for sale by June 10 H. M. WOOSTER.

LAMPS—A fine assortment of Solar Lamps, suitable for Churches, Parlors and Stores, at June 10 H. M. WOOSTER.

FRENCH GLASS—Large sizes for Picture Frames, sold by H. M. WOOSTER.

LOOKING GLASS PLATE—Various sizes for refilling old frames, sold by
June 10 H. M. WOOSTER.

TRUSSES AND SUPPORTERS—For sale by H. M. WOOSTER.

PURE WINES, Brandies and Liquors of all descriptions, for medical purposes, for sale by June 10 H. M. WOOSTER.

PLYMOUTH, May 13, 1854.

Messrs Editors: Please stop the press to announce" to your many anxious patrons, the fact that SEELY and CASE have just received their extensive and elegant stock of Boots & Shoes direct from the Eastern cities of New York—and such a stock! My stars and g—ters! Gentlemen, I will not tax your patience at this time by undertaking to enumerate or describe one tenth part of what I saw there, but I will say to your subscribers to call and be convinced as I have been. Yours, &c.

TO SHOEMAKERS.—Seely & Case are prepared to furnish you with Sole Leather, Upper Kip, Calf, Morocco, Kid, Lasting and Binding Jeans, Thread, Tacks, Lasts and all other kinds of Shoemakers Kit and Findings, which they are willing to sell at the lowest cash prices to their old customers and all others who use anything in this line. may13

NEW GOODS

JUST RECEIVED AT

POWERS & KINNEY'S

CHEAP CASH STORE.

Corner Sandusky street and the Public Square

THE attention of the public is called to the new stock of

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS

now arriving daily from the Eastern cities, in addition to their large assortment of goods. Their goods have been purchased for CASH and are therefore enabled to sell as cheap, if not cheaper, than any of our neighbors. In their stock will be found every article and all the greatest variety of Ladies' Dress Goods and Trimmings, and a general assortment of Dry Goods and

GROCERIES

AND

HARDWARE,

of all kinds. Also a large and extensive assortment of

HATS, CATS, SHOES, CROCKERY,

and in fact everything that can be found in any store in this country, all of which will be sold at the VERY LOWEST cash price. Those wishing to purchase will find it for their trouble by calling at the "Cheap Cash Store," and examine their stock, where goods will be found cheaper by twenty-five per cent. than those stores that purchase goods on credit. It is unnecessary to explain the reason why we can sell goods so low as we purchase for cash. "A word to the wise is sufficient." may27 POWERS & KINNEY.

Crockery.

I HAVE finished the second story of my store, for Crockery entirely, and keep constantly on hand, a very large stock, and will sell lower than the lowest. Don't forget when you want good and cheap goods in this line, they can be found in the second story of the "Farmer's Store." apr29 D. HOORNBEEK.

NEW GOODS.

JUST received from the Eastern Cities, and manufacturing Villages of New England, at the FARMERS' STORE, on the corner of Main and Plymouth-sts., the largest and most general stock of goods in all the land, which I will sell for cash, produce, or approved credit, not at cost exactly, but at prices that will astonish persons who have been looking around. Don't buy till you give me a call. nov 12-n4 DIRK HOORNBEEK.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS knowing themselves indebted to WEBBER & COLLINS, will save cost and trouble, by calling on J. W. BEEKMAN, Plymouth, immediately, and paying up, as the accounts must all be paid by the 1st day of March next, or otherwise satisfactorily arranged.

JOHN W. BEEKMAN,
11tf Assignee of Webber & Courtright.

Salt! Salt!

1000 BBL. coarse and fine Salt, for sale by POWERS & KINNEY.

GOLD AND SILVER PENS AND PENCILS—An endless variety of styles and prices. apr22 LIGHT & HOFMAN.

Ho! Everybody!

YOU that want to buy Cheap Goods go to D. HOORNBEEK.

On the corner of Main and Plymouth-sts.

New York

Clothing Store.

A. BILLSTEIN,

IS now, this 3d day of June, 1854, receiving a most beautiful and fashionable assortment of SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHING, from the eastern cities. Bilstein in order to keep up his name, and to suit the times, has just received a well RECEIVED GOODS ONCE A WEEK, will take place in August, consisting of PANTS, VESTS, COATS, SHIRTS, COLLARS, Everything in fact that can be hung upon a peg or nailed to a mantel piece. Bilstein will pay particular attention to his article Summer wear called the CERSUCKER COAT, WEIGHING 2 OUNCES without a cake more coming. By the attention of the FARMERS OF RICHLAND, HURON AND CRAWFORD,

On his stock of Clothing for their use. He'll sell you Clothing cheaper than any other house in the TWENTY PER CENT CHEAPER than any other place in this town. Call and see.

War Declared!!

J. & W. LANCE,

BEG leave most respectfully, to inform the public that they have just been supplied with on hand, at their shop in Ripley, Huron County, a large assortment of Boots and Shoes, of the best quality. Also Engines made and repaired, on the shortest possible notice, and warranted to work up to the handle. Don't listen to what others may tell you who are interested to deceive you, but call and examine for yourselves, before purchasing elsewhere.

Ripley, June 2, 1854. 33-6m

Scene at a Tea Party.

WHAT Mr. S., this is very fine Tea, Mrs. W—I was just about mentioning it—altogether ahead of anything I've tasted. I think any tea as good as this is in our house, say Mrs. P., where did you get it Mrs. S? At Culp and Croninger's. Well, if I don't hand over when I get home, and get a pound—what is the price? Mrs. C—50 cts. Only 50 cts! ya me! I've paid 60 for tea not half as good. Exit the whole party, bound for

CULP & CRONINGER'S.

J. MORFOOT,

DEALER IN

Saddles, Harness

SADDLES, HARDWARE, &c.

J. MORFOOT would respectfully inform the citizens of Plymouth, and the surrounding country, that he is now prepared, and shall polish his best endeavors to merit a share, so do all work pertaining to the profession of a

Horse Tailor.

He has recently fitted up the inspection of the public, a large assortment of the most beautiful, and durable fancy

SPANISH SADDLES,

an article to which he would set the special attention of those wishing to purchase. Also,

COMMON SADDLES,

From $5 upward in great variety. His stock of

HARNESS,

is large, and was made by the best workmen in the country, no apprentices being employed.

Repairing done at the shortest notice, and on terms as low as the lowest. Also, a large assortment of

SINGLE HARNESS

splendidly finished, and durable, from ten to eighteen dollars. Give him a call and purchase work made to order. He also located opposite the Mansfield Hotel, where he will find leisure time to attend to any question or customers. Call and see

FIRST ARRIVAL OF THE SEASON

At the Buffalo Store.

WILL call and examine our beautiful assortment of

CHALLI, BAREGE, BAREGE DE LAINES, DE LAINES, SWISS MUSLINS, SILKS, etc.

PITCH, HOLBROOK & DEE.

Plymouth, April 20, 1854.

CANARY BIRDS!

A FEW pairs of Canary Birds for sale. Apply to [illegible] G. A. KNIGHT, New Haven.

Seymour & Bartlett,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

OF EVERY KIND, BOTH

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC,

AND THE BEST IRON, COPPER, AND COOKING AND PARLOR STOVES,

of every description.

CARPENTERS' TOOLS, AND ALL KINDS OF CHANGE TOOLS, &c.

North-West corner of Public Square, PLYMOUTH.

SEYMOUR & BARTLETT would inform the public that they have just received and are daily receiving a large and general assortment of the above specified goods, and are determined not to be out done in variety, quality nor in cheapness, and friends and customers, we would inform you that we have two families to support, and as our profits is small, and we sell at no credit or very short ones, and make quick returns and at a very small profit, we must have large sales or come on the town for support, like all that have gone before us on this unlucky corner. So if you have any compassion on us call and see our stock, and if you see that you can purchase cheaper than us, and for pay cheaper for cash down, from us, than at Sandusky, Mansfield or Norwalk, and save time and expense, and be sure of good goods, we are persuaded that your love of self pride in sustaining your own town will induce you to patronize us. Dont forget to call and see.

We would particularly call the attention of Carpenters and Joiners to inspect our goods.

Plymouth, May 27, 1854.

Fourth Arrival

J. DEVENY, JR'S.

CLOTHING AND SHOE

STORE.

(*Next door to the Exchange Hotel.*)

DEVENY has received the largest stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps ever brought to this town, which he pledges himself to sell

Twenty per cent. Cheaper

than any other establishment in Plymouth. This is no idle boast, but he will satisfy the public that it is correct if they will only call at his store. He would call particular attention to some choice styles of

Cassimeres for Pants,

purchased expressly for this market, acknowledged by all who have seen them to be the nicest checked pattern ever offered for sale here. In Vestings his stock is unapproachable. It comprises everything that is fashionable and durable and now worn. His stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

has been also enormously added to, for the spring and summer trade. In Furnishing Goods he can vain the Jews." Collars, Handkerchiefs, &c., in endless variety. He need not assure the public that his clothing is all made by experienced workmen and out of good materials, for those who have been regular customers at his establishment know it to be true. He always gives a man the worth of his money, and gives him so well that he is willing to come back again. may28

Just Received

at the

Metropolitan Store,

OF

SPENCER & WRIGHT

A SPLEPDID ASSORTMENT OF ALL KINDS OF GOODS, which will make you LAUGH when you come to see the extra quality and very low prices. We are prepared to offer superior inducements to purchasers who want good goods, in the way of low prices. The stock consists in part of Prints, Lawns, Berages De Laines, Summer Goods, Ticks, Stripes, Checks, Bleached, fine and heavy Sheetings.

HATS, CATS and BONNETS—latest styles.

SILKS—Plaid striped and plain silks, Parasols, Gloves, Hosiery. Also, a choice assortment of

GROCERIES

and CROCKERY. In short, almost everything that you want can be found at the Metropolitan Store. We have not time to say more at present, but come and look for yourselves. may27

Great Inducements

AT THE GREAT

EMPORIUM

OF

S. H. STARR,

ON THE NORTH SIDE OF BROADWAY.

Plymouth.

The subscriber has just returned from New York, where he has selected a choice assortment of goods, and is now and will be daily receiving direct from the importers and Manufacturers the largest and selectest stock ever offered in this place, of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, HATS, CATS, BONNETS, &c.

&c., that was ever been brought to this place. Having purchased at greatly reduced prices, he can and will sell

As cheap as any Jew, or Yankee Peddler

or ready pay. His Goods are new of your poor second country and old styles, but are bought for cash and good for nothing in the end, but are of the best quality and latest style, and he will give perfect satisfaction to the purchaser. Persons in want of good will find it to their advantage to examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the Dollar saved is the dollar earned by purchasing at the GREAT EMPORIUM store, correspondent to the Dollar spent in idleness and dissipation, or in unnecessary burgins, and none have been disappointed.

☞ Produce taken at cash prices, short pay is the rule. S. H. STARR

Plymouth, May 12.

NEW GOODS

AT

CULP & CRONINGER'S

HEAD-QUARTERS!

PLYMOUTH, OHIO.

THE subscribers have just returned from the Eastern cities, and are now receiving their

Spring & Summer

GOODS,

Direct from the Importers and Manufacturers, they would call the attention of our customers and others in want of goods to their stock, as it is the largest and best ever brought to this market, consisting of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

Queensware, Hardware, Boots, Shoes and Sole Leather. We purchase mostly of Manufacturers in the New England States, and have a large Jobbing Profit in New York, enabling us to sell at retail near the wholesale prices in New York, and at all events much cheaper than those who rely on credit. To you will call and see, we will convince you that we sell goods cheaper than can be purchased in section of country. We feel confident in offering our goods and our store, proves conclusively that our way of doing business is fully appreciated by this community. Our goods are purchased for cash, let them come, we can accommodate them all.

While Democratic old Richland sends in her dense and solid phalanx of Jeffersonian fellows in the rear carting goods by the load—Ashland, Huron and Seneca Counties, by townships, rush to the scene, but amidst all the confusion, none go away empty or dissatisfied. We have laid in more goods can be bought at the "Head-Quarter Store" for one dollar than any other store in Northern Ohio. may 27.

HOUSE PAINTING.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of this place and the surrounding country, that he is prepared at all times to do all styles of House Painting, either in town or country at short notice. He guarantees his work to be done in good style and in workmanlike manner, and at the cheapest rate. He can be found at D. Brewer's carriage shop.

Plymouth, March 25, 1854.

GENERAL assortment of Saddlery and Hardware, at HOORNBEEK.

New Arrangement!

PITCH, HOLBROOK & DEE,

OF BUFFALO, N. Y.,

Successors to T. W. CROWELL,

PLYMOUTH.

A FIRM opening for the spring trade at the old store, one of the largest and most attractive stocks of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Bonnets, and Ready Made Clothing, &c.

ever offered in this market. As one of the firm as usual, will be in the market nearly all of the season, consequently we think, and with confidence assert, that we can and will offer Goods for *Cash or Produce* at lower prices than any can that are only in the market a small portion of the time. Believing the fairest system of selling goods is to have uniform prices, and less profits than can possibly be afforded where long credits are given. Under the ready pay system the necessity for charging large profits does not exist, and by selling goods at a very small advance above their cost, endeavor to make it the interest of every good to buy on the above terms.

☞ Customers acquainted with Mr. Crowell, will find him as usual, ready to serve them.

Plymouth, March 11, 1854-tf

SHORT PROFITS AND READY PAY.

New Goods, Prices and Arrangements!

DAY & KIRTLAND,

ARE now receiving direct from New York, a splendid assortment of NEW GOODS, consisting in part of Prints, Lawns, Berage de Laines, Black Silks, Black Silk Shawls, White Crape Shawls, Bonnet Silks and Ribbons, Bonnets, Bonnet Ribbons, Flowers, Trimmings, Hosiery, Gloves, Ladies' Cloth Cloaks, Ladies' Fancy Cloaks, Ladies' Fancy Mantles, Ladies' Fancy Hats, Ladies' Fancy Bonnets, Ladies' Fancy Caps, and all colors, Buffalo Cords, Tweeds, Jeans, and a good assortment of summer stuffs.

YANKEE NOTIONS.—A general assortment. GROCERIES—A general assortment. Locks, Door Latches, Door Knobs, Door Plates, Door Bells, Hand saws, Cut and hand saws, Saw Files, Hammers, Hatchets, Axes, Chisels, Augers, Bits, Screws, Screw Drivers, Hand

HUMOROUS.

A Categorical Courtship.

sat one night beside a blue-eyed girl,
The fire was out, and so too, was her mother;
A feeble flame around the lamp did curl,
Making faint shadows, blending in each other;
Twas nearly twelve o'clock, too, in November
She had a shawl on also, I remember.

Well, I had seen her every night
For thirteen days, and had a sneaking notion
To pop the question, thinking all was right,
And once or twice had made awkward motion
To take her hand, and stammered, coughed and stuttered,
But somehow nothing to the point had uttered.

I thought this chance too good now to be lost;
I hitched my chair up pretty close beside her,
Drew a long breath, and then my legs I cross'd,
Bent over, sigh'd, and for five minutes cy'd her,
She looked as if she knew what next was coming,
And with her foot upon the floor was drumming.

I did not know how to begin or where—
I couldn't speak the words were almost choking
I scarce could move—I seemed tied to the ch I—
I hardly b reathed—twas awfully provoking,
The perspiration from each pore was oozing,
Heart, brain and limbs their power seemed losing.

At length I saw a brindle tabby cat
Walk purring up, inviting me to pat her;
An idea came, electric-like at that—
My doubts like summer clouds, began to scat'r,
I seized on tabby through a scratch she gave me,
And said—"Ask Mary, Pussy, if she'll have me"

'Twas done at once—the murder was now out,
The thing was all explained in half a minute;
She blushed, and turning pussy cat about,
Said—"Pussy, tell him yes," her foot was in it.
The cat had thus saved me my category,
And here's the catastrophy of my story.

"There is a great difference between some folks," said Mrs. Partington, sagaciously laying down the remark on the cover of her snuff box, and looking out of the window at the windmill whirling upon the shed, that like had placed there a few days before, at the expense of one of the old lady's curtain sticks and a bran new knitting-needle, "about taking rupturous disorders, because some people are more acceptable than others. It is just so with other things. Some folks can't go where there is any thus fever without taking it; some can. Now I can go anywheres without being libel, because my regularity of living is an anecdote to disease, and I lived once a quarter of a century contagious to a salt marsh and never took the rheumatis, though Mrs. Jeems, that didn't live nigh as near, used to have a romantic affection every time the wind was east." How the garrulous old dame did run on to be sure, all regardless of the fact that like was very "acceptable" to take things, and was at that very moment trying the experiment, performed by the late Capt. C. Columbus, of Genoa, of sitting an egg on end; but with ill success, for he stood, a moment therefore, after, with confusion on his face and the yolk of an egg on his jacket sleeve, with the rebuke of Mrs. Partington ringing in his ear.

A critic, malignant enough to tell the truth, says that the most awkward things in or out of all creation, is a woman trying to run. They can't do it. They are not a running concern except with their tongues. If there are two arrangements in the world that were never made for fleetness on the pedals, they are women and ducks.

BADLY CORNED.—A traveler, fatigued with the monotony of a long ride through a sparsely settled section of the country, rode up to a small lad who was engaged in trimming and dressing out a sickly looking field, and relieved the oppression of his spirits, thus:

'My young friend, it seems to me your corn is rather small.'

'Yes, sir daddy planted the small kind.

'Ah, but it appears to look rather yellow too.'

'Yes, sir, daddy planted the yellow kind.'

'From appearances, my lad, you won't get more than half a crop.'

'Just half, stranger—daddy planted it on halves.'

The horseman proceeded on his way, and has not been known to speak to a boy since. He considers them bores.

An Irish carriage driver made a very happy and characteristic reply the other day. A gentleman had replied to Pat's "Want a carriage, sir?" but saying.—

"No, I am able to walk;" when Pat rejoined:

"May your honor long be able, but seldom willing."

The Plymouth Advertiser

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,

At Plymouth, Ohio.

ROBINSON & LOCKE,

EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS.

TERMS.

ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS PER YEAR

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

One square, 12 lines or less, 3 weeks or less	$1 00	One square 1 year	$ 8 00
Every subsequent insertion	25	1-2 columns, 1 year	12 00
One square 3 months	2 00	1 column, 1 year	20 00
One square 6 months	3 00	1 column, 1 year	30 00

Advertisers should always designate the number of insertions they desire given to their advertisements; otherwise they will be continued until ordered out, and charged by the square.

BOOK AND JOB WORK

OF ALL KINDS,

PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

WASONIC LODGE

THE REGULAR communication of Richland Lodge, is every Monday evening before the full moon at Masonic Hall.

E. B. LORD, J. W., B. F. DAY, S. W.

D. BAUGHMAN, Sec.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

REGULAR Meetings of Plymouth Division, No. 128, Sons of Temperance, are held every Saturday evening.

GEO. CONNELL, W. P.

A. P. McCONAHY, R. S.

Sandusky Advertisements.

To Country Dealers and Pedlers.

E. TOP & CO., JUNR.

JOBBERS, AND GENERAL DEALERS IN

ALL KIN'S OF STAPLE AND FANCY

Dry Goods,

Carpet, Yankee Notions, &c.

COLUMBUS AV., SANDUSKY, O.

HAS such arrangements that he is receiving Goods every week, and keeps constantly on hand Brown and Bleached Muslins, Flannels, Linseys, Tickings, Denims, Merino stripes, blue and brown Drills, Bleached cotton, Colored Cottons, Drills, White Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, Combs, Buttons, Brushes, Hooks and Eyes, Pins, Needles, Sewing Silks, Twist, Suspenders, Cotton & Linen Thread, Tapes, Linen Ht'kfs, Linguam do Turkey red do, whalebones, cable cord, Putties and wool wrappers, drawers, &c together with a full assortment of Pedler's Goods, by the bale, case or dozen, which will be sold as Buffalo prices. Country dealers are solicited to call.

June 10-s34tf

EDENHAM PORTER, ANDREW LITLE

Porter & Lytle,

[LATE S. PORTER AND CO.,]

Wholesale Grocers,

And Commission Merchants,

DEALERS IN

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,

COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS, WATER-ST.

Sandusky, Ohio.

CONSTANTLY on hand very large stocks of the above named articles, to which they invite the attention of Country Dealers. They pledge themselves to sell on as good terms as can be obtained either at Buffalo or Cleveland. Orders promptly filled. June 7-s1tf

J. W. WETHERELL, JOSA. AIKEN.

J. W. Wetherell & Co.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

And Commission Merchants,

Opposite Mad River and Lake Erie R. R. Depot,

SANDUSKY, OHIO.

HAVE removed to their new store directly opposite their old location, where they are now receiving one of the LARGEST and best stocks of GROCERIES ever offered in this City, and they hereby pledge themselves to make it an object for COUNTRY MERCHANTS and DEALERS generally to purchase their Groceries in this market, instead of going to Buffalo, Cleveland, or Cincinnati. None of these places possess advantages which are not now offered here, and they feel ask that buyers will look at their stock and examine their prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Thanking their former customers for their patronage, they confidently expect, under the above conditions not only a continuance of the same, but a large increase in their trade.

June 10-s6tf

Book Binding and Printing.

HAVING purchased the Bindery of Mr. Kles, and connected it with the Mirror Printing Establishment, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BLANK BOOKS for county officers, Railroad companies, banks, commercial and mercantile houses, in the most handsome and substantial styles, and of the best descriptions of paper. All kinds of printing desirable in connection with binding neatly executed. Paper ruled to any pattern to order. Old works re-bound, Magazines &c., bound in any style desired. Office in Derby's Block.

June 19-s34tf J. & F. S. CABLE.

Crockery,

China and Glassware

At Wholesale and Retail.

H. MERRILL, has justopened in WEST'S NEW BLOCK, Nos. 81 & 83 SANDUSKY, O., a very extensive stock of Crockery, China and Glassware, Lamps, Table Cutlery, German Silver, Silver Plated Ware, Japan Tea pans and Ware, Looking Glasses, Looking Glass Plates, &c. To Me chants and Country Dealers he can offer greater inducements than Cleveland, Buffalo or Cincinnati. He would invite them to call. June 10-s34-3m

J. M. Frisbie,

Daguerrean Artist,

Reber's Block, nearly opposite Verandah Hotel, entrances between Poppe and Lytle's stores, Water-st. SANDUSKY, O.

PICTURES taken either single or in groups in the best style of the art, in either clear or cloudy weather, put up in every variety of cases. His rooms are fitted up with both sky and side lights. Strangers visiting Sandusky are invited to call and examine specimens.

June 10-s34-1y

BUSINESS MEN OF PLYMOUTH

CAN be furnished with the following articles of Stationery, delivered free of charge at Plymouth, at the rates attached:

Bible Laid Letter Paper,	$2, to $4 per ream.	
White	2,50 to 4,00	"
Blue and white cap paper,	1,75 to 3,50	"
" " commercial note paper,	1,38 to 2,35	"
Buff Law Foolscap,	2,00 to 3,25 per 1000	
" plain letter "	1,00	"
" adhesive "	2,00 to 2,50	"
" laid adhesive,	2,00 to 2,50	"
White,	2,00 to 3,00	"
Steel Pens	2,00 to 3,00	gross.

Also, a large assortment of Blank Books and Stationary for offices, very low.

Merchants and Grocers can be supplied with any size of Wrapping Paper, from 50 cts. to $1,00 per ream. Country merchants will be given orders. GEO. J. S ANDERSON.

Sandusky, Dec. 10, 1853.—n.

R. J. GIBBS & CO,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, Axles, Springs,

Nuts, Washers, Spikes, &c.

Bethel Store, Water-st. Sandusky, O.

To Ca.y and Country Merchants, Builders, Machinists and Blacksmiths.

SPRING LIST FROM THE WAREHOUSE OF R. J. GIBBS & CO. at wholesale.

Common Bar Iron, all sizes, superior quality; Swedes and English Refined Iron;
Heavy and Light sheathing Iron;
Heavy and Dandy Wagon Tire, cut proper lengths, all sizes small iron to match.
Horse shoe Iron, Scraps and Charcoal Bloom
Plough wings and plough points,
Plough steel 5 by 5 to 16 by 2-16;
Band Iron and Cooper's Hoops, all sizes;
Nuts and Hot Iron and Washers, all sizes;
Russia Nail Rod;
Wrought and cut spikes of all sizes,
Nails—the largest stock in the market;
Eightpenny Fence nails;
Beads, Barred and Finishing nails;
Bolts and Hoops private,
Carriage, Buggy and seat Springs;
Smiths' Bellows at manufacturer's prices;
Cast, spring, German and Blister steels;
Window Glass, the largest stock in Northern Ohio, at manufacturer's card prices.

Our spring stock is 200 Tons Iron; 1000 kegs Nails and 1500 box Glass, which we offer ourselves to sell to the trade or others at manufacturers' card price with transportation. Iron and nails warranted superior quality. mar25-3m

St. Lawrence Hotel,

(LATE EXCHANGE HOTEL)

Water-st., Sandusky, Ohio.

HAS recently been fitted up in the most modern and elegant style, and is now open to the traveling public. No expense has been spared by the proprietor to render it an agreeable and pleasant place of rest, and in every respect a first class Hotel. Accommodations always in waiting at the cars and steamers to convey patrons to and from the House, and all may be assured that the utmost attention to their guests and comfort. W. E. PATTERSON,

apr17 Proprietor.

Sandusky Advertisements.

Hardware! Hardware!

Wholesale & Retail.

W. V. MOSS,

Corner of Water st., and Columbus-st., Sandusky.

THE subscriber has just received his spring and summer supply of goods, and invites the attention of country merchants, Railroad companies and contractors as public works, to his large and well selected stock of **Domestic and Foreign Hardware**, pledging himself at all times to furnish everything as low as any establishment west of Buffalo. His stock consists in part of the following:

Nails, Spikes, Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Axes' Chains, Crow-bars, Shovels, Saws, Joiners, Carpenters, Blacksmiths, Coopers, Shoemakers, Hand Axes, Augers, Hammers, Files, Braces and Bitts, Door Trimmings, Mattocks, Pick Axes, Drills, Cutlery, Butts, Screws, Wrenches, &c., all of which will be sold low for cash or approved credit. April-1tf

SAWS.—Hand Saws; Cross Cut Saws; Pit Saws; Mill Saws; Muley Saws; Circular saws, from 6 to 40 inches diameter.

W. V. MO S, Sandusky.

MOSS, Sandusky, has 30 dozen axes of various patterns, for sale cheap. april-1tf

75 DOZ. Axes' Shovels. and 25 doz. Ferland's for sale at very low prices.

april-1tf W. V. MOSS.

LEATHER BELTING.—2,000 feet Belting of on hand, from 2 to 12 inches wide, for sale at manufacturer's prices. W. V. MOSS.

WHEELBARROWS—300 Railroad Wheelbarrows on hand, and for sale. Railroad Contractors are invited to call.

april-1tf *W. V. MOSS.*

COIL CHAINS.—All sizes from 3-16 to 2 inch, for sale cheap. W. V. MOSS.

LARGE lot of Steel Springs on hand, and for sale cheap.

april-1tf W. V. MOSS, Sandusky.

NUTS AND WASHERS.—A large supply on hand, and for sale cheap.

april-1tf W. V. MOSS, Sandusky.

JUST RECEIVED—300 Kegs Nails, and 150 kegs wrought spikes, for sale at Cleveland and Pittsburgh prices.

april W. V. MOSS, Sandusky.

CARPENTER TOOLS of Sheffield Manufacture; the best in market, and for sale cheap. W. V. MOSS, Sandusky.

BLACKSMITH TOOLS, Anvils, Vices, and Bellows, a fine assortment, for sale cheap.

april-1tf W V MOSS Sandusky.

HARDWARE OF ALL KINDS.

UHL & DARLING,

Register Building, (Camp's Block) Sandusky, O

WOULD invite the attention of those in want of any article in the Hardware line to their assorted stock of heavy and shelf Hardware, Cutlery, Mechanic's Tools, &c., which is in part as stated below:

Anvils, Vices, Axes, Hatchets, Pocket-knives
Crow Bars, Chains, Knives and Forks,
Hames, Shovels, Razors, Files,
Mortising Chisels, Shears and Scissors,
Hammers, mason's and Braces and Bitts,
sledge, Nail Hammers, Sules,
Cut, wrought and flooring Drawing-knives, Saws,
Spokes, Squares, Iron, Plane,
Glass, Spike Malls, Cooper & Joiner tools,
Smith's Bellows; Hinges Spoons, Japan Ware,
Stock and Dies, Tinners' Trimmings Goods,
Cast Steel, Curry combs, Razor-strops, Screws,
Locks and Latches, Screws, Steel yards,
Tacks, Brads, Files &c.

Including Reel's Galvanic Chain, Pine, Poplar and Zinc Tubing, Wood and Iron Curbs.

Sandusky, Jan. 31, 1854. 17tf

GALE & GIBBS,

Water street, Sandusky, Ohio.

DEALERS IN

Stoves, Agricultural Implements, etc.

NOW receiving and for sale, the usual assortment, consisting in part of Starbuck and Eagle Plows, the best in use, the draft being one third less than any other, Hatch and Ohio Shovels, Cutters ten to thirty dollars, Screw, Hay and Straw Cutters, Grain Fans, Harrows, iron 1 to 3 tooth, Grain Cradles, Daisy Furnace Kettle, Cauldron, Brass and Copper Kettles, Thermometers, Churns and every implement the farmer uses.

Also, would particularly attention to their new styles of BATHS, consisting of Shower, Hot Pits and Long Bathing from 5 to 7 feet, Sitting, Foot, Vapor and Hot and Pitters of all sizes, Refrigerators and Meat Safes of the best kind, Stoves for Parlors, Dining Rooms, Hotels and Cold Grates, Troy and Albany Cook and Parlor Stoves in great variety, Tin Ware, etc. The attention of farmers invited. April 1-6m

Cleveland Advertisements.

At Wholesale.

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING.

81 *Superior st., Cleveland, O.*

THE undersigned are now receiving one of the most entire stocks of

DRY GOODS,

ever brought to this market. Also have in store a complete assortment of

Ready Made Clothing, Shirts, &c.

of their own manufacture. All of which is offered to wholesale buyers, at the MOST SALEABLE CITY. In addition to the above, will be found an extensive stock of CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS. Also Machine Cards, Cotton Warps, and a great variety of Manufacturer's Goods, which we receive direct from the Factories on commission, and will be warranted of best quality. Our stock is new and complete in every department, and is well worth an examination from merchants visiting this market.

apr15-3m ROUSE, POST & CO., 81 Superior-st

AT WHOLESALE.

Straw and Mill Mackinaw Goods,

Hats and Caps,

Umbrellas,

Parasols,

Satchels,

Carpet Bags.

A. FULLER & CO.,

Nos. 99, and 97 Superior-st., Cleveland.

Have now a complete stock of spring and summer goods to which they invite the attention of the trade. apr18-3m

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING.

Unequalled inducements.

GEO. A. DAVIS, having remodeled and greatly enlarged his long-established, well and favorably known Clothing Warehouse, rendering it now unequalled and equal to his large and increased trade; and possessing unsurpassed facilities, both in the importation and manufacture of his goods—would beg leave to call the attention of purchasers to his goods—and would also call the attention of purchasers to his complete, extensive and varied assortment of **Ready-Made Clothing**, for the spring and summer season, consisting of every quality, grade, style, and price, and suitable alike to the wants, wishes, and means of every class in the community. Manufacturing all his clothing in this city, under the supervision of careful and experienced cutters, his goods will be found to be infinitely superior in *MAKE, STYLE and DURABILITY*, to at least two-thirds of the ready-made clothing offered for sale. In his *CUSTOM DEPARTMENT* will be found a select and beautiful assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, which will be made to order in the latest and most approved styles, at the shortest possible notice, under the supervision of a cutter inferior to none in his profession, and will be sent, if desired, to any part of the country. The *WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT* will offer inducements which no Merchant who desires to enhance his own interest, can fail to perceive. He pays special and particular attention to this branch—his second and third floors have been devoted exclusively to this Department, and will be found complete, both in amount and variety, as any ever offered to Western Merchants. An examination of our goods is respectfully solicited, and will always be cheerfully shown. GEO. A. DAVIS.

apr15-3m Franklin Buildings, Cleveland, O.

Cleveland Advertisements.

NEW FIRM.

New Watch & Jewelry Establishment.

Alison & Co.,

47 Superior-st., under the Weddel House.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

WE have just opened a very extensive stock of Goods, selected with great care especially for this market, from the principal Jobbing Houses of the Atlantic cities, and are prepared to sell every article embraced in the various departments, on terms the most satisfactory. Our large assortment of

WATCHES,

is especially deserving the attention of those in want of superior Watches, and we feel ASSURED that for purpose where perfect time is required. We have no fear of being able to obtain a supply of Watches, which are as near perfection as any ever offered for sale in this country. We have Watches from the following distinguished makers—

*Jules Jurgensen, T. F. Cooper, H. F. Cowdery John Johnson, Boschdorfer, Dent, Frodsham, H. L. Mattle, Johnson, Perregaux, Jos. Brindle, M. I. Tobias, Lewis Samuel, Adams & Sons, David Thomas, Thos. Howard Lever, Anchor, Lepine, Chronometer and Duplex movements. Case, Hunting Case, Double Bottom and Magnetic, put up plain, chased, engine turned, and engraved in Silver and Gold Cases. Railroad men will do well to call and examine the assortment. All of our Watches are adjusted and warranted to run well. The assortment of

RICH JEWELRY,

is from the most celebrated Manufacturers in the United States, England, France and Germany, in part of Solid Gold Chains, Gold Guards, Gold Chains, Seals, Brooches, Gold Fob Chains, Rings, Ear Rings and Pins, in sets, Gold Bracelets, Pins, &c., and every article of Rich Ornamental Work. Also, a heavy stock of

Diamonds in Pins, Rings and Setts,

for display and sale, in the very latest and most approved patterns of Silver spoons, Butter Knives, silver cups, silver Goblets, Pitchers, Castors, silver Tobacco Boxes, silver card cases, Sugars, Mustards, Cake Knives, all of which are warranted as pure as coin. To this is added a most assortment of **Silver Plated Ware** consisting of

Rich Gold Goblets, Urns, Castors, Tea and Coffee Setts, Candlesticks, Forks, &c.

And all is warranted to be the very most durable ware. Particular attention is invited to our large and extensive stock of

Gold, Silver and Fine Steel Spectacles,

of the celebrated manufacture of **M. Solomon** unrivaled as to lightness, ease, and fitting in any article ever offered to the public. The kinds of glasses in stock, in addition to the celebrated Solomon, are the PEBBLES, noted alike for their purity and extreme hardness. The pair of

Table and Pocket Cutlery,

is unsurpassed either in elegant or quality, by any in the country. Also, a large assortment of Plated and Bronze statuette Pitchers, Vases, Card Baskets, Toilet Bottles, Cut Glass, Decanters, Cut Glass, Tea Sets, Celery Glasses, Fancy Work Boxes and Writing Desks, Opera Glasses, Lights together with a great variety of other rich Goods suitable for Presents.

We have always a separate apartment for the sale of

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,

and we invite the attention of buyers to our stock of Tea Trays, Tea Urns, Tea Pots, Coffee Pots, Candlesticks Spoons of all kinds Hand Lamps, Butter Coolers, Knives and Forks, Knives of all kinds, Razors and strops, stands for fire sets Feather Dusters Cut Vases, Bronze Door Mats fire Screens, Parlor and Table Furniture in sets, hunting spoons and forks, sadiron stands Cook's Knives Steering Knives &c.

WATCH REPAIRING, JOBBING and Engraving done in the best manner by an experienced workman. Our stock of Clocks, Watches Jewelry Fancy Goods and Housekeeping articles will at all times be found complete, and offered at low prices and we believe it will be for the interest of all to want of anything in our line, to give us a call. ALISON & CO.

47 Superior street, Cleveland O.

WOOL HOUSE.

CLEVELAND

Wool Warehouse.

WE beg leave to call your attention to the Cleveland Wool Depot 41 Bank st., where we are constantly receiving, grade and sell wool on favorable terms. We flatter ourselves that we have established a reputation for our house, as a safe and reliable house as will insure success and give entire satisfaction to consignors, and we respectfully solicit your patronage, and shall endeavor to merit a continuance of the favorable patronage we have received, regarded as the most favorable point in the West for conducting an enterprise of this kind, being situated, as it is, in the centre of the wool producing states, and having great facilities of communication, which render it easily accessible to the buyer and seller. We believe this it is generally conceded by those best acquainted with the wants of the trade, that the interest of those who are the consumer, and certainly no system can be better calculated to subserve the interest of the consumer than that of the manufacturer than grading them her and having them ready for sale, and in the hands of those who will then become better acquainted with the condition of the wool than any other class of buyer enabled to appreciate its superior quality.

Wool is now selling, and in a great measure, the necessary advances to manufacturers employing agents to canvass the country which will be paid back to them upon the usual commissions and expenses incurred here, the balance of which might accrue to the grower, and the balance of the proceeds of sales will then be the usual method of obtaining his supply. He can have select the manufacturer he desires to patronize at the expense and trouble of buying and selling such as he does not want, and at the same time realize the highest and fully Promptly some 10 per cent. of the wools of this vicinity will be manufactured, and the balance consigned to a higher price than any other wools of the same quality. We are now making arrangements to keep duplicate samples of our wool, which will be found very convenient to buyers, thus giving consignors the advantage of the market East and West.

We have an extensive acquaintance with manufacturers, and have recently visited and conversed with most of the large mills of all of whom fully concur in the opinion that the wool we have adopted is the best method for the wool to be grown, and will continue the ensuing summer. They invariably express a desire to have the grower adopt the system, and think that by the establishing of Depots, and dispensing with the services of middlemen, a great saving will be effected, and that the wool grower and manufacturer be benefited. We propose to grade the fleece, into No. 1, No. 2, and Fine No. 5 being rejected. DeLaine Wool may be taken out by any of those who desire it, and we have as fine fine wool we may class as XX and X. The wool will be thrown or graded by those having experience as assorters. Any lots of wool sent to us will be kept and sold separately from other lots, if desired.

Wool forwarded to us to sell should be directed "CLEVELAND WOOL DEPOT," with an invoice of number and weight of each package containing an unwashed wool, if any. Sacks marked and numbered will be sent on receipt of the number wool to us, thus saving the expense of making or buying. Those sending wool to us will find it advantageous to make the grower mark, or by putting their name thereon. Liberal advances made on wool.

GOODALE & CO.

Cleveland, O., March 22, 1854. 27-3m

ALCOTT & HORTON.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

DRY GOODS AT WHOLESALE.

For Spring Trade.

THE subscribers would respectfully inform the merchants of Richland, Huron and Lorain counties, that they have now in store, and are daily receiving, a good stock of **Staple and Fancy Goods**, which they will be prepared to offer to the trade on as good terms as can be found in any market. We enumerate below a few of the goods comprising our stock—

300 bolts bn Sheetings, all grades; some very heavy.
200 do Battings, all qualities.
100 do Cotton Batts.
50 do Shirting stripes assorted.
100 do Wicking.
50 do Ticking, assorted.
10 do Red Flannels. twilled.
10 do do do plain.
20 cases Canton Flannels, all kinds, very cheap.
100 do Prints, well assorted, comprising all standard makes.
10 do Kentucky Jeans and Tweeds, direct from manufacturers.
10 do De Laines, spring styles.
2 do Coburg cloths; fashionable colors.
2 do Fancy Cassimeres.
5 do Black Doe-skin Cassimeres.
40 do Bleached Goods.
50 pcs. Bit and cold Broad Cloths.
100 do Vestings, all colors.

Black silks, a good assortment.
Florence silks, all colors.
Mohair Goods and Dress Trimmings of all kinds, and in

YANKEE NOTIONS

Of all kinds, (too numerous to be named) and

Fine and Common Jewelry,

We defy competition, as particular attention is given to this branch of our business. Country merchants will find it to be their interest to examine our stock, and we feel confident that we can offer them inducements to purchase, which they will not find elsewhere. The wholesale trade has probably doubled in our city in the last 12 months. We should be happy to see our friends from the country, and we feel confident that all the old in our power to make their acquaintance will be amply repaid for their trouble. And we will guarantee no merchant who makes the experiment will regret it, but be all the more anxious during the time, and trade largely with Cleveland merchants. Put down on your memorandum, and find out for yourselves.

ALCOTT & HORTON, 57 Superior-st.,

EXCLUSIVE JOBBERS.

N B. Merchant Tailors will do well to examine our large stock of cloths.

Cleveland, O., April 1, 1854. apr18 2m

Cleveland Advertisement.

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.

AT WHOLESALE.

No. 43 *Bank street, Cleveland, Ohio.*

WE would respectfully call the attention of the merchants of Richland, Huron and Crawford Counties, to our large stock of

CROCKERY & GLASS WARE,

which we offer exclusively at wholesale. Any order with this notice will receive prompt attention. Merchants and Dealers will please give us a call when they come to Cleveland. We will make it to their interest.

J. FOGG & CO., Importers of Queensware.

apr18tf

Jewett, Proctor, & Worthington,

Publishers,

BOOKSELLERS, AND STATIONERS,

162 Superior Street, Cleveland, O.

Keep constantly on hand, one of the largest and best assorted stocks of

SCHOOL, THEOLOGICAL, MISCELLANEOUS, AND BLANK BOOKS,

AND STATIONERY,

to be found in the West, which will be sold Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest prices. Particular attention paid to filling wholesale orders.

All new Books received as soon as published.

Jewett, Proctor & Worthington's Cash and Stationery Warehouse

Superior-st., Cleveland, Ohio.

DIRECTORS.

Hon. J. R. Giddings, M. D. Pres't C. G. Finney,
Hon. H. Greenwood, Prof. Leon Andrews,
Hon. Reuben Hitchcock, Prof. Samuel St. John,
Hon. H. B. Chatt, Prof. P. R. Spencer,
Hon. N. S. Townshend, E. F. Gaylord,
W. F. Otis, Cyrus Prentiss,
W. J. Gordon, Henry Wick.

PRINCIPALS.

H. B. BRYANT, JAS. WASHINGTON LUSK,
H. DWIGHT STRATTON.

FACULTY.

H B Bryant, Professor of the Science of Accounts.
H Dwight Stratton, Associate Professor in the several Departments.
J Washington Lusk and P R Spencer, Professors of the Penmanship system of Commanship and Commercial Correspondence.
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TERMS.

For full course in Double Entry Book keeping $40,00
For full course in Ladies' Department, 20,00
For separate course of Instruction in Spencerian Penmanship, 5,00
For various styles in Ornamental Penmanship, as agreed upon.

The Principals of this Institution claim making it one of the best models in the United States for imparting a thorough and practical knowledge of the active duties of Merchants, Farmers, and business generally in general. Book keeping in all its departments, as used by the Merchants, Farmers, and Mechanics, will be taught in a thorough and successful manner.

This department is under the personal superintendence of one of the best Accountants in the United States. No Mercantile College in the West possesses superior, if equal advantages for imparting a practical knowledge of Commercial Science.

Commercial Geography is an important and interesting branch, which has never until the present time been connected with Mercantile schools.

The Spencerian system of Penmanship in all its degrees will be taught by its author. P R Spencer and J W Lusk. No institution in America offers superior facilities to those desiring a thorough and business penmanship.

The Law Department is entirely separate from the Commercial department, and is under the charge of an eminent stylist. Business men can be supplied with the most reliable Accountants, by application to the College The principals of this Institution can render efficient aid to those desiring to secure good situations.

Send for a Circular by mail, apr18-1y

Mercantile College.

CLEVELAND,

E. G. FOLSOM, PRINCIPAL.

Incorporated May 9, 1851.

FACULTY.

E G Folsom, A B, Principal, Teacher of Practical and Ornamental Penmanship.

P R Goodenough, Superintendent, Prof of the Theory and Practice of Book keeping, and Lecturer on Mercantile Correspondence, Commercial Laws of Trade, Accounts, Gray and Hollister, Assistants in Book keeping Department.

Geo Willey, Thos H Hay, and D B Palmer of the Cleveland Bar, Lecturers on Mercantile Law.

Rev. E M Nevin and J C Vaughan, Esq, Lecturer on Moral Philosophy.

R F Hunston Lecturer on the History of Commerce and the Art of Computation.

TERMS.

For the Mercantile Course, time unlimited, $40 00
The same course for Ladies, 25 00
Twenty lessons in practical Penmanship, simply 5 00
For full course in Phonetic Shorthand, 10 00

The Principal of this Institution, guided by the wants and experiences of the mercantile community, has recently secured some of the ablest men in the state of Penmanship and Lecturers in the various departments of the College.

The Professor of Book Keeping and Accounts, has had an experience of eight or ten years in Commercial Affairs, alternating his time, partly as Teacher, in the Mercantile College at Cincinnati, Pittsburgh and Cleveland and partly as an actual book keeper in the best business houses in the country. These combinations, are, he presumes, unsurpassed in our mercantile schools. He will assist his college to impart a practical knowledge of the rest minutia of Practical and Theoretical Book keeping, than can be had in any other mercantile institution in the United States.

For further particulars see Circulars just issued, on the regular catalogues. Send for a Circular.

A. M. BEEBE,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

FANCY DRY GOODS,

AND YANKEE NOTIONS.

No. 37 Bank street, Cleveland Ohio.

N. Y. & BOSTON BILLS DUPLICATED.

apr18-tf

Bishop, Remington & Co.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

WINES AND LIQUORS

No. 13 Merwin-st., Cleveland, Ohio, and No. 68 Superior-st., New York.

WE are now receiving a new spring stock of Wines and Liquors, of their own importation, to which they would invite the attention of Dealers. They pledge themselves to sell on as liberal terms as can be offered elsewhere. Orders respectfully solicited. apr11-6m

STOVES, STOVES.

POWERS & KINNEY,

HAVE received their fall and winter stock of Cooking and Parlor Stoves, for

WOOD OR COAL,

of every variety and size, which they offer for sale at

The Lowest Kind of Prices.

Also, a large assortment of TIN WARE, which will be sold cheap. Call and see. n3

Pittsburgh Advts.

M'GILLS & ROE,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

Commission Merchants,

sept23 No. 257 Liberty-st., Pittsburgh.

JOHN HAFT, JR.,

(Successor to James Winsley,)

Wholesale and Retail Druggist

And Dealer in Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, &c. 118 Wood st., one door below Fifth, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sole Proprietor of the celebrated Wine Killer and Cough Syrup, and agent for Dr. Ford's Medicines. oct25-3y

RUSSELL & BRO.,

BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS,

AND PUBLISHERS OF

I. O. O. F. TOKEN,

No. 15. *Fifth street, Pittsburgh, Pa.*

COMPLETE stock of Masonic and Odd-Fellow Works, always on hand. Also, all the various works relating to the following subjects:

Phrenology, Physiology, Psychology, Hydropathy, Phonography, etc. Books sent by mail to any part of the Union. aprl15

Pavinnes's Daguerrean Rooms,

Post Office Building, Third floor below Ball Room Station, Federal Street, Allegheny. Minutes visiting the Establishment either singly or in groups, of all sizes. oct15,1y

St. Clair Hotel.

Corner of Penn and St. Clair-sts., Pittsburgh, Pa. This is a first class House, convenient to the Railroad Depots; the rooms are large and newly furnished, and charges moderate. Travelers will find this one of the most comfortable Hotels in Pittsburgh. oct15 1y

Red Lion Hotel.

St. Clair street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Boarding One Dollar per day. oct15,1y W. SEAVER, Proprietor.

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Opposite the Ohio and Penna. Railroad Station, Federal street, Allegheny City, Pa. Board one Dollar per day

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Surveyors' Compasses, and all instruments used by Engineers and surveyors. Also, a good supply of Drafting Instruments, Watches, Jewelry, &c., always on hand.

Repairing done on short notice. 13-1y

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BOERHAVE'S

Electro Chemical Aroma.

GENUINE HOLLAND BITTERS,

From LOUIS A. FRISBIE, Chemist and Pharmacist, of Amsterdam, the only Manufacturer.

A PURELY VEGETABLE COMPOUND, prepared on a principle of SCIENCE, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor, Boerhave. Because of its great success in most of the European States, it is presented to the United States and is intended more especially for those of our Patrons and acquaintances who have spent their prime in the mighty country. Meeting with great success among them, I now offer it to the American public, knowing that its truly medicinal virtues must be acknowledged.

Benefits of the Holland Bitters are well known, for many diseases arising from disorders of the stomach, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Headache, Loss of Appetite, Nervous Debility, Constipation of the Bowels Cramps, Chills, Cholera Morbus, &c.

It is particularly recommended to those persons whose occupations may have been inspired by the continuance of ardent spirits, or other forms of dissipation. Gentlemen's instantaneous effect, is found to be very decisive on the seat of life, thrilling and quickening every nerve, raising up the drooping spirits, and in fact infusing new life and vigor into the system.

None genuine without my Signature.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 24, 1853.

Mr. Benj. Page, Jr.; Dear Sir—My sincere thanks are due the friend who advised me to use your Bitters. Having so long for some time with headache, loss of appetite, nervous depression, and a general disorder of the system, I now feel, after using but one bottle, considerably refreshed. NICOLOS SCHOETER.

Sold by the proprietor,

Drug and Chemical House, cor. Third and Smithfieldsts opposite Wylie-st., Pittsburgh, Pa. oct15 1y

PRIVATE DISEASES.—Dr Brown, No. 41 Diamond Alley, devotes his whole attention to an office practice His business is mostly confined to Private Diseases, and those such painful affections, brought on by imprudence, youthful indiscretion, or excess. Syphilitic Eruptions, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Urethral Discharges, Impurity of the Blood, with all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, Skin Diseases, Scorbutic Eruptions; Tetter, Ringworm, Mercurial Diseases, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Nervous Debility, Loss of Manhood, Weakness, Monthly Suppressions, Diseases of the Joints, Fistula in Ano, Nervous Affections, Pains in the Back and Loins, Irritation of the Bladder and Kidneys, successfully treated. Cure guaranteed.

Sixteen years' practice (six in Pittsburgh)